



THE TIMES Tomorrow

Night must fall... and what goes on when it does? Tomorrow, Modern Times talks, bleary-eyed, to the people who come alive as the rest of the nation goes to sleep.

On the books page: Bryan Appleyard reviews Buckminster Fuller's recipe for world salvation, Richard Holmes finds a new conservative streak in Tom Wolfe and Mary Cosh reports on a "stunning" recreation of the last days of Oscar Wilde.

Strike ends as BSC retreat

Striking steel workers in South Yorkshire were told to go back to work by the Iron and Steel Trades Confederation after the British Steel Corporation backed down on the imposition of redundancies and new shift arrangements.

US owns 50pc of Sotheby's

Sotheby's, the London-based fine art auctioneers at the centre of a \$60m takeover battle, is now believed to be more than 50 per cent owned by American interests.

Reagan appeal

President Reagan asked Morocco to mediate between the PLO and Jordan after they failed to agree to a common approach to Middle East peace, senior Arab diplomats said in Rabat.

Phone box loss

Nearly 17,000 of Britain's 77,000 public telephone boxes will disappear if British Telecom is sold to private investors, Mr Alan Tuffin, general secretary of the Union of Communication Workers, claimed.

Back to Siberia

Six Pentecostals left the American embassy in Moscow, where they have been for nearly five years, to return to Siberia in the hope that the Soviet authorities will let them emigrate.

Gold fraud trial

A key figure allegedly involved in a £2m VAT gold fraud used a false name and "totally vanished", a court was told.

Walesa meeting

Mr Lech Walesa, who held a three-day conference with underground Solidarity leaders to "coordinate the position" of the banned Polish free trade union, according to a communiqué read by his wife.

Banker's call

Agencies like the International Monetary Fund and World Bank should play a bigger role in channelling international capital flows, Sir Jeremy Morse, chairman of Lloyds Bank, said.

Flood alerts

Shipping on the Rhine and Mosel rivers was halted and disaster alerts were declared in the cities of Bonn, Cologne and Trier as flooding spread through south-western Germany.

Rare Master

Severiano Ballesteros adopted a rare conservative approach in winning the Masters golf tournament for the second time at Augusta, Georgia.

Leader page, 11 Letters: On post-coital pill, from Professor Glanville Williams, QC; Cambodian refugees, from Mr M Barber and others; Third World aid, from Mr H Murray.

Leading articles: Gibraltar, Controller and Auditor General; European security policy; Features, pages 8-10; Bernard Levin asks how many women should be in the mother of parliaments; More blood on the black spots in South Africa; What the Ghandi Oscars mean to the British film industry; Spectrum: British arts bite the Big Apple; Wednesday Page: Depo-Provera - a drug on trial.

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Interest rate set to reach 10pc this week

Expectations of lower interest rates, lower inflation are pushing rates down. Higher productivity and moderate pay increases, rather than a lower pound, are the only lasting answer to Britain's industrial problems, Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Chancellor, told Westminster Chamber of Commerce. United States money supply growth and inflation are likely to be less than expected with bank base rates being cut by a half over the next few months, according to point to 10 per cent. Firmer sterling and Volcker, US Federal Reserve chairman.

By Peter Wilson-Smith and Frances Williams

Bank base rates are virtually certain to fall this week from 10 1/2 to 10 per cent after yesterday's performance in the markets. Share prices hit new records and sterling rose strongly against leading currencies.

The City is convinced that the clearing banks will cut base rates by the end of the week, despite tough action taken by the Bank of England to prevent rates falling too far too fast.

The FT Index of 30 leading shares closed at a record 687.7 yesterday - up 3.8 points on the day. The market has been racing ahead because of the prospect of lower interest rates. At one stage it was up 6.6 points but a big £77.2m share issue from GKN, one of the country's leading engineering companies, took some of the steam out of the rise.

The pound has staged a dramatic recovery as fears of an oil price war have receded. It is in demand again yesterday, adding to the big gains of the previous day. Hopes of an early election leading to a Conservative victory have also helped and the pound closed up 1.45 cents.

against the dollar at \$1.5415, the highest closing level for nearly two months. The pound's value against a basket of currencies was also up 0.4 at 82.0 yesterday, the best since January 21.

The Bank of England has been working hard to keep rates up and has been worried that a hasty cut in base rates could undermine sterling's new-found strength. But there were signs yesterday that the Bank's line may be softening.

It gave no sign that it was ready to endorse lower rates yet but was more generous than in previous days in relieving cash shortages in the money markets, which suggests it may be preparing to allow rates to fall.

A cut in base rates would help to head off the danger of a rise in the mortgage rate which some building societies believe is necessary with bank rates at their present level.

However, once base rates fall by half a percentage point from existing levels of 10 1/2 per cent, the authorities are likely to be reluctant to see any further falls for a while.

It is thought that monetary policy could be thrown off course if interest rates fall rapidly and there is also concern that sterling could come under pressure again in the future despite its recent firmness.

One factor which could upset sterling is rising American interest rates. Mr Paul Volcker, chairman of the US Federal Reserve, the country's central bank, warned Congress yesterday that interest rates were too high to sustain a long-term recovery.

In London, Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Chancellor, hammered home to a gathering of businessmen his message that the easy option of a depreciating currency was not the route to lasting improvements in industrial competitiveness.

He said faster economic growth and higher living standards depended on improving competitiveness through lower pay deals, productivity gains, or better product quality and performance, which did not raise the cost of imports or inflation.

Business News, page 13

Cousin of Aitken is TV-am chief

By Kenneth Gosling

Mr Jonathan Aitken, MP, who replaced Mr Peter Jay as chief executive of TV-am, the breakfast television station, a month ago this week, hands over the post to his cousin, Mr Timothy Aitken, from tomorrow.

The appointment will last, according to TV-am, for at least a year, as will the appointment of Mr Roger Frye to the new post of financial director. Both have been approved by the Independent Broadcasting Authority. During their tenure of office with TV-am, Mr Timothy Aitken and Mr Frye will relinquish their positions with Aitken Home, the financial services company and the major institutional shareholder in TV-am. Mr Timothy Aitken is that company's chief executive and his cousin Jonathan is chairman. Mr Frye is the financial controller.

The announcement was made on the day the latest breakfast television ratings were announced by the Broadcasters' Audience Research Board (BARB). These showed no further drop in the TV-am audience from 400,000. But the Saturday figure is down from 1,600,000 to 1,100,000, with Sunday creeping up from 300,000 to 300,000.

BBC television Breakfast Time show showed a fall in its average weekday viewing figure from 1,800,000 to 1,300,000. TV-am's statement on the executive changes was given to the station's staff yesterday afternoon. Mr Jonathan Aitken, whose appointment, though temporary, was controversial, will remain an executive director. His cousin Timothy, aged 38, a grandson of Lord Beaverbrook, and Mr Frye join the TV-am board.

Mr Jay, who had been chairman as well as chief executive of TV-am and is now president had no comment; but the man who took over as chairman, Lord Marsh, said, "I am absolutely delighted with these appointments and grateful to Timothy Aitken for taking what was for him a difficult decision."

NCB's £115m loss threatens pits

By Paul Routledge, Labour Editor

The National Coal Board lost £115m last year and faces a further substantial drop in UK consumption that is likely to accelerate pit closures.

Leaders of the three mining unions were given that gloomy forecast of the industry's fortunes yesterday at the first top-level consultative meeting attended by Mr Arthur Scargill, left-wing president of the National Union of Mineworkers, since he took office more than a year ago.

Mr Scargill said afterwards: "Whenever the coal board make a statement or present statistics they confirm the view that I have expressed and the union has expressed that the NCB and the Government intend to inflict savage pit closures on the mining industry."

According to up-to-date figures given to the mining unions by Mr Norman Siddall, outgoing chairman of the coal board, the state enterprise will record an overall deficit of £115m for 1982-83 after interest charges and agreed deficit grants. Of that figure, £70m is being attributed to disputes in the industry, including sympathy strikes in support of the health workers last summer, an abortive overtime ban last autumn and the recent strike in South Wales over the closure of Ty Mawr-Lewis Merthyr colliery.

Consumption of coal by industry, the electricity generating authorities and households fell last year to 110 million tonnes, the lowest level since 1967, and the continuing recession points to a four million tonne reduction in that figure during 1983-84.

At the same time output from new mines, including the Selby coalfield, will practically double to about three million tonnes, and other new capacity at existing pits will come on stream.

The inescapable conclusion of these figures is that the coal board and the Government intend to inflict savage pit closures at a more rapid rate than hitherto. Only eight pits, closed in the last financial year, and two were merged.

Ironically, the miners are working harder while the market for their product shrinks. In the last quarter of the financial year productivity was up by 4 to 5 per cent. The management is scaling down its overall sales prospects for 1983-84 to 116 million tonnes, of which 104 million tonnes would come from depaupered sources and the rest from open cast sites.

Chairman of British Airways, who arranged free flights to the south Atlantic for the Falkland's bereaved, to give his support. The Government stands by the arrangements introduced in 1967 which allow - though not retrospectively - next-of-kin and a companion to travel free to visit the grave of a serviceman buried overseas within two years of the burial. It was under this arrangement that the Falklands visit went ahead.

After the Second World War some financial assistance was given to relatives to visit cemeteries in Europe.

Baroness Jeger tabled a question in the House of Lords asking the Government to reconsider its refusal to help widows who have never been able to pay their last respects. British War Widows and Associates, the organization which has been campaigning for free travel for next-of-kin, is also to ask Sir John King,

Putting your feet up with fish and chips

By Frances Williams, Economics Correspondent

If fish and chips, bread and butter and a cup of tea is your idea of a good meal, then you can afford to put your feet up in the autumn of 1978.

Families buying their own home have done rather better. It took only three-quarters of an hour extra work a week to pay the mortgage in April 1982, than in October, 1978. Since then, payments have come down sharply as the mortgage rate has fallen.

But supporting a mortgage still involves three times more effort than renting from the council. The typical worker has to put in nearly 18 hours a week, nearly half his average working week, for the privilege of home ownership. Cod and tea require less work

to pay for them than four years ago, the Treasury estimates. Half a pound of tea costs 14 minutes, 4 minutes less than in 1978, while 2lb of cod fillet is 10 minutes cheaper at 1 hour 5 minutes. A large white sliced loaf costs 10 1/2 minutes, the same as in 1978.

Table with 2 columns: Number of minutes needed to earn, after tax, the price of. Rows include 3lb beef stein, 2lb cod fillet, 14lb potatoes, 2lb white loaf, 2lb brown loaf, 5 gals 4-star petrol weekly season ticket (South/London), 50 cigarettes, pint of beer. Values for Oct 1978 and April 1982 are provided.

Source: Treasury

Climax of a magnificent obsession



Success at last: Sir Richard Attenborough and Ben Kingsley with their awards last night.

Eight-Oscar 'Gandhi' triumphs in Hollywood

From Iver Davis, Hollywood

Sir Richard Attenborough's 20-year magnificent obsession, his film 'Gandhi', last night monopolized the 55th Academy Awards ceremony in Hollywood by winning eight Oscars - more than any other British film in Academy history.

'Gandhi' won the plum awards for best picture, best director and best actor (Ben Kingsley). A jubilant Sir Richard, who had already pocketed most of the other main film awards in the last few months, said that 'Gandhi's' victory was a triumph for the once-ailing British film industry "and will show the world that the success of 'Chariots of Fire' last year was simply not another flash in the pan."

He added: "No British film in history has ever won this number of Oscars. I am not 'Lawrence of Arabia', not 'Bridge on the River Kwai' nor 'Oliver'." Surrounded by a table of gold statuettes, Sir Richard said wryly: "Nobody believed in the story of a little brown man dressed in a sheet carrying a bean pole."

Indeed, as has already been much chronicled, Sir Richard fought for two decades for the privilege of bringing the life story of Mahatma Gandhi to the screen, even though financial doors were slammed in his face. He finally got his funds from British, Indian and Canadian sources.

Not content with the "cream" awards, 'Gandhi' also collected Oscars for costume, art direction, cinematography, editing and screenwriting. It completely overran all opposition including the American box office sensation 'E.T.', which has so far taken \$350m at the box office. Steven Spielberg's fable about the endearing creature from outer space won four Oscars, all in the technical category.

As expected, Meryl Streep won best actress award for her role as the beautiful concentration camp victim in the screen version of William Styron's best-selling novel 'Sophie's Choice'. It was a triumphant evening. Continued on back page, col 3



Spain gets tougher on Rock visit

From Richard Wigg, Madrid

Señor Fernando Morán, the Spanish Foreign Minister, yesterday told the British Ambassador of his "concern and dismay" over today's scheduled visit by ships of the Royal Navy to Gibraltar.

It was the second time Sir Richard Parsons, the Ambassador, had heard the contents of an official Spanish Note made public on Monday night. He had already visited the Foreign Ministry on Saturday, when it was read to him by a senior official. The Foreign Ministry's chief spokesman had made a mistake reporting on Spanish television on Monday night that the envoy had been summoned earlier in the day.

Sir Richard was understood to have emphasized the routine nature of the call by a fleet of 12 ships, headed by the aircraft carrier Invincible. Similar visits had occurred in previous years when ships were returning from spring exercises in the eastern Atlantic.

A Spanish Foreign Ministry official commented afterwards: "We are not accepting it as routine, in view of the size of the fleet and which fleet it is." Almost unanimously, the Spanish press yesterday referred to "the warships of the Falklands fleet".

The Ministry spokesman refused to spell out exactly what "opportune diplomatic and political measures" promised in the Note to protect Spanish national waters would be taken.

But it is understood that Señor Morán indicated that surveillance by Spanish naval vessels in the area of the Straits could be stepped up although official sources said: "We are not treating this as an exercise for the Spanish fleet, or going to bring it out or bombard anyone."

● LONDON: The Ministry

Galtieri gets 60-day sentence for indiscipline

From Andrew Thompson, Buenos Aires

General Leopoldo Galtieri, the former Argentine President, faces 60 days' detention in a military prison, and will stand trial before an Army court of honour which could bring further charges against him, military sources have disclosed.

The decision was taken late on Monday night by General Ciriaco Nicolás, the Army commander. Under Army regulations retired officers must seek the permission of the commander before making any political statements.

General Galtieri had broken this rule in an interview published by the newspaper 'Clarín' on April 2. General Nicolás imposed the maximum sentence possible for this breach of discipline.

In the interview, General Galtieri criticized - General Mario Menéndez, the former military governor of the Falkland Islands. He also attacked three senior active service generals who, he said, led the coup against him in June last year. He claimed they acted in a dishonourable fashion.

The three are General Llamas Reston (Interior Minister), General Edgardo Calvi (Chief of the Army General Staff) and General Horacio Varela Ortiz (Director of Fabricaciones Militares, the Army's military-industrial complex).

Statements made by the former President in the interview also offended other senior officers, the Catholic church and Señor Carlos Ortiz de Rosas, the former Argentine Ambassador to Britain.

At least four officers demanded a court of honour to question General Galtieri's Continued on back page, col 1

Tory MP fights to block rival

By Julian Harland, Political Editor

Sir Anthony Mejer, Conservative MP for Flint, West, who is in conflict with a member of the European Parliament, Miss Beata Brookes, for the new safe Westminster seat of Clwyd North-west, yesterday accused party officers of using procedural delays to protect his rival.

Sir Anthony, whose present seat will disappear under boundary changes, was beaten by Miss Brookes, MEP for North Wales, at the initial selection conference for the new seat. But Miss Brookes's selection is subject to endorsement by the full paid-up membership of the new constituency association, which is yet to hold its inaugural meeting.

At that meeting Sir Anthony, who has complained of irregularities in Miss Brookes's nomination, hopes to block her candidature and secure a fresh selection. He has the support of Mr Geraint Morgan, MP for Denbigh, whose seat also disappears and who was also beaten initially by Miss Brookes.

Sir Anthony, who with his wife spent part of the Easter, recess campaigning in the new seat, said yesterday that out of 100 party workers he had met only eight who supported Miss Brookes, whom he described as "the only Conservative candidate who could lose the seat to the Liberals."

He said the inaugural meeting of the association was being held back because of the prospect of an election in June. "My opponents hope the meeting will be in the middle of an election campaign, too late to challenge Miss Brookes and

Continued on page 2 col 5

Advertisement for Punch magazine featuring a speech bubble with the text 'GOOD GOD, JEREMY, SOME BOUNDER HAS JUST NUKED OUR FOX!' and the headline 'Huntin' Shootin' and Bombin' Punch Take a different look at life'.

Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom of the page.



### New rules for Scots schools

The Government is going ahead in Scotland with a plan for school examinations and curricula which it appears to have rejected as impractical for England and Wales.

Scottish secondary school children from next year will have a "core curriculum" of English, mathematics and science, with a limited number of options. At the age 16 there will be a new common certificate showing that pupils have completed courses arranged on three levels of competence.

Yet in England and Wales the Department of Education and Science has offered plans to introduce a common curriculum and is hesitating over a common certificate for 16-year-olds that would replace the "ordinary level" certificate.

The Government's plans call for about 250 additional teachers and a £3m-a-year supplement to the grant to councils.

### Mills victory in TUC election

A left-wing move to prevent Mr Lief Mills, general secretary of the Banking, Insurance and Finance union, from becoming a member of the TUC General Council was heavily defeated yesterday.

But Mr Mills, the first union leader to be elected under a new system of representation on the TUC, was not voted on "for life", as some right-wing elements had wanted. Instead the union's annual delegate conference at Blackpool decided that he should retain the seat for a year and then stand for re-election.

### Cowley strike sanction near

The Transport and General Workers' Union was on the brink yesterday of making the washing-up strike at the BL plant at Cowley official. The Midlands regional committee has recommended the national executive to do so and Mr Robert Fryer, the union's senior shop steward at the Oxford plant, said yesterday that such "recommendations are usually accepted".

The latest terms offered by Austin Rover to end the strike, now in its third week, will be put to the 5,000 strikers tomorrow.

### Forged coins scare unfounded

Lloyds Bank said yesterday that a public scare that large numbers of forged 50p coins were in circulation was caused by unfounded rumours which apparently started with the dropping of the "New" from "New-pence" on the coin last year.

The bank said it had been inundated with calls from shopkeepers and members of the public concerned about possible forged coins.

### Rector's service for dead boy

Prebendary Geoffrey Lester, the Rector of Bath Abbey, said yesterday that at the request of the mother of a boy who died after an accident involving his car, he had conducted the funeral service for her son.

Mr Lester said he officiated at the service at the abbey for Lee Nazier, aged 12, after the boy's mother requested it when he visited her after the accident.

### Soldier cleared of selling medal

The Army has cleared Private David Butler, who fought in the Falklands campaign at Goose Green beside Lieutenant-Colonel H James, VC, of allegations that he sold his Falklands medal.

It was accepted that the medal was lost before it turned up in Bournemouth, where dealers offered it for sale for £250.

### Jet death crash

The pilot of a single-seat Royal Netherlands Air Force Starfighter jet was killed when his aircraft crashed while flying over Northumberland, yesterday. He was second Lieutenant M Sestrick-Harkema, aged 26, from south Holland.

### Union picks man for safe set

Mr George Galloway, a leading Scottish left-winger and organizer for the Labour Party in Dundee, has been sponsored by the Transport and General Workers' Union for the Labour Party seat in the Rhondda parliamentary seat in South Wales, which fell vacant last month after the death of Mr Alec Jones, Labour's shadow Secretary for Wales.

Mr Galloway, aged 28, said yesterday: "I am greatly honoured to be chosen by my union as their candidate for Rhondda."

The seat is regarded as Labour's safest, with a majority at the last election of 31,481, the biggest Labour majority in Britain.

The final selection will take place on May 26. Mr Galloway is also a candidate for the post of the Labour Party's deputy general secretary.

Mr James White, the Labour MP for Glasgow, Pollock is to fight next by an outgoing left-wing constituency party to block his nomination to the new Pollock seat, created by parliamentary boundary changes.

## Steel strikers return as BSC yields on redundancy

By Paul Routledge, Labour Editor

A return to work by striking steel workers in South Yorkshire was ordered last night by leaders of the Iron and Steel Trades Confederation after the state-owned British Steel Corporation backed down on the imposition of redundancies and new working arrangements.

About 3,000 steel men have been on strike in the Sheffield and Rotherham area for nine days over the corporation's attempt to make 85 workers compulsorily redundant. They are now being given the option to stay, but all except six have chosen to accept voluntary redundancy pay off.

The strike began when two of those due to be made redundant by the introduction of new shift structures at Aldwarke and Templeborough works refused to accept management instructions. They sent home and other workers came out on strike in support.

Mr William Sims, general secretary of the confederation said last night: "We have won some major concessions from the corporation. What we are most pleased about is that they have agreed on future that they will go through the procedure. It was the imposition of redundancies and new working practices that our men felt most keenly about. They are human beings, and need to be treated as such."

British Steel declined to comment other than to say: "We welcome the decision to return to work". But the corporation is understood to have agreed in talks lasting 10 hours in Sheffield on Monday that the management will not seek to impose changes in working practices or redundancies.

The Transport and General Workers' Union was on the brink yesterday of making the washing-up strike at the BL plant at Cowley official. The Midlands regional committee has recommended the national executive to do so and Mr Robert Fryer, the union's senior shop steward at the Oxford plant, said yesterday that such "recommendations are usually accepted".



John Hurt (left), who plays the lead in *Champions*, being advised yesterday during filming at Aintree racecourse, near Liverpool, by Bob Champion, the jockey who fought and beat cancer and returned to win the Grand National in 1981. The film tells Champion's life story.

## Journalists to defy police Bill clause

From David Felton, Labour Correspondent, Dundee

Journalists are being urged to defy provisions of the Police and Criminal Evidence Bill, now going through the House of Commons, if it means that they would be forced to disclose sources of confidential information.

The annual conference of the National Union of Journalists in Dundee yesterday unanimously backed a proposal by the executive that its members should not comply with disclosure orders made under the new legislation to provide police with confidential documents and records.

The orders, which would be signed by a magistrate, would enable the police investigating a "serious arrestable offence" to enter journalists' homes and offices and search for documents which might be involved in their investigations.

Mr Vincent Hanna, a member of the NUJ executive, said the proposed legislation would lead the police into "fishing expeditions through confidential documents". It would be difficult for journalists to guarantee anonymity to their sources if they knew police would have access to their records.

The proposals would be "a massive, unprecedented and unacceptable change in the law of this country", Mr Hanna said. The proviso that search warrants would have to be authorized by a magistrate was no real safeguard and would make such warrants "easier to get than driving lessons".

The union ought to be concerned at such an infringement of journalists' liberty, and should oppose the legislation, including defying the orders. He promised that any NUJ member threatened under the new laws would be defended by the union. The executive is to prepare guidelines for journalists.

The Law Society is urging its 40,000 solicitor members in England and Wales to lobby MPs in a last effort to change the Bill (Our Legal Affairs Correspondent writes).

The society, one of the Bill's fiercest critics, says the ousting of its representatives on it is that it "increases the powers of the police without providing adequate safeguards against abuse of those powers".

In particular, it says in an article in today's *Law Society's Gazette*, the Bill fails to provide for compulsory tape recording of police interviews with suspects, or a system of independent prosecutors, both of which would balance the new police powers.

On the controversial search powers, which apply to confidential, non-privileged communications in solicitors' hands, the society says all police applications should be to a High Court judge.



On the run: Mr Brian Hayes (right), the Chief Constable of Surrey, training with fellow officers for the London Marathon on Sunday. He is running to raise money for charity.

## Labour reallocates seats with speed

By Anthony Bevins, Political Correspondent

More than forty Labour MPs have been reallocated new constituencies without challenge or contest under the party's new procedure for dealing with parliamentary boundary revision. As the Conservative selection of candidates for the new constituencies reaches its final stages, Labour's round of national selections has been launched with a speed and efficiency that has surprised many MPs.

However, the rules appear to be working in favour of behind-the-scenes deals under which many MPs and candidates are renouncing claims on portions of their old, redistributed constituencies in exchange for a clear run in new constituencies. Those contests which have been held so far have been staged between MPs and, on candidates with territorial claims on a new constituency and with no politically viable alternative.

In Manchester, for example, three sitting Labour MPs will next week compete for selection for the new seat of Manchester Central. Mr Charles Morris, MP for Manchester, Openshaw, and former Minister of State for the Civil Service, and another right-winger, Mr George Morton, Manchester, Moss Side, will oppose the left-winger who sits at present for Manchester Central, Mr Robert Litherland.

The North-west, however, has also been the scene of a

## Poll boost for Irish Government

From Richard Ford, Belfast

The Irish Republic's coalition Government received a considerable boost yesterday with an opinion poll showing that they have a nine-point lead over the Opposition, after a savage budget and at a time when they face a growing tax revolt from the trade unions.

Thousands of trade unionists will take part today in a half-day stoppage with demonstrations in Dublin and 15 other centres against the country's tax system and the coalition's February budget.

Schools, shops offices and factories will close for the afternoon as workers march to protest at the measures introduced by Dr Garret Fitz-Gerald's Government, aimed at reducing the budget deficit and beginning to solve the main economic problems.

The young wife and 500 aged 18 months of a Northern Ireland bank official were freed unharmed yesterday after being kidnapped for £100,000 ransom and held for more than five hours.

Four armed and masked men broke into their home at Quigley's Point, in Co Donegal, where they were holding another person hostage at a house. The police said no ransom had been paid.

The police said no ransom had been paid.

## Science report Mysterious return of prehistoric marsh gas

From Pearce Wright, Science Editor, Lancaster

The atmosphere of the Earth is reverting gradually to its prehistoric state, when it was rich in the marsh gas, methane. The reasons for its steady rise over the past 10 to 20 years are a mystery.

Yet methane is classed as one of the so-called greenhouse-effect gases such as carbon dioxide, which could cause a warming of the Earth as they increase in the atmosphere.

Sunlight is transmitted through them, but conversely the heat energy that is emitted constantly from the ground as infra-red radiation no longer escapes. It is trapped by the greenhouse gases, and a rise in their concentration would lead to a warming of the atmosphere.

The evidence of the change in the level of methane was discussed yesterday by Dr Alan Eggleton, of the Environmental Science Division of Atomic Energy Research Establishment at Harwell, in a symposium on acid rain held by the Royal Society of Chemistry meeting at Lancaster University.

The connection between acid rain, produced by sulphur dioxide from coal-fired power stations and nitrous oxides from other industrial sources, and the discovery of a rise in methane levels could be fundamentally important in a controversy between Britain and its northern European neighbours.

They accuse the United Kingdom of exporting pollution, which falls as contaminated rain to lake lakes, forests and fertile land.

Experts of the Royal Society of Chemistry were divided sharply on what might be done about acid rain because of the complexity of the chemical reaction in the atmosphere which led to its formation.

For instance, Professor Norman Davies, director of the aerosol research laboratory at Essex University, suggested that acid rain might best be combated not by shutting coal-fired power stations but by introducing tight controls on another source of pollution, the emission of hydrocarbons from cars, and petrochemical and oil-burning processes.

He argued that the discharged hydrocarbons provided the agents for photochemical reactions with sulphur materials in fact with sulphur and nitrous materials to produce acid rain. Over the long term, however, Professor Davies espoused the need for nuclear power to replace coal burning as an essential way of cutting acid rain.

An opposing argument was put by Mr Brian Price of Earth Resources Research, an environmental group, for the adoption of new types of combustion methods and particularly fluidized bed furnaces in which the sulphur is combined with the ash.

A neutral view was offered by Dr Eggleton, a member of the United Nations scientific group known as the Coordinating Committee of the Ozone Layer.

In studying atmospheric chemistry, research groups in a number of countries had revealed different catalysts and reactions that influenced acid rain formation.

One of those substances they had found in recent monitoring was the alteration in the level of methane. It was important, Dr Eggleton said, to discover where the increase was coming from and what effect it was having in the reactions in the atmosphere.

## 'New blood' jobs for universities

The Government announced yesterday that 312 new jobs are to be created in universities for scientists and researchers, predominantly in engineering, information technology and the natural sciences.

The jobs will be reserved for academics aged under 35, in the hope of introducing "new blood", as the average age of university staff is rising.

But the distribution of the posts by the University Grants Committee has been criticized for bias towards Oxbridge, London and the established universities and against the newer, more "technological", universities.

Professor John Ashworth, Vice-chancellor of Salford University, a former college of advanced technology, said that the UGC had failed to grasp the need of universities in close contact with industry.

Overseas selling prices: Australia \$28, Belgium 200, Canada 200, Denmark 200, France 200, Germany 200, Greece 200, Hong Kong 200, Italy 200, Japan 200, Korea 200, Luxembourg 200, Netherlands 200, New Zealand 200, Norway 200, Portugal 200, Spain 200, Sweden 200, Switzerland 200, Taiwan 200, Thailand 200, USA 200, West Germany 200.

We are told the economy is picking up, yet unemployment continues to rise throughout the country. Can you be sure your job is secure? IF YOU WANT TO SURVIVE THE DOWNWAVE, TURN TO PAGE 8

## Labour rewrites rules to head off challenges

How parties choose their candidates: 3

Anthony Bevins, Political Correspondent, concludes his examination of the parliamentary candidate selection procedures with the Labour Party.

Labour leaders, having already suffered the trauma of selection, reselection and deselection of candidates and MPs, have no intention of allowing the boundary changes to force yet another round of blood-letting on the party.

It was with that in mind that the party's national executive recently rewrote the rule book to ensure that there would be as few challenges to sitting MPs as possible, to increase pressure on local party activists to behave themselves no the eve of an election.

At the party's 1981 conference the executive had agreed the statement that "in those cases where a reorganized constituency has wholly or partly more than one endorsed prospective candidate, consideration shall be given to the reselection of those persons without inviting nominations from affiliated and party organizations; but if, after this has been done, the constituency Labour Party desires to invite nominations, it shall be free to do so."

That statement was later interpreted, with some panic, as an invitation for the activists to go for open selection procedures the open warfare so feared by the party leadership. It was therefore decided to overrule the rules, and while few seasoned party members believe that Labour will survive the new selection process entirely unscathed, most accept that the executive has done all in its power to limit the damage. For that purpose, the executive initially listed eight possible permutations. Constituencies which have been left unchanged by the boundary commissions will have their sitting candidates automatically endorsed by the national executive. But even those revisions did not go far enough for some so the executive was asked to pass a further amendment to cover groups of constituencies in local government areas which had sufficient selected candidates for each new constituency "without need for a full selection process". The party had, indeed got its rules in a twist.

## Beaten Tory MP accuses party

Continued from page 1 that everyone would then rally round her for the sake of the party.

He said that if necessary he would seek legal advice about getting the meeting held before the end of April.

The repercussions of Miss Brooke's successful contest of the seat, he believed, by other Conservative MEPs, have damaged their chances of finding Westminster seats. But one, Mr Eric Forth (Birmingham, North), was last night endorsed as prospective candidate for the new safe Westminster seat of Mid Worcestershire.

The most committed "European" among Conservatives claimed yesterday that Mr Forth's success was part of a pattern. Like the other two MEPs chosen for Westminster seats Mr David Narris and Mr

John Taylor, he is regarded by colleagues at Strasbourg as on the right of the party and sceptical about many aspects of the European Community.

Two enthusiasts for the Community among the MEPs, Mr Stanley Johnson (Wight and Hampshire, East) and Mr Robert Jackson (Upper Thames), have failed to win approval, in spite of many attempts, and their friends attribute this to the Conservative Party's present coolness towards the Community.

One more homeless MP, Mr Robert Atkins, has found a comfortable berth, after long journeying round the country, at South Ribbles, bordering his present highly marginal seat of Preston, North, which is to disappear. Densmore Dover (Chorley) and, by a close vote on the final ballot, Mr Derek Howe, a political adviser at 10 Downing Street.

Mr Dover is sure of selection for the new marginal Chorley seat. Mrs Faith and another displaced member, Sir Nicholas Bonsor (Nantwich), are on the shortlist for Havering, Upminster, for which Mr John Lovridge, the present MP, is not seeking re-election.

Yesterday Mr Ray Mawby, MP for Totnes, spoke of his disappointment at being rejected for each of the two new seats into which his present constituency divides. On Monday he was passed over for the South Hams seat in favour of Mr Anthony Steen, MP for Liverpool, Wavertree. Mr Mawby, who is 61 and was elected in 1955, said he had considered forcing a by-election, but added: "It would have gone completely against my basic sense of loyalty."

Those same organizations "may nominate an individual member of the Labour Party who is not disqualified under the constitution of the Labour Party or under the decisions of party conference, as a parliamentary candidate". Shortlists are drawn up by executive committees, who then report, along with a list of all valid nominations, to the general committee of the party at an ordinary meeting. The general committee has the power to add, extend or delete or from that short list, even to the point of calling nominees in for interview, before fixing a date for a special meeting.

The special meeting of a general committee then picks the candidate on the basis of one delegate, one vote, by eliminating ballot. The rules then state: "The selection of a prospective parliamentary candidate shall not be regarded as completed until the name of the member selected has been placed before a meeting of the national executive committee, and his or her selection has been duly endorsed".

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مركزاً من لاهل

# 'Invisible mastermind' behind £2m gold fraud plot, QC says

An invisible man was a key figure in a £2m gold fraud conspiracy, Southwark Crown Court, in London, was told yesterday. The plot relied on a front man trading under a false name who "totally vanished", Mr Paul Purnell, QC, for the prosecution, said.

The man took considerable risks for a group set to make millions by not paying value-added tax on gold it had sold on the London gold market, Mr Purnell said. Eight men have denied conspiracy to defraud the Customs and Excise of VAT between November, 1981, and March, 1982.

"The scale of the operation was immense. The defendants manipulated the particular VAT exemptions on some gold coins to make a substantial amount of money dishonestly and defraud the customs of more than £2m in tax money", Mr Purnell said.

The group bought more than 75,000 gold coins, mainly Canadian maple leafs and leucogrands, which VAT was not charged. The coins were melted and sold as pure gold, on which 15 per cent VAT was charged, but never paid.

"It must have been painful for anyone in the jewelry trade to reduce works of some value to lumps of metal. It does not make sense at first."

"But the root of this fraud is to melt the coin into scrap and pass it down the line pretending VAT has been paid on it, while in fact the 15 per cent has gone into the pockets of the people who are perpetrating the fraud", Mr Purnell said.

The group set up two front men as traders at the end of the line. But as the operation was finishing and customs men looked for them to claim the VAT "one was not there".

The customs men who had carried out surveillance on the group, found his bank accounts had been terminated and his premises vacated. "He had even changed his appearance radically and, in a real sense, he had disappeared."

But the second front man, trading under another name, was put in by the group after the first man had vanished. So his process of disappearing was not quite complete, Mr Purnell said.

"Like the Chestnut cat in *Alice in Wonderland*, the smile still remained."

The two front men were named by Mr Purnell as Ronald Evans, aged 42, of Myddleton Square, London, and Peter Burgess, aged 44, of Peterborough Road, Richmond, Mr Evans, he said, traded under the name of Roberts and Mr Burgess under Jennings.

Counsel alleged that one of the masterminds behind the fraud was Charles Wilson, aged 51, of Cranford Way, Twickenham, south-west London.

Two other men, not in the dock, were also "in the top league of the fraud", Mr Purnell said. They had disappeared.

He named them as Daniel Redman, who "took advantage of a massive part of the proceeds", and Mr Raj, "the financier who gained a considerable amount of the dishonest proceeds". Then, Mr Purnell said, came Roy James, aged 47, of Highfield Road, Purley, south London.

There were four other men Mr Purnell said: Gavin Dias, aged 26, of Newbury Park, Ilford; Ronald Lamport, aged 46, of Canterbury Avenue, Ilford; Andrew Daniels, aged 28, of Harris Close, Holthouses Hill, Enfield; and Wayne Myers, aged 28, of Woodcock Hill, Kenyon, Harrow, all trading under illuminate limited, with premises in Hatton Garden.

"We were concerned in the manufacture and sale of gold jewelry. Together with Mr James they used their skills and company as a means by which the fraud could be carried out, for 1 per cent of the turnover."

The hearing continues today.



Mr Roche reunited with his wife on the return of the Baltic Ferry (inset). Photographs: Bill Warhurst.

## Return of a Falklands veteran

Antony Roche, aged 43, a motorman in the Townsend Thoresen ship Baltic Ferry, was entitled to smile when he disembarked at Felixstowe yesterday (Rupert Morris writes). As he embraced his wife he was able not only to pride himself on having served on board Britain's longest continuously serving ship in the Falklands, the

Baltic Ferry has been in action there since it was requisitioned in Felixstowe on May 1 last year, but also to look forward to relaxing on leave until September, 1984.

Under the terms of the agreement reached between the National Union of Seamen and the Ministry of Defence, he is entitled to a day off for

every day worked, together with an annual leave entitlement of 82 days. He said that he and his wife, who live in Keyham, Plymouth, would have a holiday in America.

The Baltic Ferry saw action when unloading supplies in San Carlos Water, and was buffeted by storms on the way home.

## Automatic dialling car phone

A car radiophone service which will allow drivers to dial automatically a telephone number without waiting for an operator is to be launched tomorrow, initially in the south-east, by British Telecom.

The rest of Britain will be offered the service by the end of the year. Drivers will be routed directly to any of Britain's homes which have a telephone or connected to the international direct dialling services of more than 125 countries. The telephone will cost about £2,000, and more than £100 a quarter to rent.

## New rail union elects leader

Mr Colin Coley, aged 43, a guard at New Street station, Birmingham, was elected chairman of the newly formed Federation of Professional Railway Staff at Derby yesterday. The federation was formed by disaffected members of the National Union of Railwaymen and the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen (Aslef), after last year's strikes.

The federation becomes an unlisted union today. Although it is still seeking certification it will start paying benefits on May 1. The federation has 750 members.

## Festival tower plan dropped

A plan to build a futuristic £400,000 observation tower at the Liverpool International Garden Festival is to be abandoned.

Construction difficulties and a tight schedule mean that it will not feature in a £13.5m conversion of derelict dockland into parkland and gardens for the 1984 festival.

## Surgeon seeks to appeal

Paul Vickers, aged 48, the surgeon jailed for life for murdering his wife with a course of anti-cancer drug tablets, is seeking leave to appeal against his conviction in the Court of Appeal in London next Monday.

It was recommended that Vickers, of Moor Crescent, Gosforth, Tyne and Wear, should serve at least 17 years after his conviction at Teesside Crown Court in November, 1981.

## Corbett ill

Ronnie Corbett, the comedian, has a virus infection, causing the cancellation of *The Two Ronnies* show at the London Palladium last night and tonight. But the presenters said yesterday they hoped Mr Corbett would be fit enough to resume with his partner, Ronnie Barker, tomorrow.

## Bishops to hear plea for group confession

By Clifford Longley, Religious Affairs Correspondent

An international meeting of bishops in Rome in the autumn is likely to hear an urgent appeal on behalf of the Roman Catholic Church in England and Wales for permission to administer the sacrament of penance, commonly called confession, to large groups of people without the private, recital of sins to a priest.

The Vatican has more than once refused such permission, although the bishops of England and Wales have been convinced for some time that group confession holds an answer to the decline in this sacrament, which has alarmed them.

Saturday morning queues of people waiting their turn in the confession box were once a routine feature of church life, but they have dwindled to almost nothing.

The Roman Catholic Episcopal Conference of England and Wales is meeting to prepare its contribution to the Synod of Bishops, whose theme is reconciliation.

That is the name by which the sacrament is sometimes known. It offers the bishops an opportunity to put their case to the church at large, in the hope that if church leaders from other countries support them, the Pope might authorize a change in policy.

The form of sacrament which can be administered en masse is called "general absolution". A rite for it is officially authorized, but the conditions attached restrict it to certain circumstances.

Those taking part in such a service are deemed to have received sacramental absolution, just as in the more traditional private confession, and it is an implied condition that they should call to mind their sins and be sorry for them.

The Vatican stepped in when English Roman Catholic priests first started using general absolution and ruled that it had to be reserved for exceptional circumstances. The example usually cited is for a unit of soldiers about to go into battle.

In some parts of England bishops have made known that confession can still use their private judgment and could regard certain occasions, such as a large congregation or a special service in Lent, as constituting "exceptional pastoral need".

Priests often report remarkable results from such occasions and claim that many people return to the traditional practice of regular private confession as a result.

Opinions vary as to why the use of private confession has fallen away and why general absolution seems to be so successful when it has been used. The phenomenon has been linked to the issue of contraception, which is said to have persuaded many married Roman Catholics to avoid the confession box.

## Mob incited to riot, court told

A man and two youths tried to organize a rioting mob to stage a concerted attack on the police during a night of "appalling violence" on a Liverpool housing estate, a court was told yesterday.

The three shouted and urged on youngsters in a courtyard in Sir Thomas White Gardens, Everton, as the police were pelted with missiles, it was stated at Liverpool Crown Court.

When the police finally arrested the three by using a sledgehammer to smash into their barricaded third-floor flat and vantage point, the night's troubles soon ended, Mr Jack Cowan, for the prosecution, said.

Patrick Chiochi, aged 45, and Patrick Chiochi Jr, aged 17, both of Sir Thomas White Gardens, and a youth aged 16, have all pleaded not guilty to inciting youths to assemble riotously to assault Merseyside police officers on August 4 last. They also deny two charges of fighting and making an affray.

Mr Cowan said trouble began shortly before 11pm on August 3. "Broadly speaking, police officers who were on duty in the area came under attack from a number of youths throwing stones and various objects at them. The officers had to withdraw from Sir Thomas White Gardens until more officers came to assist them."

"The time came when a number of officers tried to get in because a barricade had been laid to prevent police and people trying to assist them from getting into that area."

Mr Cowan said that while some people threw objects at the officers, others were encouraging them and shouting abuse from balconies around the courtyards of the flats.

The people on the balconies included the three defendants, he added. During a full in the disturbance police withdrew without attempting to arrest the three, but about 2am trouble flared again.

Mr Cowan said: "The police officers again came under attack from a number of youths within Sir Thomas White Gardens, this time assisted by these three defendants, throwing objects at police officers rather as others beat on violence were doing, but additionally actually inciting these persons to riot."

The three were encouraging the mob to form a cohesive group to lead a full attack against the police.

Police eventually managed to get to the third floor flat, where they found the door closed and "blocked in such a way that ordinary physical force would not move it and an officer had to use a sledgehammer."

Mr Cowan said that "appalling violence" took place, but within a very short time of "these three inciters of the mob" being arrested the area quietened down.

The trial continues today.

## 'Gandhi' triumph cited £30m fund sought to boost films

By Christopher Warman, Arts Correspondent

Revisited and Voyage Round My Father.

The deputations told Mr Sproat that while British theatre and television were relatively healthy, it was only American companies that had fully recognized and used the talents of British film directors. Britain had also managed to maintain a technical infrastructure able to support much higher production levels through American help.

"It is clear that if the finance were more readily available Britain could become a major provider of films for international markets. It is absurd that we are not exploiting the opportunities open to us."

The guild wants the system known as the Eady levy, a tax on cinema admissions, to be brought up to date and used to raise £30m to £50m a year to help the industry.

Last year the levy brought in £4m of which £1.5m went to the National Film Finance Corporation, £400,000 to the National Film and Television School, and £125,000 to the British Film Institute, with the balance

going to film makers in proportion to their success.

In its submission to the Government, which is reviewing the future of the levy, the Guild argues that none of the money raised should be allocated on an automatic basis to producers "as a reward for the theatrical success of their films".

It wants the money, coming from cinema admissions, video-cassettes and import, and television networks, cable or satellite systems showing feature films to be used principally to finance an expanded, and considerably restructured, National Film Finance Corporation.

Part of the money should be used for the refurbishment and improvement of old cinemas. Acknowledging recent successes, the guild concluded: "Indigenous British film production has undergone a modest revival in recent months, but it would be foolish to consider this as an indication that we now have a healthy and fully fledged industry."

## Police work 'thwarted by teachers'

By David Walker

Small groups of teachers ill disposed towards the police have on occasion manipulated their colleagues to produce a breakdown in police liaison with schools, a report by the Inspectors of Schools said yesterday.

The inspectors reported incidents where a police operation involving young people "enabled a small group of teachers to capitalize upon the general unease among teachers that the particular incident has generated."

The inspectors' code of practice forbids them from naming particular schools or local authority areas, but they certainly have in mind incidents in racially mixed Hackney, east London. Militant teachers there have on several occasions "blackened" all contact with the Metropolitan Police.

The inspectors' report implies that such incidents are rare.

Police Liaison with the Education Service (Department of Education and Science, Publications Dispatch Centre, Honeyput Lane, Stanmore, Middlesex, HA7 1AZ, free).

## Disc jockey tells court of threats

Mr Noel Edmonds, the disc jockey, told a court yesterday that he had received a telephone call in which a man threatened to break him, wreck his home and destroy him professionally.

He said he believed that the man was Basil Wainwright, who is accused at Worcester Crown Court of dishonestly obtaining more than £40,000 from him.

Mr Edmonds described the threats on the second day of the trial in which Mr Wainwright, aged 48, of Yardley Wood, Birmingham, denies a total of 22 charges, including nine of theft.

The court was told on Monday that Mr Edmonds had paid £70,000 into a firm called Cragglen Ltd of Redditch, Hereford and Worcester. It was set up by Mr Wainwright and Mr Edmonds to develop a hydro-wing power-boat called Excalibur, in which Mr Edmonds hoped to beat the world water speed record. The court was told that all Mr Edmonds got for his money was a miniature model of the boat.

Mr Edmonds said yesterday that he became suspicious of how his money was being used, in July 1981. He then confronted Mr Wainwright in front of television cameras at the Redditch factory. A few days later he received the threatening telephone call.

Sheriff Cuff, aged 29, of Castle Bromwich, Birmingham, Mr Wainwright's former secretary, has also pleaded not guilty to 10 charges.

The trial continues today.

## Loss of 17,000 phone boxes predicted

By Kenneth Goeling

Britain will lose nearly 17,000 of its 77,000 public telephone boxes if British Telecom is sold off to private investors, a union forecast yesterday.

They would never be replaced, Mr Alan Tuffin, general secretary of the Union of Communication Workers, one of the biggest of British Telecom's six unions, said after a survey carried out in all the union's areas.

But while British Telecom agreed on the figure given by the union of financial losses sustained by the service, nearly £77m last year, it queried specific figures of the disappearance of kiosks.

It pointed out that after privatization British Telecom will be required to continue the kiosk service, which was first introduced in Britain in the form of "wooden greenhouses" at the beginning of the century.

The union's calculations also exclude 500,000 boxes not located outdoors or in railway stations, airports and other public places.

Mr Tuffin said that areas such as Devon, Cornwall and



Mr Alan Tuffin

the Lake District would be badly affected.

Industrial action by the Post Office Engineering Union in opposition to the Government's plan to privatize British Telecom was stepped up yesterday when it withdrew members employed on the maintenance of the Whitehall telephone system. The 35 members involved maintain the Government's own telephone exchange which serves all the principal Whitehall buildings.

## Lecturer's win against Law Society

By Our Legal Affairs Correspondent

Mr Francis Reynolds, the law lecturer who changed his name to Mr Whatismans in his fight to break the solicitors' conveying monopoly, won a small victory yesterday in his continuing fight against the Law Society.

Yesterday Lord Justice Goff and Mr Justice Mann in the High Court held that a City of London magistrate, Mr D B Harrison, was wrong to refuse Mr Reynolds leave to issue a summons against the clerk, Mr John Senle, of Richards, Butler & Company, solicitors.

Giving judgment after the one-hour hearing in which Mr Reynolds, representing him-

self, sought judicial review of the magistrate's decision. Lord Justice Goff said it seemed that the magistrate reached his decision on the basis that there was no substance in the summons, "in other words, it was frivolous."

"I am not holding out any hope that in the outcome Mr Reynolds will prove to be right, but in my judgment Mr Harrison erred in law in saying there was absolutely no substance in this point."

The court therefore quashed the magistrate's refusal and directed that leave be granted for the summons to be issued.

But it rejected Mr Reynolds's claim that the decision had been biased. He had argued that there had been a breach of natural justice because, first, both the magistrate and his clerk were solicitors; second, the clerk stayed in the room when the magistrate made his decision; and third, there were two other magistrates in the room.

Afterwards Mr Reynolds, a Birmingham Polytechnic lecturer who first took on the Law Society nearly ten years ago, said he would be bringing the prosecution himself. "I am rather pleased. This is the bitter bit."

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PARLIAMENT April 12 1983

Minister attacked from both sides over CABs

COMMONS

The Government is to hold an early and independent review of the staff and efficiency of the National Association of Citizens Advice Bureaux...

the association. To ensure that the money is being effectively used I have proposed, with the full support of the association itself, an early and independent review of its staffing and efficiency.



Crutch: Invaluable job



Archer: Vague instimations

increase in Government funding in recent years. Mr Richard Wainwright (Colne Valley, L): This is mean-minded harassment of people who achieve a high rate of public good to public cost...

improper activities are not taking place, will not be commensated and will not take place. Mr Robert McClelland (Barnwood and Ongar, C): Many of us are stout supporters of the CAB because of the great work they do for the less well-off people of this country.

Little future in protecting yesterday's jobs

THE ECONOMY

Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, was challenged during questions in Commons about the possible suppression of a report to the meeting of the National Economic Development Council on Monday stating that there would be no growth in employment this decade.

Mr Michael Foot, Leader of the Opposition (Edw. Heath, Lab) said: "The report of the National Economic Development Council on Monday stating that there would be no growth in employment this decade."



Emergency on the Mosel

Firemen take supplies by boat to people marooned by floods in the West German city of Zell. The floods, after several days of heavy rain, came as the Mosel overflowed its banks.

as the river rose to its highest level since 1970. Shipping was also halted on the Mosel and several smaller rivers in the south-west. The Rhine was almost 19ft above its normal level in Bonn and officials said the water was still rising as torrential rain continued to fall.

Cambodia 'massacre' inquiry call

The anti-Vietnamese coalition Government of Cambodia has called on the United Nations Secretary-General to send a commission of inquiry to investigate allegations that Vietnamese troops massacred hundreds of civilians in western Cambodia on April 4.

European cities seek nuclear-free zones

Local authority leaders from five countries agreed in Brussels yesterday to work together to turn Europe into a nuclear free zone. The five countries are: the United Kingdom, the Netherlands, Belgium, West Germany and Italy.

Thatcher backs armed police

The overwhelming majority of British people support arming the police when they were dealing with people who were armed, Mrs Thatcher the Prime Minister, said during a question on the policing weapons.

Hongkong police fears

Hongkong (Reuters) - One thousand Chinese policemen, worried about their future after 1997 when most of Hongkong is due to revert to China, are seeking British citizenship and the right to live in the United Kingdom, a spokesman for the Police Inspectors' Association said yesterday.

Our support has been shown by the rapid increase in this Government's funding. In 1970-80, it was £1.85m; in 1980-81, £4.02m; in 1981-82, £4.91m; £5.75m in 1982-83; and now £6.04m in 1983-84.

But increases of this order can have disadvantages and I felt it proper to inquire if the money was being used effectively. I started looking at this in January last year. I may say one of the difficulties which they have freely admitted to me is that they have been without a permanent director from April 1982 to February 1983.

Bill likely on union democracy

Mr Norman Tebbit, Secretary of State for Employment, said he intended to publish as soon as possible the Government's conclusions on what legislative steps might need to be taken to amend union democracy.

After hearing from the association about any complaints which have been made, I will arrange for a proper investigation by an impartial investigator or withdraw all these allegations?

Mr Vaughan: There has been no cut. The grant is running at the same rate. All I have suggested is that it be used to review the allocation of money and the management of the central system over six months. I have linked this closely with the appointment of the new director and the review.

Critic told to talk to Ford strikers

When a labour backbencher complained in the Commons about the high level of unemployment in Merseyside, Mr Norman Tebbit, Secretary of State for Employment, advised him to talk to the Ford strikers at Halewood.

Mr Vaughan: I have never implied there was any misuse of funds. An inquiry was put to me as to how somebody who was thought to be a full-time paid employee of the organization was able to devote so much time to other duties. I simply passed this inquiry on. It was an inquiry, not a complaint and I was fully satisfied by the answer which the chairman gave me.

Mr Vaughan: I do not make this statement to the level indicated by this allegation. I have said it is wholly unfounded. Mr John Fraser, the Opposition Labourer, said: "This unhappy episode has the fingerprints of the Prime Minister all over it. Does he recognize the degree to which the claim in his statement is likely to undermine the support of CABs at local level?"

New assessment system for Scottish children

Mr George Younger, Secretary of State for Scotland, outlined in a statement in the Commons proposed changes in the arrangements for the curriculum and assessment of 14 to 16 year olds in school in Scotland.

Mr Vaughan: I understand that today legal opinion is being sought on what appears to be a serious libel both by the Minister and by The Sunday Times. Dr Vaughan: The article is totally inaccurate in that it states that a cut has been made. No cut has been made. I have said a number of occasions since this action was taken that it has nothing to do with Mrs Ruddock and the CND movement.

Mr Vaughan: I have never implied there was any misuse of funds. An inquiry was put to me as to how somebody who was thought to be a full-time paid employee of the organization was able to devote so much time to other duties. I simply passed this inquiry on. It was an inquiry, not a complaint and I was fully satisfied by the answer which the chairman gave me.

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Local parties do choosing

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House prices could fall by as much as 80% over the next ten to fifteen years. What appears to be a sound investment now might well become a millstone in the future. IF YOU WANT TO SURVIVE THE DOWNWAVE TURN TO PAGE 8

Education

Mr George Younger, Secretary of State for Scotland, outlined in a statement in the Commons proposed changes in the arrangements for the curriculum and assessment of 14 to 16 year olds in school in Scotland.

New assessment system for Scottish children

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Critic told to talk to Ford strikers

When a labour backbencher complained in the Commons about the high level of unemployment in Merseyside, Mr Norman Tebbit, Secretary of State for Employment, advised him to talk to the Ford strikers at Halewood.

Local parties do choosing

Mrs Thatcher, the Prime Minister, said she could not answer for the selection of Conservative parliamentary candidates, when reference was made to a prospective Tory candidate who was not approved because his wife was opposed to fox-hunting.



Secret three-day conference

Walesa meets underground

From Roger Boyes, Warsaw

Mr Lech Walesa, the chairman of the banned Solidarity trade union, has held three days of secret talks with fugitive underground leaders to coordinate their strategies. The move, announced in a communiqué yesterday, has considerable symbolic value and shows that Mr Walesa is prepared to take more risks in expressing his criticism of government policies.

According to the brief communiqué read out by his wife in the telephone from Gdansk, Mr Walesa met the underground "provisional coordinating commission" on Saturday, Sunday and Monday, and discussed in detail the country's present situation and coordinated their positions.

Two symptoms of the discontent that prompted the announcement of the meeting have come in recent days. One is the publication of a long document entitled "Programme and Organization" by a Solidarity radical who writes under the pseudonym of Maciej Poleski.

Walesa or any private citizen to meet representatives of an illegal organization. However, if they discussed illegal acts, then Mr Walesa would have committed an offence.



Leaving at last: Maria Chmykhalov, right, stands beside her son Timofei as they are visited by two other members of the family after deciding to return to Siberia.

Pentecostals prepare to quit embassy

Moscow (AP) - Six religions dissidents who have spent five years in a US embassy haven't been expected that the remaining six might also be given permission.

The Pentecostals, five Vaschenkos and two members of another family, dashed past Soviet guards and into the embassy compound in June, 1978, in an attempt to leave what one called an "atheistic system in which we cannot live."

After years of refusing to consider the request of the "Siberian Seven," as they came to be called, the Soviet authorities last month told Lydia Vaschenko to resubmit her application for an emigration permit. She returned to Chernogorsk, Siberia, and did so, and she flew to Austria. She is now in Israel.

Lilja Vaschenko said yesterday that once they arrive in Chernogorsk they will probably have to wait two to four weeks for the arrival of a required invitation from Lydia to emigrate to Israel.

Rebels step up Afghan onslaught

Islamabad (Reuters) - Afghan rebels are fighting Soviet and Government troops in three provincial capitals, Western diplomats reported yesterday.

Royal couple in another crush

The Prince and Princess of Wales were mobbed again yesterday when Queensland police lost control of a crowd of 2,500.

Mr Victor Chapman, the Royal couple's press spokesman, said: "As soon as the royal couple stepped out of the car we were swamped by the crowd."

Large crowds, which had gathered to see the Prince and Princess when they visited a nut processing plant, also engulfed their car as they left to drive away.

Thorn fear on Britain's EEC refund

In a speech full of warnings about crises lying ahead for the EEC, Mr Gaston Thorn, president of the European Commission, told the European Parliament yesterday that a refund for Britain to compensate for overpayments on contributions in 1983 could be held up if there was no agreement on the restructuring of Community finances in the long term.

Without a hire car, he could kiss the contract goodbye. He called the only name that gets you SUPER SERVICE....

The reports coincided with a frank admission over Kabul radio on Monday night that the war waged by Muslim guerrillas since Soviet troops moved in nearly three and a half years ago had badly damaged Afghanistan's economy.

After the March summit meeting in Brussels, it seemed that Mrs Margaret Thatcher had been given a guarantee that, pending the long-term solution, Britain would receive a refund this year.

Mr Thorn told MEPs that the summit had been disappointing. It had produced few tangible results and if there was a reputation at the Stuttgart summit in June the Community would be plunged into a serious crisis. It was essential, he said, that the summit should produce a solution on Community financing, energy policy, enlargement and industrial decline.

Referring to the British budgetary problem Mr Thorn said: "For the Commission it is only in the context of a long-term solution that we can consider the immediate and short-term problems."

He called for stringent economy measures by all government departments and increased efforts to collect taxes to pay for the country's defence.

Commission officials later explained that Mr Thorn wanted to indicate that the Commission would not come forward with a proposition on a refund to Britain this year until plans for a long-term solution were "on the table".

This view was supported by Mr Adam Fergason, MEP for Strathclyde West, a spokesman for the Conservative group, who demonstrated how the British attitude to the European Parliament took a "U" turn.

In December last year there was anger among the Conservatives about the Parliament's decision to block the British rebate of £500m for 1982 and Mrs Thatcher also condemned the move.

Western diplomats were surprised by the Prime Minister's picture of the Afghan economy. The Government had previously portrayed a country successfully going about its business despite attacks by people dismissed as criminals or bandits.

But since then, both she and the Conservative group have come to realize that Parliament could be Mrs Thatcher's best ally in forcing the Community to revise its financing so that Britain and West Germany do not have to pay unfairly high contributions.

They handed in an open letter to the United Nations Secretary-General saying the essential precondition for any political solution was the immediate, total and unconditional withdrawal of Soviet troops, as requested by the UN general assembly.

Troops sent to quell fresh Karachi riots

Karachi (Reuters) - Troops were sent to control a fresh outbreak of religious violence in Karachi yesterday, as thousands of Muslim demonstrators burnt shops, houses and cars. Police were unable to control Sunni crowds in the Liaquatabad area, during a confrontation between Sunni and Shia Muslims.

the clashes were set off by the stabbing of a Sunni youth, which the Sunnis blamed on Shias. About 700,000 people live in Liaquatabad, of whom some 95 per cent are Sunnis, the majority sect in Pakistan. More than 6,000 people were said to have attacked a Shia meeting place about six miles north-east of Karachi's main shopping centre of Saddar. Another group of about 2,000 attacked a Shia mosque and made a bonfire of its furniture, while smaller groups set fire to shops and houses in the area.

Advertisement for Europcar featuring a large illustration of a car and a speech bubble saying "EUROPCAR!". The text above the car reads: "Without a hire car, he could kiss the contract goodbye. He called the only name that gets you SUPER SERVICE...."

Thirteen people were arrested for attacking policemen and damaging property and arrests were continuing, according to the police. Local residents said

Whenever or wherever you need to hire a car in a hurry, say Europcar and you've got Super Service. Super Service? It means, amongst other things, that your nearest car hire office is likely to be Europcar. Because Europcar is the biggest car hire company in Britain. (Who else did you think it was?)

We've got nearly three times more offices than anyone - over 260 of them throughout the U.K. So you get the choice of about three times more offices to pick a car up and three times more offices to drop it off. With no extra charge for one-way rental.

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# Four-nation peace drive in Central America launched by Colombia

From Geoffrey Matthews, Bogotá

Alarmed by continuing conflict in El Salvador, the danger of all-out war erupting between Honduras and Nicaragua and the intransigence of the United States towards Central America, the foreign ministers of four key Latin American countries embarked yesterday on a peace mission to the region, instigated by President Betancur of Colombia.

The Foreign Ministers of Colombia, Venezuela, Mexico and Panama are due to visit all five Central American republics (Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Costa Rica) for talks with their counterparts, in an attempt to reduce tension.

The mission was only planned in advance, and was only agreed in Panama City on Sunday night, after Señor Betancur arrived on the final leg of a three-day trip which had also taken him in Venezuela and Mexico for talks on the Central American crisis.

The announcement was made yesterday by Señor Juan José Amado, the Panamanian Foreign Minister, after a long meeting with his colleagues from Venezuela, Colombia and Mexico.

After his discussions with President Luis Herrera Campíns of Venezuela, President Miguel de la Madrid of Mexico, President Ricardo de la Espriella of Panama and President Luis Alberto Monge of Costa Rica, who was also visiting Panama at the weekend, Señor Betancur said that the Central American crisis was even worse than he had expected.

He described the situation as "truly explosive", and also hinted that he and his colleagues were becoming increasingly irritated by the Reagan Administration's hardline policy.

Señor Betancur called for the immediate withdrawal of all foreign military advisers from Central America, the suspension of arms sales to the region, respect for the right of its peoples to self-determination, negotiations between the conflicting parties and recognition that the source of the conflict is widespread poverty and social injustice and not super-power politics.

The Colombian President suggested that what was required to resolve the crisis was the kind of Latin American solidarity which successfully supported Panama's claims to sovereignty over the Panama Canal.

He also hinted that Cuba must be brought into peace talks. "Everything is open, everything is possible. We are seekers of peace in Central America and for that reason we must talk to everyone."

Gabriel García Márquez, the Colombian winner of the 1982 Nobel prize for literature, said on his return to Colombia for his first visit in two years: "Colombia is now assuming the leadership which it should long ago have taken with Mexico, but which only Mexico has exercised in the past."

NEW YORK: Cooptations by the Reagan Administration that the Sandinist Government of Nicaragua has hidden behind a smokescreen of national security to install a repressive regime and abolish dissent have been largely repudiated by the United Nations Human Rights Committee, a body of experts which monitors the state of civil and political liberties, Zoriana Pysarivsky writes.

Most individual members of the committee, who serve in their personal capacity rather than as representatives of governments, have described as admirable Nicaragua's performance in the area of human rights, in view of the military challenge to its leadership from right wing rebels and reported American covert operations to destabilize it.

Nevertheless, the Nicaraguan Government has not been "truly explosive", and also hinted that he and his colleagues were becoming increasingly irritated by the Reagan Administration's hardline policy.

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completely exonerated, and concern has been expressed over the plight of the Miskito Indians, after their forced resettlement from the Nicaragua-Honduras border area.

The committee also criticized curbs on the press, cases of police abuse, the reported discrimination against a synagogue and the limited role of political parties.

WASHINGTON: The United States yesterday accused the Government of Nicaragua of repeatedly making clear its "contempt" for real negotiations, and said that the answer to Central America's problems was "democratization and dialogue among neighbours".

Mr Thomas Enders, Assistant Secretary of State, in a prepared statement to the Senate foreign relations committee, said: "The purpose of US policy in the area is to create conditions in which the area can be removed from East-West conflict, the import of offensive weapons and mutual support for insurgencies ended, and the democratic transformation of each society achieved."

Mr Enders was giving testimony after following allegations in the American press that the Administration is giving covert aid to the anti-Sandinist movement operating from bases in Honduras.

Referring to the Nicaraguan opposition, Mr Enders said: "It should be clear to you that it has appeared and expanded in response to deep grievances against the Sandinists. The groups opposing the Sandinist Government were Nicaraguans to the core."

"As long as Nicaragua forces legitimate dissent at home to follow violent means and persists in threatening and destabilizing its neighbours, it will never be stable, nor will Central America."

Mr Enders said that it was conceivable that Cuba or the Soviet Union could be tempted to escalate the conflict.

"Clearly a dangerous situation would then develop, unacceptable not only to Central America but to the American nations as a whole. We have communicated to Moscow and Havana how dangerous such a move would be."

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# Middle East: Lebanese stalemate; Foreign Secretary meets Husain

## I must be governor, Haddad says

From Christopher Walker Metalla

Major Saad Haddad, the temperamental south Lebanese militia commander, whose militia has emerged as the main obstacle preventing agreement between Israeli, Lebanese and American negotiators over the withdrawal of Israel's invasion force, threatened yesterday to resist any solution on which he had not been formally consulted.

Despite the flat refusal of the Beirut Government to offer its cashed-in officer any position in the new military set-up envisaged for Lebanon, Major Haddad is insisting on the position of "military governor of southern Lebanon".

Stating his terms publicly for the first time, he said: "I see my role as it is now, but it should be legitimized. I am effectively military governor of the south, and that must be made formal. If anyone wants to get rid of me, they will have to get rid of all the people in the south too, because they are behind me."

In an interview with *The Times*, he made no attempt to disguise his pent-up frustration, anger and anxiety about the possible outcome of the slow moving talks over Lebanon, or about mounting American pressure on Israel to modify its insistence that he be made commander of all Lebanese soldiers based in the 27-mile deep security zone.

According to Washington sources, this pressure reached a new peak last week when Mr William Casey, director of the Central Intelligence Agency, made a clandestine visit to Jerusalem in an apparently vain effort to convince ministers that the revamped Lebanese army is quite capable of preventing Palestinian guerrillas returning to menace Israel.

"I do not know what I have done to upset the Americans because for seven years I have been fighting against leftists and communists," the major told me.

While we were talking in the seedy border hotel which serves as the major's unofficial headquarters in Israel, two Israeli generals suddenly arrived unannounced and engaged him in an animated Hebrew and Arabic conversation.

Their talk and final warm embraces were apparently intended to soothe the major's doubts that he is being ignored as negotiations reach a climax.

"I am grateful to Israel for pressing for my future, but you must know that whatever concerns me should be discussed by the Israelis and Lebanese with me personally, and not on my behalf," Major Haddad argued, thumping the shabby plastic table with his fist, much to the consternation of the Israeli officers overseeing the meeting.

On Monday, the major held a two-hour conversation with Mr Ariel Sharon, the former Israeli defence minister, - "a very close friend" - who was given a strong message to convey to the Israeli Cabinet when it convenes to finalize its position over security in the zone now often referred to as "Haddadistan".

The brunt of the militia leader's criticism is reserved for the Lebanese administration of President Amin Gemayel, which he claimed has made no effort to contact him formally since the Israeli invasion expanded his border enclave last summer.

"My people in the south and those up in Beirut have been fighting the same enemies, we have the same contacts and the same ally in Israel, so why are they accepted and we are not?" He complained bitterly.

In the aftermath of last June's invasion, Israeli training and other assistance to the 2,000-strong Haddad militia force have been greatly stepped up.

"I am now taking more steps to increase my military effectiveness because we know that the Syrians are not going to withdraw peacefully," he said. "The duty of every Lebanese today is to prepare himself to fight the Syrians."

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He urged Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) to seize the opportunity for peace "which will not recur and will not exist for much longer".

He was speaking at Amman airport after a three-hour stopover arranged after Jordan's announcement on Sunday that it had abandoned five months of talks with the PLO in occupied areas.

Mr Pym refused to answer reporters' questions about his working lunch with King Husain. But his statement said Britain and Jordan were agreed all along that the priorities for the Middle East peace process were the withdrawal of Israeli and other foreign forces from Lebanon, freezing of Jewish settlements in the West Bank and ending the Reagan plan as a starting point.

JERUSALEM: The tripartite talks between Israel, Lebanon and the United States shifted into higher gear yesterday with Mr Philip Habib, President Reagan's special Middle East envoy, taking an active part in the discussions at the Israeli resort of Netanya, Our Correspondent writes.

The Foreign Ministry in Jerusalem would not comment on the reasons for the envoy's participation in the talks, the first time he has done so since these started last December.

There has been some speculation, however, that Mr Habib, who arrived in Israel on Monday, may have been instructed to give added momentum to America's flagging peace moves in the region, after Jordan's decision on Sunday not to join the peace process.

Yesterday's round of talks, the twenty-ninth, ended after only two hours to enable Mr Habib to proceed to Jerusalem for meetings with Mr Yitzhak Shamir, the Foreign Minister, and Mr Moshe Arens, the Defence Minister.

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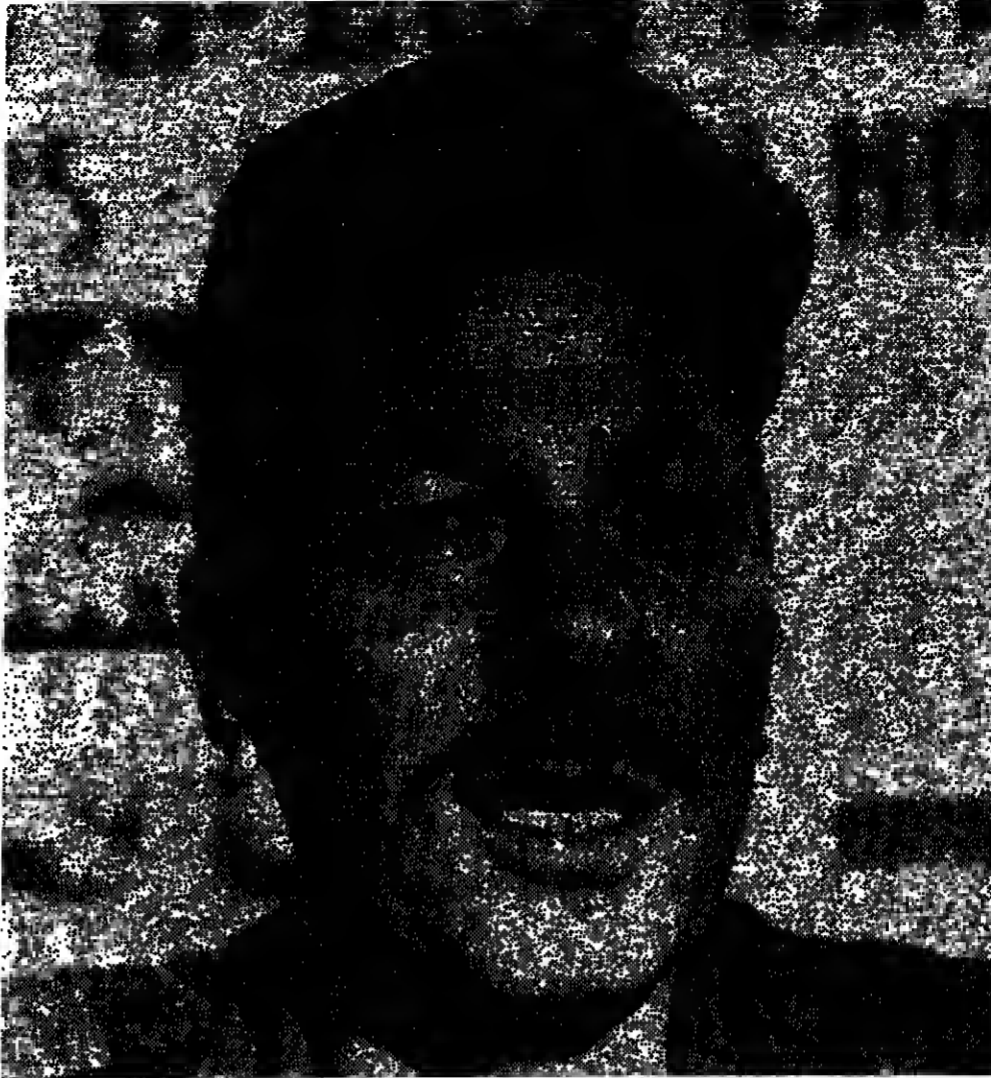
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"I am now taking more steps to increase my military effectiveness because we know that the Syrians are not going to withdraw peacefully," he said. "The duty of every Lebanese today is to prepare himself to fight the Syrians."

Amman (Reuters) - Mr Francis Pym the Foreign Secretary said after talks with King Husain of Jordan last night that there was no feasible alternative to President Reagan's plan as a starting point for the Middle East peace process.

He urged Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) to seize the opportunity for peace "which will not recur and will not exist for much longer".

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Mr Pym refused to answer reporters' questions about his working lunch with King Husain. But his statement said Britain and Jordan were agreed all along that the priorities for the Middle East peace process were the withdrawal of Israeli and other foreign forces from Lebanon, freezing of Jewish settlements in the West Bank and ending the Reagan plan as a starting point.

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Herr Otto Heindl, the Munich prosecutor, said the men had named Mr Sartawi as the organizer of the attack after being arrested. His office issued a warrant for Mr Sartawi's arrest for suspected murder and 18 counts of attempted murder.

Herr Heindl made clear there was no evidence that Sartawi was linked to the Olympic Games massacre in Munich.

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THE ARTS

Theatre
Implacable sense of doom

Blood Brothers
Lyric

So this is the great new hyped-up musical? Reports when it started at Liverpool suggested that it was first and foremost, an accomplished and thrilling theatrical experience, but arriving in Shaftesbury Avenue it now gives a different impression: a show whose justification lies rather in the urgency of its message than in the clumsy dramatic vehicle constructed to carry it.

In Willy Russell's hands, the theatrical archetype of twin brothers separated from birth, unaware of their relationship until one kills the other, becomes a simple social parable following the fortunes of working-class twins, one of whom is adopted by a couple in the manager class. Carrying as it does the unspoken implication that their natural abilities were equal, it allows Mr Russell a bald contrast between class advantages.

Kept by his actual mother, Mickey marries at 18, loses his job, gets dragged into crime and emerges after seven years' jail a prematurely aged mental wreck. Edward proceeds through public school and university, growing up to be a councillor, with easy, charming manners. And, as their kinship of blood and emotion is so ceaselessly stressed, the show clearly presents those class differences as dividing, and breeding

Visible prejudice

Mitzi Wildebeest
The Gate, Latchmere

There are two sides to Mitzi Wildebeest. One is the laughable, big-top, South African cousin to Dame Edna Everage. The other is the descendant of the Voortrekkers, evoking the ghost of her great-great-grandmother walking barefoot over the Drakensberg Mountains to escape British rule. You begin by scoffing at dyed-in-the-wool Afrikaner prejudices, but end with some understanding of their origins in beleaguered frontierspeople, ignored by their own country and harried by every other colonial arrival.

Elaine Loudon, who lived 20 years in South Africa, pointed out the coming of the Kappo-kommando (Bonnet Brigade) there three years ago. These dancing women, led by a Brian schoolteacher, wear the black gowns and bonnets of the pioneers and consider their prime minister a liberal softie.

Don Pasquale
Covent Garden

Ave atque vale. The present revival of Donizetti's comic masterpiece offers a last chance to see Sir Geraint Evans in his subtlest buffo interpretation, for he has announced that he will not sing Don Pasquale again. But, as in previous runs of this production mounted for him 10 years ago, he spreads his beneficent welcome over new arrivals: Luciana Serra as a totally assured and marvellous Norina, Francisco Araiza making his house debut as Ernesto, and Guido Ajmone-Marsan also appearing here for the first time to conduct a performance that on Monday lifted from a shaky start to achieve rattling fast tempos and silky expressiveness in the strings, so capturing the twin poles of this sentimental comedy.

Fun and feeling are also the hallmarks of Sir Geraint's interpretation. Since Don Pasquale is the victim almost throughout of a deception, it would make for a hollow evening if the one playing him were also manifestly to deceive, to act up the fussiness. Sir Geraint does not. His Don Pasquale remains no buffoon: he is simply naive rather than silly, and one feature of his nature is his ignorance of women. Hence his desperately sad as well as comic interview with Norina, when he artfully calls into play the almost strangled voice of the nervous, confused old bachelor.

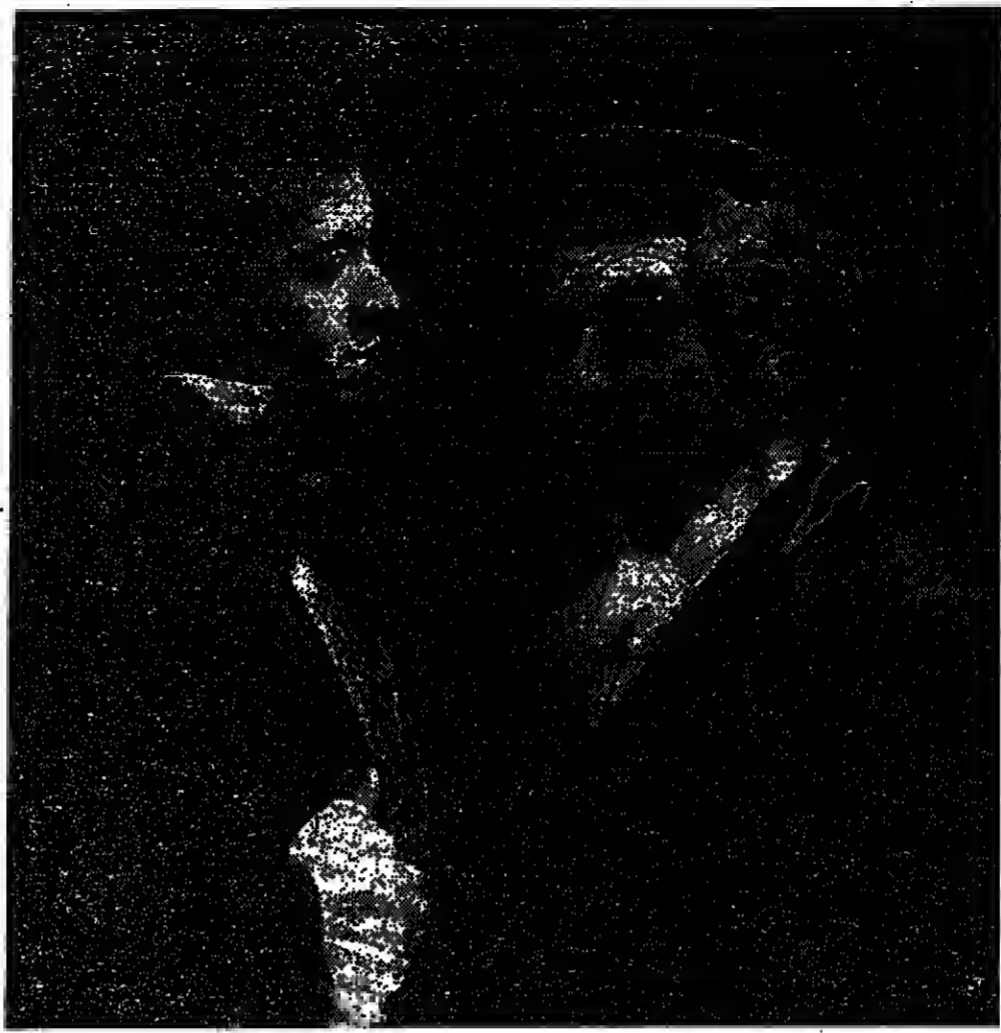
Anthony Masters

untree". Read it quickly and that is all you need to remember about South Africa, she says. She gives a slide show of South African scenes - the Wildebeest Dutch colonial house and backyard with swimming pool - then she expounds the divine righteousness of the Afrikaner hardliners: "If God had been a liberal he wouldn't have given us anything when we came, he would have made ten suggestions."

It is not entirely a one-woman show, because the audience get pulled into it, sometimes literally on to the stage. At other times we wave the South African flag or join in the chorus of a Voortrekker song. Peter Hodgkinson accompanies on the piano, and the show has been developed from its early days at the 1981 Edinburgh Festival by Brian Carter. Elaine Loudon alternates between schoolmarm bossiness and an air of sweet reason when Mitzi puts across the South African viewpoint. I could imagine this show appealing to both the anti-apartheid brigade and South Africa House.

Clare Colvin

Opera
Once more, with feeling



Lyricism and sadness: Francisco Araiza (left), Geraint Evans

through with exciting, polished perfection, and she acts as she sings: with simple and utter command. She can also be as much the young girl as the little madam, even within a single phrase, with perhaps a first half coming out with steel-tipped coquetry and a second pulling back into fresh loveliness.

Concerts

LSO/Hickox
Festival Hall

London has had a near surfeit of Gerontius lately. Richard Hickox's on Monday with the London Symphony Orchestra and Chorus, which comes late in a run of distinguished performances, was understandably, perhaps, less of a box-office draw. But it more than justified its place by building with fresh assurance and integrity a pilgrim's progress which often conjured images whose immediacy and vigour owed as much to the seventeenth as to the nineteenth century.

From the inexorable tread of the opening, unfolding more in might than in mystery, it was clear that Mr Hickox would eradicate every stylistic cliché, focusing expression on often dissipated, in a gopointed, phrasing and verbalizing into a powerfully long-sighted view of the whole.

Hilary Finch

Smetana Quartet
St John's/Radio 3

Milan Stampa, the viola-player of the Smetana Quartet, has worked for many years on Janacek manuscripts, unearthing new sources for his edition of the "Kreutzer Sonata" Quartet, which the group brought to the BBC lunchtime concert on Monday.

In a single, affecting performance of rare inner compulsion and intensity, it was difficult to isolate and distinguish the finer points of editorial amendment. What was unmistakable, though, was the pure distillation of the spirit of the Janacek of Kárya Kabanová: tempi were pushed desperately, harder than in this quartet's own recording.

Hilary Finch

Television
A world of debris

Unemployment in Bolton is above the national average and it was the purpose of BBC1's documentary Nothing Doing last night to give us a taste of the depression that is not just economic but, psychological if you are being hit over the head with it. The intention was worthy, for a shared concern over national ills is surely a prerequisite of any valid kind of national pride, and it did leave me depressed, but the execution left too many questions unanswered for the programme to be considered entirely objective.

Six teenagers were examined in differing degrees of depth to show the hopelessness and listlessness of life without prospects. They reflected those qualities so abjectly that one wondered how the selection came about, whether Bolton's youth, suffering as it undoubtedly is, is quite like this.

First, there was Trevor, listening while his mother retailed the sad struggles of her life, then hailed off for an interview by a social worker, who lent him a jacket for the occasion, to learn to be a french polisher, or at least to fetch the meals for those who actually did the job. The social worker seemed to think that, as with others on the Youth Opportunity Programme (which did not come out of this programme well), Trevor's long-term chances were poor, that his present luck was just a temporary exploitation of low-cost labour.

Then there were Pete, apparently with a prison sentence hanging over him, and his two brothers, Roy and John. We never did find out what Pete's offence was, and his predicament seemed irrelevant to that of his two brothers. Their father considered the YOP just exploitation, and thought they should have none of it.

Dave followed. He was on a three-year contract under the scheme but feared it would end as soon as he was 19. His girlfriend was pregnant and he saw them married. Shortly afterwards his fears were proved right.

Warne Marsh
Pizza on the Park

Not often in a jazz club is it difficult to find an appropriate moment in which to unlose a discreet cough. On Monday night Warne Marsh, the great American tenor saxophonist, and his partner, the pianist Lou Levy, redrew the parameters of an audience's attention with duets of such sensitive detail that even the brief rasp of a cigarette lighter or the gentle gurgle of liquor into a glass seemed barbaric intrusions; plates of food went cold on every side as the pair wove a spell which will doubtless be maintained when they move across town tonight to the Pizza Express in Soho, where they will spend the remainder of the week.

Born a few months apart 55 years ago, Marsh and Levy grew up under the spell of Lester Young and Charlie Parker and, in Marsh's case, of Lennie Tristano, the pianist and teacher whose concern was to explore the pure abstractions of a music which was about nothing other than itself.

Marsh's playing has scarcely changed at all in 30 years. His sound is unique: light, pale, pressureless, his astonishingly complex phrases extruded with a minimum of apparent effort. His lines are shaped with exotic

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Lastly there was Martin, from a middle-class household, educationally unsuccessful and willfully away his time playing the guitar and Space Invaders. His father thought teenagers would be better served if they were told that unemployment was a permanent threat; his mother that it could all end in revolution.

They were all shot on sunless days with a kind of loitering technique that made everything look like debris. It was a technique that demanded little participation from the subjects and Paul Watson's programme was poorer for it.

On BBC1 also, Reluctant Chickens concerned another social phenomenon: the tendency of children to stay at home long after they should fly. Many might think this a tragedy for parents but David Cregan sought to make a comedy of it. Patrick Troughton, as the GP father, Gwen Watford, as the mother, and the rest of the cast did their best, but if the chickens were reluctant, the comedy never cracked the shell.

Dennis Hackett

Jazz
Relaxed intensity

Warne Marsh
Pizza on the Park

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Marsh's playing has scarcely changed at all in 30 years. His sound is unique: light, pale, pressureless, his astonishingly complex phrases extruded with a minimum of apparent effort. His lines are shaped with exotic

unpredictability, yet their logic is so implacable that one gasps and groans as they unfold. "Subconscious-Lee", written by his old colleague Lee Konitz, was pure, uncut Tristano music full of flying fingers and glancing tangents; on the other hand, "How High the Moon" was stroked down to ballad tempo and enlivened with a simple, singing lyricism.

Levy, who enjoys less of an in-crowd reputation, was every bit as remarkable. On the Konitz tune he displayed the tensile strength of Bud Powell allied to an architectural sensibility all his own. With "I'm Old Fashioned" he produced a definition of the ideal of relaxed intensity, including the stealthiest imaginable cooption to a lulling double-time. His tune "Lunacy", based on playful Monkish leaps, allowed the pair to develop contrapuntal inventions with telepathic precision and with the spontaneous warmth which suffused every second of their music.

Richard Williams

The 8 1/2-hour film Wagner, with Richard Burton as the composer and directed by Tony Palmer, is to be shown at the Dominion Theatre, Tottenham Court Road, next Sunday, beginning at 11am. The music is played by the London Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Sir Georg Solti.

ENTERTAINMENT

OPERA & BALLET

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CONCERTS

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THEATRES

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LYTTLETON

THE BUSINESS OF MURDER

THE BUSINESS OF MURDER 8.55 8.55 8.55 8.55 THE BUSINESS OF MURDER 8.55 8.55 8.55 8.55 THE BUSINESS OF MURDER 8.55 8.55 8.55 8.55

RSC THE TAMING OF THE SHREW The RSC has a success to be proud of

GRUFF RHYNS JONES & CHARLEY'S AUNT

THE SHREWSBURY FESTIVAL THEATRE

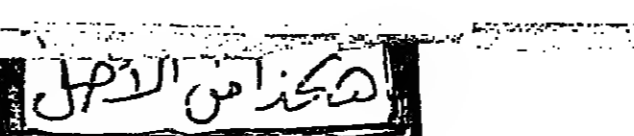
THE SHREWSBURY FESTIVAL THEATRE

THE SHREWSBURY FESTIVAL THEATRE

THE SHREWSBURY FESTIVAL THEATRE

VICTORIA & ALBERT MUSEUM

ACADEMY 2 Edouardo de Gregorio's ASPERN





# Depo-Provera: a drug on trial

Jenny Bryan reports on the facts and fears surrounding the controversial contraceptive

The controversial injectable contraceptive Depo-Provera goes "on trial" before a panel of distinguished medical and legal experts in London next week. They will decide whether the drug should be licensed for long-term use in Britain in the face of massive adverse publicity in America, where it has been claimed the drug is dangerous, might be misused and might be given only to poorly educated socially deprived women without their understanding its implications.

The American manufacturers, Upjohn, have fought for a British licence for Depo-Provera, which is at least as effective as the Pill and more reliable than the IUD, cap or sheath, for seven years.

Next week's British hearing has arisen because Kenneth Clarke, the Health Minister, chose as one of his first ministerial actions to overrule the committee on Safety of Medicines which advised him to grant Depo-Provera a full licence for women for whom other methods of contraception were inappropriate. Mr Clarke is believed to have taken his decision because of the risk of women of low social class being given the drug without their informed consent.

One of the hearing's key witnesses will be Dame Josephine Barnes, a former president of the British Medical Association, who will argue that the problems of giving Depo-Provera to women who cannot understand its risks and benefits are no different from those of any drug.

Already, the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists and the Family Planning Association have come down in favour of Depo-Provera becoming just another alternative in the choice of contraceptives.

No one is quite sure what will come out of the hearing. No drug wrangle has ever reached this stage of the agreed procedures. Kenneth Clarke has already overruled his medical advisors once - he could, in theory, overrule the independent panel's recommendations too.

Upjohn does not stand to make a lot of money out of Depo-Provera in Britain. Around two million women get the Pill from their GP - at a cost of about £13.5m. According to Dame Josephine, several thousand women who would probably get Depo-Provera if it were fully licensed. But a positive decision from the British authorities would help Upjohn to sell the drug in other areas - such as developing countries - where the market is much larger.

In its 400-page written evidence to the panel the Coordinating Group on Depo-Provera, composed of women actively involved in women's health issues, has drawn on information it has received about more than 100 women who felt they were not fully informed of the possible side effects of Depo-Provera.

Many were women with a poor understanding of English for whom no provision had been made for information to be given in their own language.

Six out of seven women who answered an appeal for women who felt they had been mistreated in one London health district were black and several were young unmarried mothers.

Three years ago one professional singer got an out of court settlement of £3,750 from King's College Hospital, London, because her career was disrupted as a result of side effects from Depo-Provera which had not been fully explained to her.

The drug has been used most widely in developing countries where there have been many reports especially from Africa and Asia of women given the drug without their fully informed consent and of doctors exceeding their own countries' recommendations of its use.

There was even a report of women in a Cambodian refugee camp being given the drug with the promise of extra food. Even so, the drug is used as part of WHO and International Planned Parenthood Federation contraception programmes.

At present several health authorities including America and Canada are considering whether to license Depo-Provera, after lengthy debate on the medical and social implications. In the past, the US has refused to license the drug for even short term use.

The Coordinating Group on Depo-Provera - the main pressure group against the drug - will not be allowed to give verbal evidence at the hearing. But its comprehensive written evidence would do justice to an organization with much greater resources at its disposal.

Much of the evidence rests on the known side effects of the drug but also raised doubts about the largely unknown long term effects of continued use of Depo-Provera. The group argues that if Depo-Provera is to come on the market at all its use should be limited and controlled so that the terms of the drug's licence are not exceeded.

Upjohn's expert witnesses - a list of whom reads like a Who's Who of obstetrics and pharmacology - will give verbal evidence.

The hearing will be held in the conference suite, Riverwalk House, Millbank, London, SW1, starting on Monday, April 25, 1983 at 10am.

On the panel will be Professor Rosalinde Hurley, chairwoman of the Medicines Commission at the DHSS, Professor A. Asscher, also a member of the Medicines Commission, Ian Kennedy, director of the Centre of Law, Medicine and Ethics at King's College, London, Professor H. Jacobs, consultant gynaecologist and Professor F. A. Langley.



Third World population control: Depo-Provera is given to a young woman in Thailand

## The benefits and side-effects

Depo-Provera is a synthetic form of one of the body's natural hormones, progesterone. Each injection prevents pregnancy for at least three months by stopping a woman's eggs developing and by making her womb hostile to any fertilized egg which might creep through.

Since 1978 Depo-Provera has been used in Britain for short-term contraception, which means one, or at most two, injections. Doctors can, and often do, exert their "clinical judgment" and give Depo-Provera for longer periods - for years, rather than months.

There is evidence that Depo-Provera has been misused - given to socially disadvantaged women without full counselling about the drug and its side effects. Its very nature makes it an ideal drug for women who find it impossible to remember to take the pill or use other forms of contraception. A few doctors are thought to have taken it upon themselves to inject such women - often after an abortion or an unwanted child - without explaining the full implications of the drug.

Depo-Provera often prevents a woman from having her normal period. This in itself worries women given insufficient counselling since they think they may be pregnant when their periods stop. In the first months or even up to a year after taking the drug she will have some unpredictable bleeding. Before the injection, is given there is no way of knowing whether this will be mild or severe.

Once the injection is given there is

no turning back - for the first months the woman must simply "grin and bear it" if she is one of the unfortunate minority who bleeds severely.

Depo-Provera does not cause permanent infertility but women may be slow to conceive after they stop the drug, so it is better kept for women not planning further children. It is often these older women who have a narrow choice of contraceptive methods because their weight, blood pressure or smoking puts them at risk of heart problems if they take the pill.

An enthusiastic supporter of Depo-Provera is Dr John Tyllieski, of the department of obstetrics and gynaecology at the general hospital in Motula, southern Sweden, and also runs his own practice. He believes Depo-Provera is the best contraceptive for women over 35 who do not want more children, and half of his patients in that category use the drug.

Motula is a provincial town with a population of about 30,000 and is far removed from the poor inner cities of Britain when Depo-Provera achieved its controversial status. More than 400 Motula women use the drug, a proportion at least 20 times greater than in the rest of Sweden.

Dr Tyllieski recently surveyed 182 women who first had Depo-Provera in the early 1970s. Some had had a single injection, others had stayed on the drug for 12 years. Four out of five liked the drug, but 22 per cent had stopped it because of side effects. The most common of

these were irregular bleeding, weight gain, decreased sex drive and depression.

Since most women who stopped treatment did so within a year of starting Depo-Provera, the survey supported the view that, provided women can cope with the bleeding irregularities in the first months, they generally use the contraceptive for several years.

And what of the benefits? Forty-five per cent of the women in the survey said that not having periods was an advantage, as was the simplicity and reliability of the method.

One woman I spoke to at Dr Tyllieski's clinic, started having Depo-Provera nine years ago after suffering a thrombosis that made it impossible to continue with the Pill. She experienced some bleeding in the early months, but it was not bad enough to make her stop the treatment. A bonus was the disappearance of eczema and migraine from which she had previously suffered.

Two other women had started Depo-Provera because of the risk of circulatory problems with the Pill. One had high blood pressure, the other a family history of heart problems.

The oldest patient Dr Tyllieski had had on the drug was 54. Since there is a tentative theory that Depo-Provera may have a role in protecting women from breast cancer, the doctor believes women should continue to use it even after the menopause.

## PENNY PERRICK'S DIARY

### Transport of delight across the Irish Sea

Conemara Ireland begins at Liverpool, or at least on the B & I (British and Irish) car ferry which nightly crosses the Irish Sea. For years, I used to spend the night on board in a bunk which throbbed with vibrations from the adjoining engine room, or, worse, wriggling on a recliner seat in a lounge awash in stale Guinness. Then I married a man who'd endured a spartan upbringing in a Methodist parsonage in Cornwall. To shake off the effects of this gloom start in life, he became an incomparable sybarite. Within minutes of boarding the boat, he discovered a row of boatdeck cabins reserved for the gentry. Now we travel in style in what looks like a miniature Ideal Home Exhibition stand, all bright prim and fitted carpets. It's a ladylike way to cross the sea, but I raise the night life below deck, full of nuns clutching armfuls of duty-free Bailey's Irish Cream and men who look as if they could tell you what really happened to Shergar, had they a mind to.

organization called Women in the Home, says that you cannot expect Irish women to act like their slicker European counterparts - having careers and husbands who can rustle up an excellent blanquette de veau - until traditional housing arrangements are drastically altered and Ireland is peppered with easy-care apartments instead of hard-core houses. She's right. The Irish women I know spend whole chunks of their lives in sagging cardigans and midsplattered wellies, pegging out an endless line of washing, carrying buckets of turf to the fire and cooking on primitive stoves. By the time their last child is grown, it's time for them to be eating for their first grandchild. Sometimes when the rain wets their newly dry washing and their stove smokes, I pity them but not, I suspect, as often as they pity me.

In Conemara, where the only studied glances that come my way are from the cows, I go through a transformation - hair cuts, eyes glow, spots vanish. Back in London, subject to heavy scrutiny, the process is reversed. Sometimes when the rain wets my scalp like a dead mouse, water, skin eruptions, like a magazine beauty makeover feature run backwards. This is unfortunate since my first London appointment calls for a certain amount of personal glossiness. It's at the Marks & Spencer headquarters, where I have been called upon to explain some disparaging remarks about their tights that I made on this page some weeks ago.



Today, I drove into the little grey town in the west, fourteen miles along the coast road. In the Conemara Marble Shop, they sold paperback copies of Molly Parkin's novels alongside earnest biographies of Douglas Hyde. I bought an English newspaper and an Irish magazine. The newspaper wrote about Michael Winner's battles with an overly-strict film censor and, on another page, had an article to the effect that virginity is good for you. The magazine carried a savagely disapproving article about the woman who chairs the Pro-life Amendment Campaign and a short story about a woman who didn't much like her baby. Cross-cultural influences at work here, I'd say.

Ireland is having a hard time in the EEC, which wants to drag her screaming and jiving into a world approved by London, NW3. Constantly under fire by Eurocrats of the Hampstead persuasion is what is known as "our traditional Irish married life", in which the wife has a lot of children and the husband has a lot to drink. A very sensible woman, Nora Gillingham, of an

I am led down many stately corridors and then through an impressive wooden door marked "Ladies Underwear". Inside is a lady's boudoir in a pale blue bra from the autumn collection weaves her way around the desks at which sit pin-striped men and frilly-bloused women. None is distracted. Nor do they look up when I setze one of M & S's brand new lines, introduced by popular demand - a double D sized bra. Good grief, each cup would hold a week's groceries. My own physical problems seem puny indeed.

Punier still when M & S decide that the ill-fit of their tights is not because of any abnormality on the part of my legs. Graciously, they promise to let me test-run future samples hot off the production line and, gratefully, I scamper from St Michael House, before they decide to drag me off to their laboratories to check me for spillage, shrinkage and loss of colour.

### TOMORROW

Modern Times meets the night people - those who work while others sleep.

# IN 1928 THEY SAID A DEPRESSION COULD NOT HAPPEN. CAN YOU BELIEVE THOSE SAME VOICES IN 1983... THE DOWNWAVE ROBERT BECKMAN

Over the last few years we've been told, again and again, that the road to economic recovery is just round the corner. Is it? Dare you continue to believe the so-called experts whose predictions have been so consistently proved wrong?

Robert Beckman believes you should not. Since 1979 his has been the lone voice warning that there is no meaningful proof whatsoever to support forecasts of economic recovery.

Now, in *The Downwave*, he spells it out with devastating frankness in a no-holds-barred guide to the upheaval that lies ahead. And he backs it all up with incontrovertible evidence, not all of it economic.

His message is simple but positive. You can survive the recession by using it. There are steps the man in the street can take to secure the future. There are opportunities that will never again occur in our lifetime. Beckman shows you the way.

His advice is backed by a successful track record of financial forecasting. Over the

Available now in bookshops throughout the country.

years Beckman has put his money where his mouth is and successfully demonstrated to many investors and members of the public how to stay one jump ahead. This advice is now offered to you in *The Downwave*.

*The Downwave* by Robert Beckman is everything the experts would tell you if only they dared. Can you afford to ignore it?



Pan Books

## The solution to the great blue trout mystery

The menu said blue trout in German. Not speaking more than six words of the language, blue trout and *wiener schnitzel* were the only dishes in the whole list I could even identify. No one in the neat empty lakeside restaurant spoke English or French, so I pointed at the trout, called for a glass of wine and sat back to admire the view of snow-capped peaks posing above their own darker reflections.

Some considerable time later the waiter returned with a ceremonial assembly of domed silver dishes and jugs. With a flourish he lifted the largest dome to expose a whole of fish. Its skin did indeed have a curious blue bloom and, knowing no better at the time, I assumed that the fish grew like that in the deep lakes thereabouts. Well, there are brown trout and rainbow trout, so why not blue trout?

Of course I soon learned that this blue business is a piece of culinary artifice and that the skin of any fresh, unwashed trout can be made to turn blue before your very eyes. It is the natural slime, for want of a more appealing description, which changes colour when the fish is poached in an acidulated stock. Some recipes call for huge amounts of vinegar which are not only unnecessary, but spoil the taste of the fish. Lemon juice, or white wine will also do the trick. But you do need fresh, not frozen fish, and they should be handled as little as possible. Marks & Spencer's fresh farmed Scottish rainbow trout worked beautifully for this recipe and those which follow.

Our native brown trout caught in fast-flowing waters are highly prized. Farmed, usually rainbow, trout are not the most thrilling of fish though they are usually pretty enough in a snub-nosed spotty sort of way. But however fresh farmed fish is, its unathletic lifestyle or some other aspect of its super-controlled existence, produces flesh which is softer and has less tone and taste than that of a wild fish.

The best fish call for the simplest of cooking methods - frying in butter or grilling over wood. Farmed trout or any that have been frozen repay a little extra care.

### THE TIMES COOK



Shona Crawford Poole

Blue trout Serves two 2 very fresh trout 450ml (1 1/2 pint) fish stock or water 150ml (1/2 pint) dry white wine, or 4 tablespoons wine vinegar or fresh lemon juice 1 shallot or small onion, finely chopped Salt and freshly ground black pepper

Gut the fish but do not wash them. Wash their tails, that is, trim them to points, if you like, and cut off the fins. Or you may prefer to leave the tails as they are on the grounds that the naturally rounded shape echoes the blunt nose and over all design of the fish.

Combine the fish stock or water with the wine, vinegar or lemon juice, onion or shallot and salt and pepper, in a shallow pan and bring the liquid to the boil. Reduce the heat to a simmer and lay the fish in the simmering stock. Cook it very gently for 10 minutes. Rather than risk spoiling the skin by turning the fish, baste them with the poaching liquid and cook covered.

Drain the trout very well and serve them with melted butter or hollandaise sauce, and new potatoes.

In Wales and in the Pyrenees trout are cooked with bacon. In the French version of the recipe the pan is deglazed with a little vinegar after the fish have been fried to make an excellent, instant, sauce.

Trout with bacon Serves four 4 plump trout 225g (8 oz) smoked bacon, lean and fat

30g (1 oz) butter 4 tablespoons seasoned flour 1 clove garlic, finely chopped 2 tablespoons white wine vinegar 2 tablespoons chopped chives or parsley to garnish

Gut the fish, cut off the fins and wash and dry them.

Cut the bacon in dice or narrow strips and put them in a cold frying pan. Heat slowly and steadily until the fat runs and the bacon is cooked and beginning to crisp. Then add the butter.

Coat the fish with the seasoned flour and add them to pan. Cook them for about five minutes on each side, turning carefully only once. Lift the fish from the pan and arrange them on a warm serving dish. Drain the bacon and sprinkle it over the fish. Keep warm.

Fry the garlic briefly in the fat remaining in the pan. Remove the pan from the heat and stir in the vinegar. Pour the sauce immediately over the fish and serve with a sprinkling of chopped chives or parsley and plainly boiled new or old potatoes.

Nuts and trout are another well tried combination. Usually sliced almonds or hazel nuts are fried golden brown in butter after the fish has been sautéed, and the nuts then sprinkled over the fish. But the nuts can also be used to coat the fish before baking them.

Baked trout with almonds Serves four 4 plump trout 55g (2 oz) butter, melted 110g (4 oz) almonds, very finely chopped or coarsely ground Salt and freshly ground black pepper 1 lemon

Gut the fish, cut off the fins, and wash and dry them. Paint the fish with melted butter and coat them in the chopped or ground almonds. Season them lightly and lay them in one layer in a well buttered baking dish. Spoon any remaining melted butter over them.

Cook the trout in a preheated moderate oven (180°C/350°F gas mark 4) for about 20 minutes. Serve immediately from the baking dish with a freshly cut wedge of lemon to squeeze over them.

## TALKBACK

### Delius unsullied

From J. R. Heron, Consultant Neurologist, North Staffordshire Hospital Centre, Hartshill, Stoke-on-Trent. Dr Thomas Sutcliffe (Medical Briefing, March 18) quotes from Professor Southill who was shown Sir John Coneybear's case notes, indicating that the negative blood WR test for syphilis - the absence of involvement of the dorsal columns of the spinal cord, the absence of dementia and Sir John's own expert opinion - are all strong evidence that Delius's final illness was not due to syphilis.

A further indication that this illness was not due to acquired syphilis is that his father was known to have suffered from a similar disease, years previously.

In the nineteenth century and early twentieth century relatively obscure hereditary or sporadic spinocerebellar degenerations and demyelinating diseases of the central nervous system, of unknown aetiology, were not uncommonly and understandably, wrongly diagnosed as being due to syphilis.

A careful appraisal of Sir John Coneybear's case notes on Delius would certainly offer the best, and only satisfactory evidence on which to base a final and informed conclusion.

### DIY cures

From Daniele Ryman, Director, Marguerite Maury, Aromatherapy, Park Lane Hotel, Piccadilly, W1.

Like Dr Linda A. Anderson and Dr J. D. Pringon - (Letters March 26), I read the Modern Times column "Turning to the quest" (March 24) with concern. What I particularly find alarming is the implication of self-prescription. I have come across several cases where the essential oils from sage and rosemary can, through the wrong dosage, cause epileptic fits. Another example is the essential oil of camphor, in particular the cheap variety from Japan which can be toxic. This is recommended for colds and coughs.

What I would therefore suggest is that these natural remedies be administered by experienced practitioners. A list of these can be obtained from the Institute of Complementary Medicine, 21 Portland Place, London W1.

British...  
...into...  
...the AP



SPECTRUM

The British festival opening in New York today is reviving the enthusiasm of the Beatle era

British arts bite into the Apple

By Christopher Thomas

Even New York is dazzled by it all. The greatest outpouring of British culture ever to go abroad is spending the hot, steaming summer in America's greatest city in a fabulous display of art, dance, theatre, music and sport.

A random selection of exhibits gives the flavour: the Guggenheim Museum will stage an exhibition focusing on British art from 1930 to the present, featuring works from Francis Bacon, Ben Nicholson, Henry Moore, Richard Hamilton and others.

More than 3,000 London Transport posters dating from 1908 will be on display, as will some exceptional English silver drawn from the Victoria and Albert Museum, the National Trust and private collections.

Perhaps the most spectacular event to open in the next couple of days, however, is one entitled "Constable's England", the first major exhibition of John Constable's work in America in more than 30 years.

Another exhibition features "The Best in British Graphic Art and Photography", while the festival's eclectic nature will be indicated by a display, at the American Museum of Natural History, of the types of plants that Captain Cook took home from his voyage of botanical exploration between 1768 and 1771.

But there are more than just mainline attractions. Winston Churchill will be honoured with the first one-man show of his paintings in America, there will be a display of contemporary jewelry by leading designers, and a



Participants in the British arts festival in New York during the coming months include Claudio Abbado (above left), conducting the London Symphony Orchestra; Harriet Walter and John Franklyn-Robbins (above centre) as Helena and the King of France in the Royal Shakespeare Company's *All's Well that Ends Well*; Sir Hugh Casson (above left), the festival's artistic director; the jazz composer Mike Westbrook (below left), whose Brass Band will re-export the music to the country of its birth; and the members of the Royal Ballet, whose repertoire on tour will include *Dances of Albion*

collection of brass rubbings will be on display.

Mike Westbrook, possibly the most prominent British jazz composer, will be in town with his six-piece brass band, playing his settings of William Blake, and in the theatre the range is enormous, including performances in halls and hotels by the Black Theatre Cooperative, the Brighton Theatre Company, The Eye and Ear Theatre, the Moving Picture Mime Show and many others.

So it goes on, something like 200 events in the entertainment halls and museums of America's cultural capital. So great is the quantity on offer, and so rich its quality, that the undertaking seems almost arrogant: one really should not be so bold in somebody else's house, even though the hosts seem not to mind a bit.

Further into this dazzling catalogue of culture, there will be a major retrospective of Henry Moore, consisting of some giant bronze sculptures as well as smaller works. Transporting that lot has cost Gould Inc, an electronics business, the best part of \$800,000, the highest single contribution of the festival.

As a whole, the jamboree is costing something between \$3m and \$4m, out of a poeony of which has come from the taxpayers of America or Britain. Capitalism, the guiding spirit of New York, is footing the entire bill.

David Lloyd-Jacob is the retired chairman of the Amcon Group Inc, a British mining equipment company that has had its headquarters in New York since 1907. He spent a long time thinking about the prospects for an arts festival during his many trips across

the Atlantic. "Our two countries have a co-conspirator relationship in so many fields, especially culture," he said. "Our common heritage and language and our strong business ties are nowhere stronger than in New York City."

The torrent of American publicity has been sudden and heady. There have been huge spreads in the newspapers and magazines; not since the Beatles arrived in 1964, perhaps, has it seemed so interesting and appropriate to be British in New York. It is one of the peculiarities of the British here that they do not have a community like other ethnic groups; lately, though, they have been inspected, assessed and labelled, photographed and quoted at extraordinary length.

Some of this coverage has been amusing and highly memorable. John Richardson, sprawling in his chintz sofa and smiling out of the glossy pages of *New York* magazine, took time off writing his book about Picasso to venture his opinion about New York: "Old moony meets new moony here. Jews meet Geonies, Hicks meet sophisticates. The English always tend to eod up the extra man."

There was also the Earl Jermyn, who spends as much time in New York as is permitted to a registered resident of Nassau and Mootie Carlo and who was described as "dandified" - a coronet stickpin adorns his tie. "He had much to say about a subject with which he should be highly familiar: 'The ostivity of the English aristocracy is incredible. They take advice from the old family lawyer who is interested in keeping things as they always were. They have

no spending power, they're land heavy, and in the end they go broke."

Edwina Sandys, appearing under the headline "We Happy Few", a profile of 11 New York Brits, ventured: "English people who come here all want to achieve things. It's like Dick Whittington - streets paved with gold." She is heavily involved in organizing the festival: two telephones ring remorselessly in her Manhattan apartment, where her own spectacular works look down from a high wall on to a chaotic but friendly scene. One of the first official functions of the festival was that night - a reception at the Algonquin, the most British hotel in New York as well as the one enjoying the closest links with the worlds of literature and the arts. Entertainment was supplied by Millicent Martin. There will be a lot more of that sort of thing in the coming months.

considering whether to make it an annual event oow they have discovered that there are so many Blues in New York who seem to enjoy reliving the experience of slogging up a highly tidal river.

Organising the event has, at times, evidently been an agonizing process. One early complication occurred when the Central Park authorities got cold feet over plans for a pop concert. Then the featured group, Queen, received a lucrative offer from elsewhere and took off to the bank. There will, however, be a rock concert at Madison Square Garden on April 25, although the star attraction has yet to be nominated.

The names connected with the event are weighty indeed, starting at the top: the festival's patrons are Prince Charles and Nancy Reagan. Inevitably, there is excited speculation around town about a visit from the Prince and Princess of Wales.

Fuelling the gossip, the Prince has put his signature to a full-page message in a glossy magazine supplement in the *New York Times*, wherein he gives no hints of any plans to come to the ballet but does make mention of a distant relative: "It is more than 300 years since the 30-year-old brother of King Charles II took possession of the city, which he promptly renamed, with oo great modesty, after himself."

Modesty has oo part in this festival. Britain is showing off, bragging with all its might in a great display of resources from the past and of the present. It is amusing that we continue to insist that it is we who are saluting them. It begins to look rather like the other way around.

The whole huge extravaganza was cooceived in an airliner 25,000 feet above the Atlantic, where David Lloyd-Jacob was thinking about the little hiccup in Anglo-American relations that occurred 200 years ago. Like so many successful New York businessmen and corporate bosses, he is British; it seemed to him, in his musings, that America should be reassured that there were no hard feelings about the revolutionary war.

And so it all began. The corporate giants began falling over themselves to get involved, to sponsor something, to act as a host, to lend their names. If one is anybody in New York this summer, one simply must get invited to a British bash. Britain is oot so much saluting New York as taking it over for the summer and on into the autumn.

It starts officially today with a black-tie reception at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, an appropriate setting for the greatest foreign cultural and arts festival ever staged in the United States. The schedule of events for the next few days gives an idea of the scale of things: by the end of the weekend more than 20 exhibitions of aspects of Britain past and present - just a selection of those that will eventually get under way - will have opened and the social calendar for every day this week is, to say the least, exotic.



Tokyo Japanese schools have traditionally been halls of order and decorum, and the students - boys garbed in black military-style jackets and girls in sailor suit uniforms - models of dedication and obedience. But a series of violent incidents involving teenagers has prompted the Education Ministry to establish a task force to study the problem and to recommend corrective measures.

In addition, Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone has promised that finding ways to deal with violence in schools will be one of the priorities of his Cabinet. But neither the Prime Minister nor the Education Ministry has indicated what actions might be taken.

Since late January there have been more than a dozen cases of violence by students, both

inside and outside the classroom, that were widely reported in the Japanese press, which carried references to the blackboard jungle.

Though the number of cases was small, the cruelty of some of the young people involved made them the subject of national attention and concern.

For example, in early February a gag of teenage boys beat up a number of vagrants in Yokohama, in an incident described as a sadistic orgy by the English-language *Japan Times*. Three of the victims died from their injuries.

In another case, a 14-year-old girl in a school in Kisarazu, a city near Tokyo, was beaten with a bamboo sword for three hours by a dozen of her classmates. The assailants came from affluent families and had no previous records of delinquency.

At a Tokyo junior high school, four boys ganged up on one of their 14-year-old classmates and physically abused him. In another case, a physically handicapped teacher in Tokyo stabbed a student with a fruit knife, after being harassed and attacked for weeks by a group of boys.

In Japan, a culturally and ethnically homogeneous nation with the most equitable distribution of income among the major industrialized countries, juvenile delinquency is still much less prevalent than, say, in Britain or the United States.

Yet school violence has increased sharply in recent years. Teachers say the problem first emerged about 10 years ago and has worsened steadily.

According to the National Police Agency, violent incidents involving junior and senior high school students on school premises totalled 1,961 last year, or 60 per cent more than the number three years earlier. There were 8,904 victims and 4,267 assailants, mostly students aged 14 and 15.

The police agency also reported that the number of cases of violence by junior and senior high school students against teachers reached 843 last year, four and a half times the number in 1978, when the police began counting such cases.

The numbers are tiny considering there are 10 million students in 16,000 junior and senior high schools throughout Japan. However, the reported cases are said to be only an indication of the overall problem, since most lesser incidents go unreported rather than ruining a young person's record.

The recent wave of violence came during the entrance examination season, which has just ended, when the anxiety created by Japan's uniform, highly competitive education system reaches its peak. With the end of the testing period in mid-March, the trouble subsided.

The high-pressure cramming education is one of the biggest reasons for school violence, said Michio Nagai, a former Education Minister and a professor of educational sociology at Sophia University. "There's no question about it."

Of the recent incidents, Takuji Kimura, a 16-year-old high school student in Tokyo, said: "I was not surprised. I and many others share a sense of frustration with the system and for teachers. But the majority of us would never do violent things because it would ruin our future."

individualistic values of the west, are thus more likely to rebel against a system of uniform education that stresses learning by rote, education officials say.

In the Japanese system, the personal costs for the students in terms of pressure, anxiety and childhoods with limited play seem high. The entrance examinations for high school and then college are all important. The competition to prepare for the tests has become increasingly intense in recent years. With fewer children and higher incomes, more families can afford to send their offspring to the night schools that students attend after their regular classes to cram for exams.

Regardless of test scores, all students attend some high school and most can get into some university. Yet in Japan's ordered society, one's educational pedigree marks an individual for life, determining his job and social status to a far greater degree than in the United States.

Most parents are saturated with the idea that to go to a first-rank university leads to a job in a big company and that leads to a happy life, said Tamiko Kikuchi, a Yokohama woman with a child in the third grade.

Accordingly, every possible effort is directed at getting high scores on the exams. Many Japanese mothers are called education mamas, who not only encourage and prod but, when their children are ill, will go no toobook in hand to attend the classes themselves to make sure young Kenji or Junko does not slip behind.

Every year there are students who, unable to bear the pressure, commit suicide before the exams or, more often, take their lives after receiving disappointing marks. In 1981, 1,777 people aged 24 and under committed suicide in Japan.

All education systems, Japanese teaching experts oote, both qualify students for life by teaching them useful skills and classify them for life by acting as a social sorting system. But in Japan, many say, there is too much emphasis on classification based on narrow criteria.

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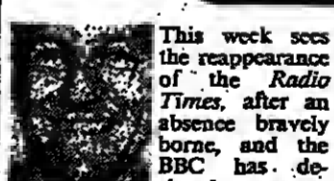
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MOREOVER... Miles Kington



This week sees the reappearance of the *Radio Times*, after an absence bravely borne, and the BBC has declared tomorrow a day of national rejoicing.

There will, of course, be a service of thanksgiving in St Paul's Cathedral, attended by all 92 BBC governors for those that have survived the absence of the *Radio Times*, and broadcast live on Radio 4 and BBC2 (see daily newspapers and *Time Out* for full details). It is hoped that the Queen will be able to attend; if not, her place will be taken by the Assistant Head of Religious and Monarchic Outside Broadcasts, or Queeny for short.

At St John's-in-the-Red there will be a pulp debate which should arouse a lot of public interest, between the editor of the *Radio Times* and a senior producer at BBC-TV. The text of this public discussion will be "How on earth, by all that is holy, is it possible to commission four pages of feature writing on a oow series and not mention the programme once, only the private life of the actors concerned?" No-one expects to hear an answer to this perennial problem in their lifetime, but the debate should be lively.

Equally solemnly, there will be a procession to the Tomb of the Unknown Composer, who is responsible for so much of Radio 3's output. Wreaths will be laid by the Baroque Society, the Friends of French Opera Operettes, the Society for the Preservation of Rural English Songwriters and CAMERA (the Campaign for Rare Albinos). There will then be a performance of the song-cycle "On Warlock Edge" and six concerti grossi by Gattieri. They will then be played again at the right speed.

But the accent will be on fun as well, and the team who produce the puzzles and riddles that oow occupy so much of the *Radio Times* will be on show in the busking area in Covent Garden, where they will give a

display of sensational anagrams and brain-teasers, culminating in a march past by the BBC's own house-trained pallidromes and a parachute descent by Roger Woddis, who will compose a new verse for the occasion as he falls.

The ever-popular *Radio Times* letters unit will put on a demonstration in Hyde Park (not Wales, Scotland or the regions) of dismantling a programme and putting it together again in one and a half minutes as the viewers would like it. Members of the public will also be able to put their complaints to the Deputy Head of Heavy Entertainment in person; he unfortunately will not be able to be there, as he has been sent on attachment to Aberdeen, but there will be a personal tape recording of his answer. "While we accept your criticisms in full, we feel that we know much better than you and that the programme was perfect in every way. Next, please."

For those who like to see behind the scenes, the BBC-TV Railway Film Unit are demonstrating some of the techniques used in their next epic series,

*Great Railway Slidings of The World*, while *Top of the Pops* will be showing just what happens during the four days necessary to train an average *TOTP* audience (the groups themselves, of course, just turn up and mime). David Attenborough will see this week looking for rare insects in Brunel, Iceland, Hawaii and Mauritius, so if you happen to be in the area, he says why not drop in and help him have a look or bring your own insects if you've got any? Jolly good.

Finally, if the absence of the *Radio Times* forced you to miss the historic programme in which Richard Attenborough accepted the nomination for the Eurovision Song Contest of his new number, "My Passive Resistance is Low", rest assured that it will soon be repeated.

As the new *Radio Times* does not start till Saturday, here is a brief resumé of programmes till then. Radio 1, as Radio 2, Radio 2, as Radio 1, Radio 3, music. Radio 4, talk. BBC-1, final episode of *I Love Parus* in the *Springtime*. BBC-2, the *Dinobirdy Snooker* Finals. John Pilger v "Hurricane" Thatcher.

CONCISE CROSSWORD (No 37)

A crossword puzzle grid with numbered squares and a list of clues. The clues include: ACROSS: 1 Food shortage (6), 4 Soggy (6), 7 Number (4), 8 Cosmos (8), 9 Fish (8), 12 Nostalgia (3), 15 Eye-piece (6), 16 Obstruct (6), 17 Digni (3), 19 Extra large (4,4), 24 Court marking (8), 25 Level (4), 26 Bird of prey, 27 Limited (6). DOWN: 1 Store (4), 2 Small object (9), 3 Evolve (5), 4 Propel (5), 5 Baking place (4), 6 Mail (5), 10 Aptitude (5), 11 French king (5), 12 Fraud (9), 13 Harbour (4), 14 Not hard (4), 18 Iris (5), 20 Aloofly (5), 21 Immature (5), 22 Chieftain (4), 23 Pack (4).



High standards in Japan's schools, but at what cost?

سكنا من الاجل



THE TIMES DIARY

Leg spinner

One of the ironies of the Australian prime minister's campaign against sporting links with South Africa is that Bob Hawke's life was once saved by a Springbok cricketer, touring Australia 31 years ago. It happened at Perth University where Hawke, as a student, did sparazine gardening for cash. One of his legs was caught in the wheel of a horse-drawn cart, and his thigh was badly torn when the horse bolted. Roy McLean, a South African batsman, and the late Ken Viljoen, Springbok tour manager, who were in Perth for the first match of the 1952-53 tour, rushed to Hawke's aid. Viljoen used McLean's shirt as a tourniquet while the batsman called an ambulance. Hawke later wrote to McLean to thank him for "saving my life". Incidentally, I notice that Hawke is now seeking a hurler for his official residence in Canberra. The pay is £310 a week, but only suitably experienced and qualified candidates need apply. I wonder what that means.

Hairy

One incident from the royal progress through Australia has not previously been broken surface in this country, though it is a favourite among antipodean reporters assigned to the tour. During a walkabout in South Australia, the Princess of Wales made, as usual for the kiddies and prattled one tuppence-headed mite on the head. "And why aren't you in school, today?" she inquired. "I was sent home, miss", the urchin replied, "because I've got head lice."

Book of the film

Like the Yanks, the bookies took a pasting on the Oscars. Esal Bookmakers, who offered the first British book on the academy awards, lost a total of £80,000 on *Gandhi's* triumph. They dropped £52,000 on its selection as best film, and £20,000 on Ben Kingsley's success as best actor. Oh, by the way, no one backed Sir Richard Attenborough to lift the best director award. Undaunted, the bookies are looking to recoup their losses. Already the odds against a British film completing the hat-trick next year are only a stinky 2-1.

Here is a sentence from a London Marathon press release which I guarantee will make cyclists and motorist fume: "To ensure smooth running for Marathon entrants, engineers are now filling the holes in the roads along the route".

Proms to pit

It came as a surprise even to the management at Sadler's Wells this week to discover that the pianist in the orchestra pit to accompany the dancing of the Joyce Trisler Duns Company is Yvonne Seow, better known as a successful concert player. In 1974 he won the BBC piano competition as youngest ever competitor, and he has played several televised Promenade concerts since. Not only is this the first time Seow has played for dancers, it is also the first time the dancers have worked to live accompaniment. Seow, who took the job partly for the challenge of tackling Hindemith's *Four Temperaments*, is beneficiary of the Musicians' Union's stern attitude to the use of tape recordings at live performances.

Waste not

I have struck a rich vein in the matter of toilet time reading. After Dr Johnson on the subject, here is Lord Chesterfield's advice to his son, quoted by Roy Porter in *English Society in the 18th Century* and forwarded to me by the vicar of Wadley, Sheffield: "I knew a gentleman who was so good a manager of his time, that he would not even lose that small portion of it which calls of nature obliged him to pass in the necessary house, but gradually went through all the Latin poets in those moments. He bought, for example, a common edition of Horace, of which he tore off gradually a couple of pages, carried them with him to that necessary place, read them first and sent them down as a sacrifice to Cloacina; that was so much time fairly gained, and I recommend you to follow my example... it will make any book which you shall read in that manner very present in your mind." Especially, of course, if it blocks the drains.

A correction circulated by the Birmingham Association of University Teachers says: "An unfortunate, if not entirely inappropriate, misprint has crept in... Nominations for the new National Women's Advisory Committee should, of course, be accompanied by brief biographical notes, and not by brief biological notes."

A Conservative councillor in Lambeth is calling for the borough's teeming pigeon population to be fed chemo-startants, which is the more surprising since the councillor's name is Dickie Bird. Objectors to his scheme are not much on the side of the pigeons, but favour shooting and trapping instead. Marksman visit Waterloo station twice a year, early on Sunday mornings, to pop off some of the pestiferous birds. The trouble with feeding sterilizing agents to the pigeons, it is said, is that their breeding season is so long there is nothing strong enough to stop them producing a clutch of squabbling squabs in the end.

Bernard Levin: the way we live now

A woman's place is in the House, or is it?

I learn (from an article by the Prime Minister's daughter, no less) of an organization called "The 300 Group", that being the number of women MPs the outfit is determined to see elected, on the ground that the population it is only just and fitting that they should be represented in Parliament by their own sex in the same proportion.

My first instinct, when I read this news, was to go back to bed and pull the bedclothes over my head, so that the neighbours should not be disturbed by my moans. My second instinct was to feel that the question is not quite so simple as that. What my third and deciding instinct will be I have not yet discovered, and I hope to do so in the course of this column.

Let us take first the thought that the ladies of The 300 Group are barking up a non sequitur of massive dimensions, a view which has much to commend it. Parliament exists to represent the political will of the country; it is organized into parties because it is only through party that that will can be channelled into a choice for the electorate. Both halves of this proposition are crude and inept, but they are the best we can do, and I know of no free country that denies either.

It follows that the selection of an MP is a political process. Of course, that is not entirely so, any more than the system itself is entirely perfect, but it is the ultimate aim, and cannot be otherwise if our system is to work at all.

But what is political about the fact of gender? (The attitudes to gender, and the effect of those attitudes, constitute another question, which I shall come to in a moment.) In what way is a woman MP politically different, solely because of her sex, from a male one? For the life of me, I cannot see any answer to that question other than nonsense (which I trust The 300 Group itself would repudiate) like the argument that women would bring a gentler touch to politics, would persuade the hostile male-led powers to lay down their masculine arms, would use "feminine intuition" to solve the problems of inflation, unemployment and Northern Ireland. All such arguments patronize and diminish women, rather than respecting and enhancing them, and I trust that no serious supporter of equality for women would embrace them (the arguments, that is).

If women, solely because of their numbers, ought to be half of Parliament, what about homosexuals? I don't know what the latest imaginary figure for the proportion of homosexuals in the population is supposed to be - I last saw it passing

the 20 per cent mark and for all I know it may be approaching 120 by now - but if sex is to decide the way we elect our MPs the "third sex" can surely claim treatment as fair as that which is to be meted out to women when The 300 Group has its way. And what about race, religion, and other important qualifications? There is a real case to be made out, if we are going to abandon the purely political nature of candidate selection, for a fixed proportion (indexed to allow for changes in the population) of coloured MPs, Jewish MPs, disabled MPs, drunker MPs (already, as a matter of fact, represented far more numerously than their boozier brothers and sisters in the population at large) and mad MPs.

I believe I was the first commentator on public affairs to campaign publicly for Mrs Thatcher's election as Leader of the Conservative Party. (I learned on that occasion, incidentally, that the women's movement in this country is largely bogus; instead of supporting her, and hailing her election when it was won, on the ground that this represented a giant advance for their sex irrespective of her politics, they fumed with rage because she was a Tory, and could not conceal their chagrin when her male colleagues chose her.) But I wanted her to win, as I wanted her to win the subsequent general election, not because it was time we had a woman party leader and Prime Minister, but because I thought she was the best candidate for both offices. No one now argues (I predicted this effect, and the speed with which it took place) for or against Mrs Thatcher because she is a woman; they admire or detest her policies, her character, her attitudes, and so they should. But what, then, is so different about women MPs who are not Prime Ministers? Why should they be selected on a principle that all can see is untenable in the case of Mrs T?

At this point I must put my head out, very cautiously, from under the bedclothes. There is no doubt that women are discriminated against, by those charged with the selection of Tory and Labour parliamentary candidates (and I do not believe the Alliance is really any better), and that they are discriminated against because they are women.

This is illogical and unfair; it also lowers the quality of Parliament, in that, whenever a better candidate is passed over for a worse, Parliament (and we) lose something valuable, and it seems to me clear that worse candidates are preferred to better ones only, in general, when the better is a woman. The result of this discrimination can be seen in the numbers of women who sit in the



House of Commons at this moment; not many more than 20; I am unable to believe that of all the women who went forward for candidatures only this pitiful number were more qualified than their male rivals, or for that matter that those who did not even get on to the short list were inferior to all the men who did.

What can we do about it? Obviously, only one thing: change attitudes. How best can we change attitudes? I am not one of those who think that since legislation cannot itself make us virtuous, it should never be employed where virtue is required; the legal prohibition against discrimination on a basis of colour will not rapidly stop people hating or despising those of darker hue than themselves, but it will stop hater's hanging out signs saying "No niggers here", and who will deny that that is a gain of sorts?

Unfortunately, the problem under discussion is not amenable to legislation; not even the most fanatical member of the 300 Group (I take it) would advocate a law obliging half the constituency parties in the country to choose women candidates for Parliament, and, as I have made clear, I think that it would be a bad idea if such a law could be passed, since however unfair the existing discrimination is, choosing political candidates for non-political reasons would still be disastrously wrong. (And it is, after

all, exactly what the discriminators do.)

What all sensible people want, surely, is the selection of the best candidates. That can never be fully achieved, but it is a goal to strive for, and meanwhile it can be approached one step at a time. Moreover, it can only be approached one step at a time. And since the leaders of all the parties are unable, whatever their private opinions, to do anything in public but urge the end of this discrimination, the first step could and should be a vigorous campaign of exhortation (and, if necessary, threat) on the part of our political leaders, directed at their own political followers. (The Tories, with a woman Prime Minister, have less excuse than their opponents, though the Labour Party has an extra handicap in the implacably discriminatory nature of the unions.)

Let it be clear, though, that the thrust of any such campaign is against discrimination, not in favour of the kind of principle espoused by the 300 Group. What, after all, would its members do if they fully achieved their object, so that half the members of the House of Commons were women, and then found that in all the constituencies of the other half there was a woman candidate much better qualified than any of the men? © Times Newspapers Limited, 1983

David Hewson

Gandhi: the even bigger prize

The *Gandhi* bandwagon has been rolling towards an Oscar success for months. Sir Richard Attenborough's film may not have been pushed with the overwhelming Hollywood razzamatazz of some of its rivals, but it was helped by a very British publicity campaign, quiet without being self-effacing, modest, and brimming over with integrity, very much like the picture itself.

It would be a mistake to assume, however, that *Gandhi's* prizes, following as they do, the unexpected win of the best picture award by *Chariots of Fire* last year, spell some form of inevitable recovery for the British film industry. The domestic publicity machine will undoubtedly work overtime in the next few days, much of it aimed at Mr Iain Sproat, the minister who is about to reshape much of the business. It will demand extra tax concessions, levies on the showing of films on television, and more funds for the state-sponsored National Film Finance Corporation.

What will be missing from the clamour is one simple truth behind the decline of British cinema - that the film business started to bit the rocks when it began to make films which the public did not want to see. *Gandhi's* Oscars may well do wonders for Goldcrest, the company which made it, but it does not alter the basic fact that an industry that has lost its umbilical cord to public taste can only stagnate. Britain is still a long way from re-establishing a cycle of domestic film production in which an average budget film stands a reasonable chance of recouping its costs.

Last year, according to *Screen International*, 51 major films were made in Britain or by British film units, compared with 24 in 1981. With cinema audiences tumbling, except for major hits like *Gandhi* and *E.T.*, few are likely to show a profit, or convince any foreign distributor of a resurgence in British cinema.

The record of the National Film Finance Corporation has been particularly disappointing. Backed by money from the Eady Levy, the tax on cinema admissions, the NFFC has produced a series of flops, the most disappointing of which was Lindsay Anderson's return to filmmaking, *Brianna Hospital*.

When the results of Mr Sproat's review become known in the next few weeks, it seems likely that the NFFC and the Eady Levy may be ended.

Both actions would be interpreted as an attack on the film industry by those who believe the Government should positively encourage our film-makers.

No one has yet explained adequately why the cinema industry is more deserving of favourable treatment than, say, makers of oil bearings, who may offer steadier employment for more people.

But this should not disguise the fact that there are anomalies in the

Government's attitude towards the cinema. The most obvious is the way in which departmental responsibility for crucially related matters such as cable television, cinema industry training and film policy itself is split between the Home Office, the Department of Trade and the Department of Education and Science.

This is an anachronism and a nuisance, but it does not prevent anyone making a feature film. Only a lack of finance does that, and, given some of the spectacular excesses of the British film business in recent years, investors cannot be blamed for putting their money elsewhere.

Far too often, would-be backers have discovered, to their cost, that unreality exists in both sides of the cameras. Production expertise, financial management, and accurate accounting are skills which have often been absent, probably because they were thought inferior to creative talent.

What is, perhaps, most remarkable about *Gandhi* is that after 20 years of Attenborough's efforts, anyone stumped up the cash for the venture. It was James Lee, Goldcrest's chairman and chief executive of its parent, Pearson Longman, who nudged Pearson away from its more conventional interests - the *Financial Times* and Penguin Books - towards films at a time when the rest of the City was watching Lord Grade's ACC pour millions down the drain on flops like *Raise the Titanic*.

Goldcrest's interests have been unashamedly commercial. It has dug deep into its reserves to hire figures it views as the brightest talents around - Putnam, Barry Hanson, who produced *The Long Good Friday*, and former Thames TV head Mike Wooler - and concentrated on making intelligent, popular pictures. Like any other company, it lives or dies by the quality of its output.

Compare this with the elitist, little-seen films of the NFFC, where profits are preferable to losses, but not essential, and one confronts the conflict between the old, oying British cinema of subsidies, intervention and direction by the good and great, and the promise of a more vigorous cinema, where that subtle relationship between public taste and a producer's skill resumes its cardinal importance.

While one may argue about *Gandhi's* artistic merits over its rivals, the very fact that it was financed at all, after so many years of Attenborough's fruitless searching, depended more on Pearson Longman's changing nature than the quality of the subject. What it has proved, deserving of favourable treatment than, say, makers of oil bearings, who may offer steadier employment for more people.

But this should not disguise the fact that there are anomalies in the

Brian Crozier

When no deal is the best deal

Pactis is the special professional malady of foreign ministries and of career diplomats: the notion that any agreement is better than none. Whether the agreement (accord, pact, treaty, convention, protocol) is intrinsically good or bad is professionally of secondary importance. The pact's the thing.

To be fair, an agreement between friends or natural associates is good, more often than not. The North Atlantic Treaty, for instance, was good, meeting the need for collective defence against Stalin.

Even the Treaty of Rome had its good points, though it would have been better if the insular British had not boycotted the Messina conference of 1955 and had helped to shape a treaty more consistent with Britain's interests, instead of leaving it to the French to make the running. Where pactis is dangerous is in negotiations with an ideological or political adversary, who regards negotiations as a continuation of war by other means.

I am prompted to these reflections by the bellicose statements of Marshal Kulikov at the latest meeting of the Warsaw Pact, of which he is commander-in-chief. His words were ostensibly addressed to President Reagan, but in reality to the "peace" demonstrators in the West, who need a good anti-American scare every now and then. He sounded awfully like Khrushchev 20 years ago, boasting: "We will bury you!"

Nothing, of course, could be more desirable than a US-Soviet pact on intermediate-range missiles in Europe, or for that matter on the intercontinental monsters - but only if the outcome preserved or restored the nuclear balance on which peace depends, as the case may be, and only if the pact made adequate provision for inspection. The spy-in-the-act does not see everything. A pact for the sake of reassuring CND would be terrifying.

In fact, all conflicts involving ideological adversaries are soluble if one is prepared to give the adversary what he wants. Neville Chamberlain and Edouard Daladier reached agreement with Hitler at Munich by the simple expedient of giving him Czechoslovakia. Chamberlain thought this piece of paper had bought "peace in our time". He was, putting it minimally, wrong.

The late Pierre Mendes-France reached agreement with ideological adversaries at Geneva in July 1954, winning a bet that he would bring peace to Indochina within a month,

or resign as Premier. The clocks, it is said, were stopped in the Palais des Nations to enable him to make his deadline.

The agreement marked France's recognition of defeat, and Mendes-France even managed to deny his real adversary, Ho Chi Minh, the whole of the prize he coveted (both North and South Vietnam) by swapping the partition of Vietnam against an undertaking to Motolov that he (Mendes-France) would allow the proposal for a European Defence Community (EDC) to die in the French Assembly. Which duly happened.

Similarly, Henry Kissinger thought he had achieved "peace with honour" in Paris in January 1973, enabling the Americans to pull out of Vietnam. Two years later the communist forces overran South Vietnam (whose own forces had been denied ammunition by the US Congress), and Ho Chi Minh had his posthumous triumph.

Perhaps the classic case of a bad agreement hailed at the time as a diplomatic triumph was the Geneva pact on Laos, in July 1962. With what infinite patience, skill and good humour did that delightful man, the late Malcolm MacDonald, manage to persuade the neutralist and anti-communist factions to join the communists in a government of national unity. The predictable delayed outcome was that the communists made a meal of their temporary partners.

Palestine could well be one of the bad agreements still to be reached. Mrs Thatcher's refusal to play host to the PLO shows her awareness of the potential danger of handing that unfortunate territory and its people to a group of terrorists who were adopted by the Soviet Union in 1974 as a potential instrument of its foreign policy. To what extent they remain one after their dispersal from Lebanon and after the Russians had failed to lift a finger to defend them against the Israeli incursion does, however, need to be clarified.

Another bad agreement of the avoidable future could be a settlement of the Namibian problem. The kind of agreement I have in mind would be one that gave control over South-West Africa to that other surrogate of the Soviet Union, Swazopi. In no time, Admiral Gorshkov would be setting up a naval base in what is now the South African enclave of Walvis Bay, and threatening to undo some of the good of our Falklands victory. My fingers are firmly crossed.

Blood on a black spot

Mr R. A. F. Swart: And if they do not wish to be moved? The Minister (Dr Piet Kogonob): Then we try to discuss it with them, and we try to get them to participate. I am on record as saying that we want to get away as far as is practicable and possible from forced removals. (From the Hansard record of a debate in the House of Assembly in Cape Town on February 11, on the uprooting of black communities.)



Before the final terror: Saul Mkhize with white anti-apartheid campaigners. Two weeks later he was shot.

Johannesburg Saul Mkhize will be buried on Saturday in a plot behind his family home, a walled enclosure of solid one-storey thatched huts built from stones handcut by his grandfather more than 70 years ago. He died because he wanted to go on living where his father and grandfather had lived and died and been buried before him. Even in death the apartheid ideologues might still pursue him to seize and re-inter his bones.

On Easter Saturday Mr Mkhize called a meeting in the yard of the primary school at Driefontein, in the wooded, undulating countryside of the south-eastern Transvaal close to the border with Swaziland. He had intended to discuss a petition he had drafted protesting against the Government's plan to resettle the village's 5,000 or more inhabitants in tribal reserves.

The draft of the petition read in part: "We and our families have lived in Driefontein for over 70 years. We cannot accept that the Government can simply take away our land without even being prepared to discuss it with us". Several hundred villagers turned up for the meeting, but before it could begin two police constables, one white and one black, arrived in a van and declared the gathering illegal. According to the villagers, there was some scuffling when the white policeman tried to grab Mr Mkhize's loudspeaker and punched or slapped him in the face. Tear gas canisters were fired.

Then the white constable drove the van out of the fenced yard, stopped, took out "a long gun" and fired at least two shots. The first hit a tree. The second was aimed directly at Mr Mkhize. The police say the constable acted to save himself from a "frenzied mob". In the unlovely glossary of apartheid, Driefontein is a "black spot", sometimes more euphemistically called "a poorly situated area". The term is used to describe the parcels of land bought freehold by blacks from whites before 1913, when the Native Lands Act prohibited further transactions of this kind. Since they came to power in 1948, the Nationalists, in their

pathological obsession with racial tidiness, have been seeking to eradicate these black splashes besmirching the face of "white" South Africa.

The Government is secretive about the scale of the removals, and its figures are considered unreliable. The best independent guess is that close to half a million people have been trucked from "black spots" and dumped in usually barren resettlement camps in one or other of the 10 generally impoverished and disease-ridden tribal "homelands" set aside for black occupation. Together they account for no more than 14 per cent of South Africa's land surface.

The "black spot" removals are only part of a larger resettlement policy in which an estimated two to three million people, the vast majority of them black and most of them against their will, have been moved. A further million are said to be threatened with removal. The "black spot" eradication is peculiarly senseless because it typically involves the uprooting of what are not only long-established but usually contented, conservative and relatively successful rural communities. Driefontein is a fair example.

Covering 6,100 acres it was one of three farms sold by a Willem Gouws to the Native Farmers' Association of Africa Ltd in 1912. This was one of a number of companies set up to buy land for black settlement at a time when many whites were moving to the cities. Two adjoining pieces of black

boreholes, a clinic, a cattle dip and bigger school buildings.

Some years ago government officials went to the village and had the letters "S" or "Z", followed by a number, painted on the doors of houses. At the time, many villagers naively accepted the explanation that the purpose was to improve postal deliveries. In fact it was to show who were destined for KwaNdwane, the Swazi "homeland", and who were for KwaZulu, the Zulu "homeland", in crude disregard of cross-tribal marriage and family links.

In 1981 the villagers received a letter from a government deputy minister saying that sometimes it was necessary "for people to be encouraged to move for their own ultimate good" and that a dam "of national importance" was to be built which would "inundate some of your properties". In fact it has not been shown that the dam needs to flood more than a small part of the Driefontein area if at all.

The villagers also learnt that they would be taken to the resettlement locations in buses, provided with rations for no more than three days and temporary accommodation in tents or prefabricated shacks.

Mr Mkhize, who was about 48, inherited four properties from his father. He was also a qualified printer and worked in an accountancy firm in Johannesburg. Last December, at a meeting of 3,000 of the villagers, he was elected chairman of a new council of directors. This in effect replaced the previous "community board" which, it was felt, had not been negotiating toughly enough with the government. At one point about 80 landholders had signed affidavits saying they wanted to be moved, but nearly all later said they had done so under threat and pressure.

From December on there was increasing harassment of the villagers by police and government officials. In February, Mr Mkhize's 17-year-old son Paris was beaten up by some men who identified themselves as policemen (though the police disclaim any responsibility for the incident). On March 19 a magistrate from Walkerstrom arrived and delivered an ultimatum from the government: the resettlement was going ahead whether the villagers liked it or not, and the counting of houses and people would begin shortly. Two days before he died, Mr Mkhize wrote a letter direct to the Prime Minister, Mr Pieter Botha, beseeching him: "We need your help and we ask for it now".

They have built their own homes, one or two of them quite imposing in stone or brick like the Mkhize homestead, others of more traditional African design. They have also built churches, shops and a primary and a secondary school. The uncertainty of their status, and the worry that if moved they would get no compensation for any improvements, has inhibited them from spending money on other things they need, such as new

Michael Hornsby

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## ROCK OF AGES

Every spring since about 1850 the Atlantic and Mediterranean Fleets of the Royal Navy have met in Gibraltar and carried out joint exercises. Since 1945, this naval exercise has been called Spring Train. It has usually included both naval manoeuvres and some simulated defence of the Rock against possible assault. Last year, when the Falkland Islands in the South Atlantic were being invaded by a real enemy, there were 24 British warships at anchor in the harbour of Gibraltar.

Until the Lisbon Agreement of 1980, which visualised that the border between the Rock and the mainland would be fully opened, Spain used to mark this British naval activity with diplomatic protest. Indeed there were often protests at the visit of a single warship, particularly a nuclear submarine. The Lisbon Agreement was supposed to trade the unqualified opening of the frontier with an undertaking to start discussions on all outstanding matters between Spain and Britain. After it was signed, the diplomatic protests stopped.

In the event Lisbon was never implemented, since the date chosen followed too closely on the dispatch of the task force to recover the Falklands and Spaniards of all political persuasions became seized by an emotional rapport with Argentina. Throughout the Falklands campaign the Spanish press crackled with hostility to Britain. There was an obvious identification between the Argentine attitude to "Las Malvinas", and every Spaniard's desire to recastorh Gibraltar into Spain.

Now Spain's new Socialist government has reactivated the

Spanish protest at Spring Train and has threatened to take "appropriate measures" to see that Spain's interests will not be prejudiced. Madrid has overreacted to the perfectly legitimate presence of the British fleet. That is sad, but politically understandable. In Spain post-Falkland emotions still run high. There could be no more obvious trigger to them than the spectacle of a British Task Force - even to the inclusion of HMS Invincible - carrying out manoeuvres in an area of great political sensitivity off the southern coast of Spain. That sensitivity is not just caused by the memory of last year's warfare in the South Atlantic, when Spanish-speaking forces were humiliated, but also by the delicacy of Spain's uncertain membership of NATO.

Ironically it is in the field of naval cooperation between Britain and Spain within NATO that both countries could achieve most progress towards some sort of normalcy in arrangements over Gibraltar. The most likely outcome of Spain's membership being ratified by referendum, for instance, would be a new Nato naval command, in which a British admiral in Gibraltar would operate under the overall direction of a Spanish commander-in-chief. In those circumstances, next year's exercise Spring Train would be able to celebrate a fruitful, if functional, reconciliation between the two navies, entirely without prejudice to the difficult political discussions which should follow a full opening of the border.

Sadly the Spanish Government has not fully raised its siege

so the Lisbon Agreement still remains to be implemented. Such a state of affairs would be inconceivable between two NATO allies with democratically elected governments. It would be even more inconceivable, indeed intolerable, between two members of the EEC, assuming that Spain's application to join is ultimately accepted. Moreover the partial opening of the frontier to Spanish and Gibraltarian pedestrians has been grossly discriminatory. Gibraltarians can buy fresh produce in Spain and carry it home, but Spaniards are not allowed to do the reverse. No tourists are allowed to cross from Gibraltar into Spain, so that Gibraltar's tourist industry cannot as yet be revived. The estimated cash outflow from Gibraltar into Spain is thus running at between £100,000 and £150,000 per week and has given rise to many complaints by Gibraltar's Chamber of Commerce pressing its Government to retaliate in some way.

Some of the points to be made by both sides. The wider interest must surely be to get over this momentary unpleasantness in relations and proceed to a point where a democratic Spain is a member both of NATO and of the European Community. From the British point of view that would not only enhance both the Alliance and the Community. It would also ensure that a democratic Spain, in spite of its feelings and ambitions for Gibraltar, would fully understand the democratic necessity for Britain to honour its pledge under the Gibraltar constitution to respect the wishes of the Gibraltarians on the issue of sovereignty.

Several MPs on Standing Committee C regard the new clause as not merely useless, but positively harmful. They argue that for a nationalized industry audit to be truly independent, it should be carried out by the Comptroller and the cost borne by Parliament. They do not want a "bonanza" for private accountants.

The dissenters are sufficiently enraged to arouse fears that the bill as a whole might be wrecked. Clause 22 might be defeated in committee today, though it will probably scrape through. If it does, Labour MPs in general could be moved to kill it at the report stage.

To lose the gains already won at committee stage in the shape of new powers for the Comptroller would be tragic. The exponents of backbench power should agree at least to consolidate gains on the Comptroller's role. For its part, the Government should make amends for the earlier antipathy by taking the Bill over and finding sufficient time on the floor of the Commons to ensure its passage, with or without the controversial clause.

The chief advantage of the Eurogroup is that it exists and works - though in a rather more limited sense than is here envisaged. (And it is within Nato already). The European Community by contrast is entirely distinct from Nato, although it is true that its machinery for coordinating foreign policies where practicable is working very well. The Community includes Ireland which is non-Nato, and does not contain Norway - but those are anomalies which are not insuperable. On balance the choice of the Community is arguable but not irresistibly so. Moreover to suggest that a European pillar should be built within Nato just to help strengthen the Community is the kind of argument which is, without wishing to cause offence, Irish.

The latest report carefully and rightly distinguishes between a defence community in Europe which would exist without the United States, and the concept of a European voice within the alliance. Even so, however right-minded one may be, the danger of splitting the alliance into two camps is a real one - and one which Nato, for all its imperfections, has so far just managed to avoid. We should not run the risk of driving the Americans back to their own tents, by accident or design.

## Aid to Cambodian refugees

From the Director of The British Refugee Council and others

Sir, Your leader (April 7) focuses attention on the continuing plight of Cambodian refugees in Thailand and of at least 150,000 innocent Cambodian civilians caught in crowded temporary villages astride the Thai-Cambodian border.

These people are prevented from entering Thailand by the Thai Army and prevented from returning to the interior of Cambodia by their own guards and the Vietnamese Army, their situation is at best precarious when an uneasy peace pertains on the border. With the battles raging, their lives are in constant danger from shelling, mines and bullets.

While we must accept that protracted negotiations will be necessary before a settlement is reached in Kampuchea, there is one improvement which humanitarian organizations can and must achieve immediately, in spite of any political objections.

Some Cambodian civilians, both in camps in Thailand and on the border, wish to return to their home villages in Cambodia, if only a safe route could be found. The UN High Commissioner for Refugees has been trying to identify such a route for over two years, but has been unable to reach agreement with the political authorities involved. In view of the constant threat to their lives, this failure to offer safe passage to their villages of origin unnecessarily perpetuates the suffering of people, many of whom are the innocent victims of conflict.

The British Refugee Council and its member agencies which have programmes in the area are willing to support the High Commissioner in his efforts to identify safe routes, make available transport and use his good offices with the Governments of Thailand and Cambodia to agree a solution to the problem. We urge the British Government to use all available diplomatic means to persuade those involved to cooperate fully in this essential humanitarian operation.

Yours faithfully,  
MARTIN BARBER (Director, British Refugee Council),  
BRIAN WALKER (Director General, Oxfam),  
JOHN A. CUMBER (Director General, Save the Children Fund),  
JOYCE PEARCE (Executive Director, Christian Venture),  
The British Refugee Council,  
Bondway House,  
3/9 Bondway, SW8,  
April 8.

## Ill effects of lead

From Professor D. Bryce-Smith

Sir, The letter of April 6 from Miss Smith and others on the politically sensitive issue of lead pollution and mental performance in children fails in its stated objective to clarify the authors' views. Concerning their unpublished findings, they state that "Once the effect of social factors is removed from the equation, differences in performance between children with higher and lower lead levels were substantially reduced to a level that was not significant statistically."

Unfortunately, one cannot "remove" social factors in this way without simultaneously removing part of the contribution due to lead intoxication, for the reason that social factors and lead do not operate independently on the child. For example, it is well known that the toxic effects of lead can be greatly intensified by poor diet and social stress, both of which factors also tend to relate to social class etc. It therefore appears that statistical procedures have been employed which would tend to underestimate any contribution due to lead.

The authors should publish their findings in full for peer review, as soon as possible, rather than releasing them in dribs and drabs. Yours faithfully,  
D. BRYCE-SMITH,  
Professor of Organic Chemistry,  
Department of Chemistry,  
The University,  
Whiteknights Park,  
Reading,  
Berkshire,  
April 6.

## Nuclear balance

From Dr Geoffrey Lee Williams

Sir, Why cannot we have the truth, asks Mr William Shepherd (April 2), about the military balance in Europe. He asserts that misleading figures are constantly quoted as to the number of men deployed on the ground in both Nato and the Warsaw Pact. His implication that Soviet military capabilities in Europe are less impressive than they appear must be challenged.

First, the existing balance of forces provides the Warsaw Pact an edge of approximately between 1.5 to one and two to one in combat power (measured in terms of armoured-division equivalent - a method that attempts to equalize difference in combat power of different types of divisions).

The Pact also possesses a three to one advantage in tanks, a two to one advantage in armoured personnel carriers, at least a three to one advantage in conventional artillery, and at least a 2.4 to one advantage in tactical aircraft.

The Warsaw Pact is indubitably capable of a much faster build-up of combat power (the Soviet Union possesses a huge pool of trained reserves on which to draw). Therefore it seems to me obvious that when viewing quantitative ratios, the maximum Pact advantage would be quickly gained within several weeks after the decision to mobilize. I recognize that if the United States is permitted to achieve an unimpeded reinforcement of Nato's central region the Pact's ratio advantages will no longer increase after the first

## Human life and post-coital pill

From Professor Glanville Williams QC, FBA

Sir, When I said in my Carpenter lectures in 1956, as Mr J. M. Finnis quotes (April 5), that "the foetus is a human life to be protected by the criminal law from the moment when the ovum is fertilised", I was stating the general opinion as to the law, but my concern was to criticise it. In fact the precise time from which the developing ovum is protected by law had not been, and still has not been, legislatively or judicially determined.

Until 1803 the common law of the royal courts took the sensible view that abortion was not punishable before quickening, i.e. about mid-term. Parliament, regrettably, removed this limitation in that year, but the statute still defined the crime as "using means with intent to procure a miscarriage," and this remains the wording of the law. The question is what was meant by "miscarriage".

In my book based on the lectures (*The Sanctity of Life and the Criminal Law*) I quoted medical statements that the word "miscarriage" formerly applied only after the sixteenth week (Britain) or twenty-eighth week (United States), the term "abortion" being used for the period before that. It can, therefore, be argued with considerable force that when Parliament abolished the limitation for quickening in 1803 it did not mean to extend the law back to the time of fertilisation (that is, to the period which the term "abortion" was then medically confined). Why, otherwise, did Parliament choose the word "miscarriage" instead of and to the exclusion of "abortion"? It may be suggested that all that Parliament meant to do was to dispense with the need for proof of the woman's experience of quickening, while retaining the need to prove that the foetus had reached a fairly advanced stage of development - say, four months.

The present proposal for reinterpreting the word "miscarriage" is much more modest than this. It dates from the report of an advisory group established by the British Council of Churches in 1962, which suggested that for legal purposes conception should be taken to commence with the implantation of

the blastocyst in the womb, i.e. about two weeks after fertilisation. This offered a slight relaxation of the rigid ideas then prevailing, and, most important, it now offers a conceptual means of legalising not merely the useful post-coital pill but IUDs and also the "contraceptive" pill, which can work by preventing implantation rather than fertilisation. General opinion has come to realise that the consequences of any other view are too absurd for contemplation.

Mr Finnis, like other out-and-out anti-abortionists, rests his case principally upon a verbal argument. In his language and, he thinks, in common speech, a fertilised ovum is a "child", and he pleads that we must not "deprive the human being of just protection during its first two weeks of life". But is a fertilised ovum a child, and is it a human being? Of course one can use language to break down the distinction between the seed and the developed organism; one could speak of an acorn as a "quercine being", along with the oak tree, but that would not hoodwink anyone into thinking that an acorn is an oak. By "human being", in common speech, we refer to a human organism of a certain stage of development.

Historically, the extreme anti-abortion case rests upon theological speculation, which still influences it even though the theology is now discreetly relegated to the background. The fertilised ovum must be protected because the soul entered with fertilisation. But then there is the awkward phenomenon of the single ovum becoming twins, or quintuplets. Using the language of the soul, either you must say that the souls owed their origin to a fertilised ovum inhabited by five souls, or you must say that the single soul in the fertilised ovum subsequently divided into five souls.

Would it not be more sensible, from every point of view, to agree that the question must not be considered at least within the first two weeks of fertilisation? Yours faithfully,  
GLANVILLE WILLIAMS,  
Merriocote,  
Gazeley Road,  
Cambridge,  
April 6.

## Deported Romanian

From Mr E. D. Towne

Sir, Whilst in no way condoning the treatment of the expelled Romanian, I must take issue with some of Prince Alexandre's more tendentious remarks in his letter (April 8).

It may be that more could have been done to help the Russian Imperial family, although no doubt the British Government of the time had to consider the effect on public opinion of any measures taken to help a family identified with autocracy and Great Russian imperialism - the more so during a war being fought for the rights of peoples.

Prince Alexandre is on shakier ground when he imputes to the British Government the responsibility for the demise of the White forces in the civil war. He must know that the divisions among the various White commanders, to say nothing of the behaviour of many White units, helped immeasurably to seal their fate.

To allege that "England has the melancholy responsibility for the initial growth and proliferation of communism today" is both to give a

distorted view of the events from 1917 and to ascribe to the British Government vastly more power and influence than it enjoyed even at that time.

Yours faithfully,  
EDWARD TOWNE,  
25 Ferobank Road,  
Redland, Bristol, Avon.

## From Dr Barbara K. Howells

Sir, Prince Alexandre Galitzine writes (April 8) that England's record is deplorable in its treatment of refugees. How I disagree. We were refugees from Poland coming in a coal boat in the summer of 1940. The welcome we received was warm and unquestioning.

Later, when my parents could no longer afford it, the nuns at the boarding convent I attended allowed me a free education "as a gesture to Poland" and Hampshire county granted me a major award which entirely funded 5½ years at medical school.

For one refugee, at least, the very opposite of deplorable treatment. Yours faithfully,  
BARBARA K. HOWELLS,  
The Forge,  
Totteridge Green, N20.

## Church and state

From the Reverend David F. Ferryman

Sir, The letter of the Reverend R. N. Elbourne (April 2) concerning baptism and establishment seems to suggest that the establishment of the Church of England gives grounds for baptism of the children of all who live in our country. Neither the scriptures nor our prayer books know of baptism on such grounds. Rather baptism has always been rightly administered on the grounds of faith in our Lord Jesus Christ.

If Mr Elbourne wants his first word to parents requesting baptism to be Yes (and I would not disagree with that) then his responsibility as a minister and custodian of the gospel

surely demands that his second word is not because, but if. Even if their position could be justified theologically, those who claim that baptism of allcomers creates evangelistic opportunity surely have a lot of work to do to prove their case in the light of the history of the Church of England in this century.

Those criticised in his letter are perhaps being more honest than Mr Elbourne to the clear intention of the services, to the spirit of Gamos B21, B22.3 and 4, and B23.2, and to baptism itself. Yours faithfully,  
D. F. FERRYMANN,  
The Rectory,  
Ardingly,  
Haywards Heath,  
West Sussex,  
April 2.

quantitative advantages if Nato does not follow through with its long-term defence programme (the Pershing 2 and cruise missile modernization included).

I agree with Mr Shepherd that manpower comparisons are not in fact particularly valuable and that manning levels for both sides are difficult to assess. But there is clear evidence of the dynamic change in Soviet conventional forces to which Nato has drawn attention. Today, for example, a Soviet motorized rifle division is equal in firepower to the strongest US mechanized division. An independent tank battalion with about 42 tanks has been added to each motorized rifle division. Soviet investments in artillery, multiple rocket launcher holdings, and air defence systems are most marked. Today's 31 Soviet divisions in the groups of Soviet forces are equivalent to at least 40 "1966-equipped" divisions.

Mr Shepherd cannot deny that the Soviet conventional force build-up to central Europe has been consistent with their doctrine, which dramatizes the advantages of surprise, mass concentrated firepower and shock to smash through Nato's defences and rapid movement to exploit the breakthrough. He might be right to credit the Soviets with non-aggressive intentions, but their capabilities tell us to be sceptical. Yours sincerely,  
GEOFFREY LEE WILLIAMS,  
13 Devon Bank,  
Portsmouth Road,  
Guildford,  
Surrey,  
April 4.

## Hard hearts and Third World

From Mr Hallam Murray

Sir, It saddens me greatly to read Peter Bauer and Basil Yamey's article ("Why we should close our purse to the Third World", April 11). How extraordinary that two such eminent professors should take such a black and white view of this complex issue.

Government-to-government aid is just one aspect of international aid. Although the sums of money are large indeed, the two professors make no mention whatsoever of the value of the countless thousands of programmes financed by the independent aid organizations situated throughout most of the developed world. By and large, the aid programmes run by these organizations are less troubled by government interference and are more easily monitored in terms of cost-effectiveness.

Whether or not it is correct to assume that aid cannot significantly promote Third World development, surely such areas as disaster relief and the provision of fresh water supplies are reasons enough not to close our purses, whether national or private. What is needed is a more careful control of where and on what this money is spent. Yours faithfully,  
HALLAM MURRAY,  
97 Shutebury Road, SW11,  
April 11.

## Design for living

From Professor Bruce Archer

Sir, My former colleague, Mr Brian Smith, has been allowed to get away scot-free with his outrageous comments (April 8) on the role of the art colleges in design education. In asserting that design should be got out of the art schools, Mr Smith iterates two widely held misconceptions, about which he should know better, and then jumps to an unwarrantable conclusion.

Firstly, he asks the rhetorical question, "Where can most young people study design, except at colleges of art-and-design?" He implies that the answer is "nowhere", but this is not the case. Design is also studied in schools of architecture, engineering and everywhere that the configuration of things and systems is a matter of concern. Design is a ubiquitous concept, like literacy, democracy and scientific awareness. This has been the whole point of the correspondence which Mr Smith admits he was late in noticing.

Secondly, he states that manufacturing industries suspect the products of the schools of art and design. Whatever he may mean by this sweeping generalisation, it is manifestly not the case that the relevant industries fail to take graduates of the art schools into their employ.

Indeed, there can be few departments of universities and polytechnics whose records of take-up into industrial employment could outshine those of most of the design departments of most of the colleges of art in Britain. To imply anything else flies in the face of the facts.

From these two shaky premises, Mr Smith goes on to conclude that "the way to achieve better recognition of design as a value-adding resource is to get it out of the art colleges". What on earth can he mean? Where else, as he himself said, could graphic designers, illustrators, textile designers, fashion designers, silversmiths and the rest - all indispensable contributors to the added value of their respective industries - get their training?

Mr Smith would have done better to have supported the campaign to get better recognition of design in the engineering and business schools, and in general education, than to knock the art schools. Yours faithfully,  
BRUCE ARCHER,  
Royal College of Art,  
Keystone Gate, SW7,  
April 10.

## Sea fever

From Mr S. C. J. Palmer

Sir, David Moss (April 7) seems concerned about the apparently high leave allowances of merchant seamen: one day's leave for every two days' work in the case of deep-sea mariners.

If Mr Moss were to consider his own leave entitlement he would not find those of the seamen so peculiar. Assuming that the average shore-based employee works a five-day week and receives four weeks' holiday plus eight Bank holidays, I calculate that in a year he actually works 233 days, which is, in fact, more than one day off for every two days at work.

In addition, some of the merchant seamen's workdays are at weekends; ashore it is usual to give time off in lieu in a greater proportion than one for one for work on these days. Perhaps the National Union of Seamen had a case? Yours faithfully,  
S. C. J. PALMER,  
206 Maritime House,  
Old Town,  
Clapham SW4,  
April 8.

## Taking 'The Times'

From Mr Michael Fiorini

Sir, I can sympathise with Mr Stephen West (March 28). Some years ago, at Victoria Station, there was a poster advertising the fact that "75 per cent of top people took *The Times*". Under this dubious statement was added: "The other 25 per cent pay for it", by an earlier sufferer.

Yours faithfully,  
MICHAEL FIORINI,  
c/o 6 St Paul's Square,  
Bromley,  
Kent,  
March 28

## OF BACKBENCHERS, BABY AND BATHWATER

Mr Norman St John-Steuas's Parliamentary Control of Expenditure (Reform) Bill has made considerable progress in its committee stage. The Comptroller and Auditor General, invented by Mr Gladstone in 1866 as a means of ensuring probity in the public finances, has had his powers substantially strengthened. Mr St John-Steuas has brought the Treasury and its Chief Secretary, Mr Leon Britan, a long way in persuading them to agree that the Comptroller shall be in future an official of the House of Commons and that his right to pursue value-for-money, plus efficiency and effectiveness investigations, should be set in statute as Gladstone enshrined in his traditional audit powers in the Exchequer and Audit Act. In future, the Commons backbenchers, most notably the Chairman of the Select Committee on Public Accounts, will enjoy an effective veto over whom is appointed to the Comptroller-ship, though the Prime Minister will continue formally to recommend the name of the appointee.

These reforms may sound arcane to the layman. But they are the very stuff of backbench power. Yet, when Standing Committee C reconvenes this morning after the Easter recess it will meet in an atmosphere of sourness and recrimination. For the reformers have fallen out. The acrimony arises from the

compromise reached between Mr St John-Steuas and Mr Brittan on how the nationalised industries shall be audited on behalf of Parliament and who shall do it. The original version of the bill would have enabled the Comptroller and Auditor General to assign staff from his Exchequer and Audit Department to examine the books of public bodies 50 per cent or more of whose finance was furnished from the public purse.

The Nationalised Industries Chairman's Group was incensed. The Treasury and the Department of Industry counter-attacked on the chairman's behalf.

Under the new clause which enshrines the Stevas-Brittan concordat, an audit of economy, efficiency and effectiveness will be carried out annually within each nationalized industry. The field to be investigated will be decided by the industry's sponsoring minister, the Public Accounts Committee and the select committee which monitors the work of the body concerned. The auditor concerned will not be a member of the Comptroller's staff, though the Comptroller will be able to comment on what he uncovers. The results will be reported to Parliament. The sponsoring minister, after consultation with the Chairman of the Public Accounts Committee, can ex-

## NO PLINTH, NO PILLAR

Arguments in favour of building a European pillar within the frame work of Nato have been fashionable for more than a decade at least. Unlike those in favour of motherhood and apple pie, they have not gone entirely unopposed. But the "ayes" have usually outnumbered the "noes" within the forum of an intellectual debate. Now the report by Chatham House and others has swelled the chorus of assent.

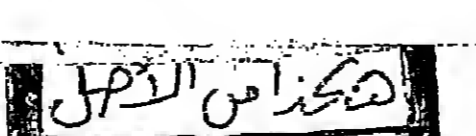
Many Europeans have lost confidence in the leadership from Washington, and resent having to play second fiddle. Many Americans have lost confidence in the willingness of Europeans to shoulder their fair share of the defence burden - and resent having to redress the balance of the Old World without an appropriate display of gratitude. The European allies in fact still provide the bulk of Nato's ground and air defences in situ - and it is equally true that American motives are not simply altruistic. But the perceptions are none the less important and if the dissatisfaction which emerges on both sides of the Atlantic from time to time could be removed - then Nato would be the better for it.

Ideally pillars should grow naturally, developing slowly like stalagmites as opposed to springing up overnight as it were - like monuments. Ideas at some stage have to coalesce before being

given practical form. But the inspiration behind any such development within the Atlantic alliance should be deeply and universally felt if it is going to be more than a nine days' wonder. Whether this is now the case is very doubtful. Arguments heard now differ little from those which were being expressed in the early 1970s and while the assent is still louder than the dissent, it is far from being united.

One of the difficulties is that those in favour of strengthening the European pillar cannot decide upon the plinth. Should it be the European Community - as is favoured in this latest plea? Or should it be the Eurogroup, the tangential body of European powers which already exists within Nato? Or indeed should it not be the Western European Union (WEU), now quietly moribund - but, in French eyes anyway, capable of resuscitation?

There are arguments for and against adopting any of these as the basis for a more distinctly European contribution to the cause of Western defence. In many ways the WEU would be ideal, particularly as it has the support of the French - and to build a European pillar without winning the judgment of Paris would be plainly absurd.





COURT AND SOCIAL

Jane Austen's 'Mansfield Park' for sale

By Geraldine Norman, Sale Room Correspondent

Jane Austen is said to have sat writing in the summer house, formed as a Doric temple, looking down over park meadows to Godmersham Park, the home of her brother, Edward Austen Knight.

1930s ideal of what constituted eighteenth-century taste. The furniture is superb, probably far finer than that of Edward Austen Knight.

The house is a dream for any lover of eighteenth-century furnishings. There are fascinating pieces, small and large, on every side: mirrors, boxes, chairs, commodes, French eighteenth-century wallpaper, and even a chest of drawers from the Palace of Fontainebleau.

The most expensive offerings are likely to be an early eighteenth-century green lacquer cabinet and Brussels tapestry of about 1500 depicting a courtly betrothal. Both may fetch between £50,000 and £100,000.

Christie's announced yesterday that they are to sell the contents of Godmersham, near Canterbury, in an epoch-making house sale that will run from June 6 to 9.

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It promises to be Christie's most important house sale since the war, though it will fall short financially of Sotheby's Meotmore auction. The contents of the house are expected to fetch about £2m, with pictures and jewels sent to London for sale bringing a further £1m.

The house and 1,200 acres are being sold to Hobbs Parker, of Ashford, Kent, and offers are invited in excess of £2.5m.

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OBITUARY DOLORES del RIO

Mexican Hollywood beauty

Dolores del Rio, a strikingly beautiful film actress of her day, whose long career began in the silent era, has died at the age of 77.

She was born in Durango, Mexico, in August, 1905, the daughter of a wealthy banker, and a second cousin of Ramon Navarro. Educated in a convent, she was married at 16 to a writer, Jaime del Rio. Her start in films came through the director, Edwin Carewe, who spotted her during a visit to Mexico City, and took her back to Hollywood to appear in Joanna in 1925.

Though she had a limited range as an actress, her looks - dark eyes, black hair framing an oval face - more than compensated and she starred in a succession of popular silent films. They included What Price Glory, The Loves of Carmen, Resurrection, and Ramona, and her parts were often chosen to exploit her exotic Latin qualities.

In 1930, after the death of her husband, she married the MGM art director, Cedric Gibbons. She tended to suffer from typesetting during the early years of the sound cinema, and her films were generally less distinguished, though she continued to work in Hollywood until 1942, when she made Journey into Fear with Orson Welles.

Back in Mexico, she appeared in a series of films with Pedro Armendariz, which suggested a deeper talent and became one of that country's best-known



and highest paid actresses, on stage, as well as on the screen. She returned briefly to the international cinema in 1947 when John Ford made The Fugitive (from Graham Greene's novel, The Power and the Glory) on location in Mexico, and cast her as the Mary Magdalene figure who betrays the whisky priest. It was not until 1960, that she made another film in Hollywood, Flaming Star, with Elvis Presley. From time to time, she appeared in other American films, including Ford's Cheyenne Autumn, and took parts in occasional television shows. But most of her films continued to be made in Mexico, where she lived with her third husband, Lewis Riley, an American impresario, whom she married in 1959.

MR IVOR KING

Mr Ivor King, CB, CBE, who has died at his home in Bath at the age of 83, was one of the most distinguished Naval Constructors of his generation and was Director of Dockyards, Admiralty, from 1958 to 1961.

His career began as an apprentice in HM Dockyard, Pembroke, where, as a result of his performance, he was selected for training as a Constructor. He graduated in Naval Architecture from The RN College, Greenwich, in 1922. As a young man he served in the destroyer design section, later becoming Constructor in charge of Bermuda Dockyard, where he reduced his golf handicap to single figures. Returning to the Admiralty, King was the designer of the Bittern class of sloop, prototype of many successful ships of the Second World War.

During the war King served at Dockyard headquarters and as a crosser before joining Admiral Cunningham's staff as a Constructor Captain for the invasion of North Africa. His work was arduous and exciting, including emergency repairs to the cruiser Ajax which had been bombed at Bone and was still under attack. Later, he moved to Italy with the Army, restoring ports and patching up damaged ships. He was

appointed CBE for these wartime services.

After the war King's career continued in Dockyard management, first at Sheerness, then Malta and Portsmouth. His record of being the Constructor Manager of four dockyards is unequalled. He realized that the old organization of the Royal Dockyards, which had served the Navy so well over the years, needed change and when he became Deputy Director of Dockyards in 1956, under Admiral Huxford, he began a fundamental reorganization. Instead of the old division between professions, he set up a functional management structure, which has lasted to this day. He retired in 1961, in which year he was appointed CB, remaining active in his work for the Royal Institution of Naval Architects, of which he became Vice President in 1971.

Ivor King took great care to involve his staff and gain their support in the changes which he introduced while at the same time ensuring that he got his way. His nickname of 'Ivor the Driver' was well earned as was the respect and affection in which he was held both by his colleagues and his staff due to his unflinching courtesy.

He is survived by his wife, Peggy, and three daughters.

MR CHARLES HICKMAN

Charles Hickman the actor and director, who has died aged 78, acted for his first 20 years in the theatre, but moved to a directing as one of the busiest practitioners.

Performing, he had an easy manner and a quick period on direction, treating his companies with tact and finesse. Beginning with repertory, he moved through an impressive list, including all the Sweet and Low reviews at the Ambassadors from 1943; such musicals as Annie Get Your Gun, Love from Judy, and The Boy in the Wood. Born at Stratford, Essex, on January 13 1905, and educated at RADA he began modestly in Lonsdale's Arena We All (Globe, 1923). His first

real West End chance was Gerald in Drinkwater's Bird in Hand at the Old Royalty, followed by New York and an American tour. After the Vic-Wells, his best part was Rudolf in Elizabeth of Austria (1938).

Soon he would concentrate on direction, treating his companies with tact and finesse. Beginning with repertory, he moved through an impressive list, including all the Sweet and Low reviews at the Ambassadors from 1943; such musicals as Annie Get Your Gun, Love from Judy, and The Boy in the Wood. Born at Stratford, Essex, on January 13 1905, and educated at RADA he began modestly in Lonsdale's Arena We All (Globe, 1923). His first

audition at the Old Vic: "He did the Richmond address to his soldiers from Richard III with such freshness that we engaged him on the spot." During the ensuing season he was, among much else, the Steward in The Winter's Tale, a tiny part glorified, and Charles in The School for Scandal (wisely, he did not try to score laughs at the end of the Screen Scene). His last acting work was Oscar in Hamlet at the New (1944).

Born at Stratford, Essex, on January 13 1905, and educated at RADA he began modestly in Lonsdale's Arena We All (Globe, 1923). His first

DOLF RIESER

Dolf Rieser, the painter and engraver who died on April 4, was born in South Africa in 1898 of German Jewish parents. He studied in Munich and Lausanne gaining a Doctorate in plant genetics.

His real love was kindled in the 1920s when he became a painter and later in the 1930s in Paris when he learned etching and engraving under the tutelage of Joseph Hecht. His work was much influenced by his experience of Africa, especially a study of Bushman cave painting, which became fused with surrealist currents of the time.

Dolf stood against the rise of Fascism firstly in Munich in the 1920s and then in Paris. He produced a folder of engravings and etchings along with Miró, Kandinsky, Hecht and others for the Republican cause in Spain in 1939, and another for Russia in the 1940s. He also illustrated Conrad's Heart of Darkness with copper plate engravings.

Dolf fled Paris the day the Nazis entered the city and made his way to England on the last boat out of Boulogne. On his arrival in London he offered his knowledge of French and German to help the Special Operations Executive.

After the war Dolf, who had met and married Barbara Dwyer at Woburn Abbey where they were both stationed, invented new techniques of colour printing and printing on translucent plastic and laminates. Dolf's line in copperplate engraving was considered to be very fine and many came to his studio in West Hampstead to learn from him.

Dolf Rieser had over 20 one-man shows and his work is exhibited in many of the world's art galleries. In his book Art and Science he explored the parallels and polarities of these two sides of human activity. Perhaps the best tribute to him is his work, now numbering more than 400 editions of prints, and numerous oils and watercolours.

HIS HON JUDGE COLLINSON

His Honour Judge Collinson, a Circuit Judge since 1975, died suddenly at his home in Wallasey, Wirral, on April 9. He was 59.

Richard Jeffreys Hampton Collinson was born on April 7, 1924, and educated at Heath Grammar School, Halifax and Wadham College, Oxford. From 1944 to 1946 he served in

the RNVR as a sub-lieutenant. In 1950 he was called to the Bar by the Middle Temple, and he subsequently practised on the Northern Circuit.

Between 1957 and 1974 he was a Councillor, and later Alderman, on the Wallasey County Borough Council serving as Leader from 1965 to 1972.

Forthcoming marriages

Lord Durkin and Miss C. McEwen. The engagement is announced between Edward, son of Lord and Lady Lambton, of Lampton Park, Durham, and Christiana, daughter of the late Mr Rory McEwen and of Mrs McEwen, of Broadchurch.

The Hon C A A Harbord-Hamond and Miss L L S Hutchison. The engagement is announced between Charles, eldest son of Lord and Lady Sufield, of Wood Norton Grange, Dorchester, Norfolk, and Lucy, younger daughter of Commander and Mrs A S Hutchinson, of Langford Grange, Lechlade, Gloucestershire.

Mr M. H. Lucas and Miss M. J. Down. The engagement is announced between Mark, eldest son of the Hon Ivor and Mrs Lucas, of the British Embassy, Damascus, and Melinda Jane, younger daughter of Mr A Alastair and Lady Down, of Stockleigh Pottery, Devon.

Mr E A Cole and Miss D J Lees. The engagement is announced between Edward, son of Mr and Mrs J A Cole, of Merstham, Surrey, and Deborah, daughter of Mr G R Lees, of Poynton, Cheshire, and of Mrs G Smith, of Chatterburgh.

Mr N. J. Charrington and Miss M. N. de Alencaz. The engagement is announced between James, younger son of the late Mr Jack Charrington, and Mrs Theresa Charrington, of Westwood House, Great Thurlow, Suffolk, and Michèle, younger daughter of the late Dr Luis de Alencaz and Mrs Jeanne de Alencaz, of San Mateo, California.

Mr M. Conchiza and Miss C. M. C. Roberts. The engagement is announced between Martin, only son of Mrs P. M. Couchman, of The Old Rectory, Halstead, Kent, and the late Mr F. A. J. Couchman, and Carolyn, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs Victor F. Roberts, of Hestonhoe, Childer Thornton, Cheshire.

Mr R. Devereux and Miss V. Branson. The engagement is announced between Robert, eldest son of the late Humphrey and Barbara Devereux, of The Red House, Morpeth, Northumberland, and Vanessa, younger daughter of Edward and Eve Branson, of Teynham Farm, Sharnley Green, Guildford, Surrey.

Mr C. P. Dokkin and Miss V. J. Webber. The engagement is announced between Christopher Paul, son of Mr and Mrs R. J. Dokkin, of Brierley, Hepsford, Morpeth, Northumberland, and Victoria Jane, daughter of Mr and Mrs M. H. S. Webber, of Nether Shanton House, Bamford, Derbyshire.

Mr G. M. Henton and Miss K. F. Raever. The engagement is announced between Geoffrey, second son of Mr and Mrs J. M. Hutton, of Poole, Dorset, and Kim, elder daughter of Mr and Mrs R. W. Enever, of Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

Mr C. A. Palmer and Miss J. C. Rosse. The engagement is announced between Christopher, only son of Mr and Mrs Antony Palmer, of Ebury Mews, Belgrave, London, SW1, and Jacqueline, elder daughter of Colonel Adrian Rosse, of Embroke Square, Kensington, London, W8, and Mrs F. H. Scobie, of Great Shelford, Berkshire.

Mr N G M Redcliffe and Miss E S Tillet. The engagement is announced between Neil, younger son of Mr and Mrs G R Redcliffe, of Loughton, Essex, and Emma, daughter of Mr and Mrs J Tillet, of Loughton, Essex.

Mr S D C Riley-Smith and Miss A J G Brows. The engagement has been announced between Sebastian, son of the late Mr Douglas Riley-Smith and Mrs P. E. Stephens, of Sevenoaks, Kent, and Penny, daughter of Mr and Mrs R. V. M. Mascalay, of Chev Magna, Avon.

Mr R. W. Simpson and Miss S F Gorry. The engagement is announced between Robert, only son of Mr and Mrs P. A. Simpson, of Frettenham, Surrey, and Siobhan Frances, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs D A Gorry, of Langley Vale, Surrey.

Mr J. A. Stephens and Miss P. C. Macaulay. The engagement is announced between Jonathan, son of Mr and Mrs P. F. Stephens, of Sevenoaks, Kent, and Penny, daughter of Mr and Mrs F. R. V. Mascalay, of Chev Magna, Avon.

Mr S. V. E. Whewell and Miss C. E. Scoones. The engagement is announced between Simon, eldest son of the late David and Iris Whewell, of Halsway Manor, Cromcombe, Somerset, and Claire, daughter of Mr and Mrs Kenneth Scoones, of The Old Rectory, Magdalen Laver, Essex.

Marriages

Mr D Anderson and Miss C Robertson. The marriage took place in London on Saturday, April 9th, of Mr David Anderson and Miss Clare Robertson.

Captain P Chisholm-Lilley and Mrs P G W Hill. The marriage took place quietly in London on April 6th, 1983, between Captain Patrick Chisholm-Lilley and Mrs Paddy Hill (née Gladden).

Mr D C Collard and Miss L M T Smart. The marriage took place on Saturday, April 9, 1983, at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Farm Street, W1, between Mr David Collard, son of Lieutenant-Commander E A J Collard, RN, and Mrs Collard, of The Crofts, Baldridge, Isle of Man, and Miss Lidia Smart, daughter of Mr and Mrs A W C Smart, of 11 Chapel Street, Belgrave, London, SW1. Don Anthony Sutch, of Downside, officiated.

A reception was held at the Royal Automobile Club. Mr G. E. de B. Devereux and Miss B. Acemski. The marriage took place quietly in Devon last December of Mr Geoffrey Edmund de Bohun Devereux, younger son of Mr and Mrs R. H. B. Devereux, of Red House, Morpeth, Northumberland, and Miss Barbara Acemski, younger daughter of Mrs Rose Acemski, of Connecticut, United States, and the late Mr Acemski.

Mr A L Melvill and Mrs A T Terry. The marriage took place on April 7 in Epsom between Mr Andrew Melvill and Mrs Allison Terry (née Armour).

Dr A. E. Perry and Miss C. E. Fleming. The marriage took place in Sheffield on Thursday, April 7, in the presence of Dr Raphael Adam Perry and Miss Caroline Ruth Fleming. A reception was held at Hossop Hall, Derbyshire.

Mr D. J. Talbot and Miss M. M. Cameron. The marriage took place on April 9 at Grayfriars, York, Edinburgh, between Dr David John Talbot, son of Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs J. Talbot, of Smeeth, Kent, and Miss Margaret Manson Cameron, daughter of Mr and Mrs D. G. M. Cameron, of Dunfermline, Fife.

The bride was attended by Elspeth Cameron, Rhoda Stoddart, Emetzia High-Jones and Morwena Beaman. Mr Anthony Talbot was best man.

Law Report

April 13 1983

Court of Appeal

Guidance on use of skeleton arguments

Sir John Donaldson, Master of the Rolls, sitting with Lord Justice Dunn and Lord Justice Purches, on April 12 gave a statement on behalf of the Court of Appeal for the assistance of the parties. The judges of the Court of Appeal had been seeking new ways in which appeals could be presented and decided more quickly and at less expense in the parties. One innovation which had proved successful in more complex appeals was the submission by counsel of what had been called "skeleton arguments".

It would be inappropriate to issue a practice direction in that context since whether skeleton arguments should be submitted, what form they should take and how they should be used would depend upon the peculiarities of the appeal concerned. However, it might assist both branches of the profession if mention was made of the result of such experience as had been had of their use.

Skeleton arguments were, as their name implied an abbreviated note of the argument and in no way usurped any of the function of oral argument in court. They were an aide-memoire for convenience of reference before and during the hearing and no one was inhibited from departing from their terms. Nevertheless experience showed that they served a very real purpose. Before the appeal was called on,

the judges would normally have read the notice of appeal, any respondent's notice and the judgment appealed from. The purpose of that pre-reading was not to form an opinion of the merits of the appeal, but to familiarize themselves with the issues and scope of the dispute and thereby avoid the necessity for a lengthy, or often any, opening of the appeal.

That process was assisted by the provision of skeleton arguments which were much more informative than a notice of appeal or a respondent's notice, being fuller and more recently prepared. During the hearing of the appeal itself, skeleton arguments enabled much time to be saved because they reduced or obviated the need for the judges to take a longhand note, sometimes at dictation speed, of the submissions and authorities and other documents referred to. Furthermore, in some circumstances, a skeleton argument could do double duty not only as a note for the judges but also as a note from which counsel would argue the appeal.

The usual procedure was for the skeleton argument to be prepared shortly before the hearing of the appeal at the same time as counsel was getting it up. It should contain a numbered list of the points which counsel proposed to argue, stated in no more than one or two sentences, the object being to identify each

point, not to argue it or to elaborate upon it. Each listed point should be followed by full references to the material to which counsel would refer in support of it, that is, the relevant pages or passages in authoritative bundles of documents, affidavits, transcripts and the judgment under appeal.

It should also contain anything which counsel would expect to be taken down by the court during the hearing, such as propositions of law, chronologies of events, lists of dramatis personae, and where necessary, glossaries of terms. It was convenient, those could of course be annexed in the skeleton argument rather than being included in it.

Both the court and opposing counsel could then work on the material without writing it down, thus saving considerable time and labour.

The document should be sent to the court as soon as convenient before the hearing, or - if for some reason that was not possible - handed in when counsel rose to address the court. It was however more valuable if provided to the court in advance. A copy should of course at the same time be sent or handed to counsel on the other side.

It could not be over-emphasized that skeleton arguments were not formal documents to the terms of

which anyone would be held. They were a tool to be used in the interests of greater efficiency. Experience showed that they could be a valuable tool. The judges of the court all hoped that it would be possible to refine and extend their use.

Finally,



Handwritten note: 500 من رايه

Investment and Finance

City Editor Anthony Hilton

THE TIMES

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STOCK EXCHANGES

FT Index 887.7 up 3.8 FT Cites 82.49 down 0.28 FT All Shares 433.68 up 5.44 Bergaines 24.304 Trading Hall USM Index 170.7 up 0.1 Tokyo Nikkei Dow Jones Average 8,468.93 down 6.56 Hongkong Hang Seng Index 1,052.40 up 10.54 New York Dow Jones Average (latest) 1,140.87 down 0.96

CURRENCIES

LONDON CLOSE Sterling \$1.5415 up 1.45 cents Index 82.0 up 0.4 DM 3.7375 FF 11.1950 Yen 366.50 Dollar Index 122.1 up 0.1 DM 2.4235 GSD 432.25 up \$2.25 NEW YORK LATEST Gold \$432.10 Sterling \$1.5353

INTEREST RATES

Domestic rates: Base rates 10% 3 month interbank 10% 10% Euro-currency rates: 3 month dollar 9% 9% 3 month DM 5% 5% 3 month FF 13% 13% ECGD Fixed Rate Sterling Export Finance Scheme IV Average reference rate for interest period March 2 to April 5, 1983 inclusive: 10.974 per cent.

PRICE CHANGES

Johnson 330p, up 34p Peko Wattleseed 360p, up 30p Eisbury Gold 293p, up 21p Midford Decks 75p, up 20p Mercantile Hoe 645p, up 20p Can O'Seaat Pack 310p, up 20p Acrew 'A' 18p, down 1p Atlantic Met 89p, down 9p Davy Corp 69p, down 4p GKN 162p, down 18p Johnson & FB 8p, down 1p Steel Bros 315p, down 25p

TODAY

Interim Kalamazoo, Portland Finance: Astbury and Madeley (Hogs), British Mohair Spinners, Burnham Oil, J Dewhurst, Empire Stores (Bradford), Giff and Duffus, James Finlay, Hewdon/Stuart, Higgs, Higgs and Hill, Huntley, Oil and Gas Production, Offield Inspection Services, Pearl Assurance, Rockware, Royal Worcester, Williams, Sindell, George Spencer. Economic statistics: Central Government transactions (incl borrowing requirement) (March).

BTR offer next week

BTR's formal offer document for its massive but unwanted bid for Thomas Tilling is expected early next week soon after Tilling produces its report and accounts for last year, written before the bid materialized. Tilling's defence document, expected to include good figures for the present year, is not likely to appear until near the end of the three-week period to the first closing date which follows the formal bid.

Company's fight for independence could be undermined

Americans own more than 50pc of Sotheby

More than 50 per cent of the shares of Sotheby's, the London-based art auctioneer, are owned by a 250m takeover battle is now believed to be an American hands. The presence of several sizeable American shareholders in the company's bank of directors is likely to undermine the company's fight for independence since the bid for a 52pc share stake by Mr Marshall Cogan and Mr Stephen Swid, two New York financiers and art collectors, has been bid at a price of 250p per share. Sotheby's directors have been advised to resign if control passes into their hands. However, over the last six months an increasing number of shares have found their way into the hands of American investors, many looking for a fast return as speculation increased about an imminent takeover bid. In addition to the 14 per cent stake held by the business interests of Messrs Cogan and Swid and the 6 per cent owned by Mr David Murdoch, a City businessman, five purposes. But Warner Morgan Company, the New York bank, is now acting as agent for more than 30 per cent of the shares. These shares are being held mainly on behalf of American arbitrageurs who have bought into the company for speculative purposes. But Warner Morgan Company, the New York bank, is now acting as agent for more than 30 per cent of the shares. In addition, Shaik Nassar al-Sabah, of Kuwait, who also owns a 6 per cent interest in Christie's International, Sotheby's smaller but most important rival, is said to own nearly 5 per cent of the shares. The Sotheby directors have made clear that they regard Messrs Swid and Cogan as unsuitable for association with the company. But the presence of the speculative Morgan Guaranty shareholding would suggest they would be unwise to rely on the argument as the basis of their defence. With several substantial sales lined up for the next two months, including the Haverly collection of impressionist paintings in New York, Sotheby is saying that this is one of the most impressive January-July seasons it has had. City investment analysts believe that although figures for the half year to the end of February are likely to show considerable losses before tax, full-year figures to the end of August could well reveal a recovery to profits of more than £2m. On the stock market yesterday, Sotheby shares rose 2p to 532p as dealers speculated on the possibility of Sotheby finding a rival bidder it finds more suitable.

Dow dips after passing record

New York (Reuters) - Stock prices turned mixed in morning trading yesterday as investors took profits after the Dow Jones Industrial average passed its record closing high. The Dow rose 4.55 points in the first hour of trading to 1,146.38, surpassing its high close of 1,143.90 set on March 27. It then slipped and by mid-morning was three points lower at about 1,138.50. Advances continued to lead declines by a ratio of seven to six. Analysts said the market continued to find support from a decline in interest rates. The key 10-year rate, on overnight loans between banks, opened at 9 1/2 per cent yesterday morning, down from Monday's close of 9 3/4 per cent. Fed funds were above 9 per cent all last week. Technology stocks, Monday's market leaders, were among the morning's losers, including IBM -0 1/2 to 106, Digital Equipment -1 1/2 to 119, NCR -1 1/2 to 105 and Honeywell -1 1/2 to 94. Phillips Petroleum was down 1/4, 34, Great Northern News was up 1/4, 43, Georgia Pacific was unchanged at 25 1/2.

Fed calls for lower deficits

From Bailey Moots Washington. Interest rates are too high to sustain a long-term recovery, but should not prevent a short-term upturn in the American economy, according to Mr Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board. Mr Volcker, told the House Banking Committee. "If the inflation outlook is as good as I think it is, then interest rates are higher now than they should be and too high to sustain a recovery in the long term." The way to tackle the problem was to reduce soaring Federal budget deficits Mr Volcker said. Financial markets had to be convinced that Federal deficits would be lowered and the fight against inflation would be continued before rates would move appreciably lower he said. In addition, banks should take steps to lower rates by cutting "On the hopeful side, where rates are concerned, I'd be on the hope side and if I saw an opportunity to help any financial institution by being on the leading edge of interest rate cuts, I'd take it, Mr Volcker said. He was regarded as a hawk in what was expected to be a hawkish hearing. Over the short term, however, Mr Volcker was more hopeful, explaining that the central bank continued to expect a moderate recovery this year of growth in the 3.5 to 4 per cent range. It is possible that growth will be even stronger in the short run if the inflation rate continues to drop below expected levels and consumer spending picks up. Because the short-term outlook appeared good, Mr Volcker indicated that the Central Bank would stay with its present monetary policies which have allowed a flexible money growth which only recently appeared to be under control by the central bank. Mr Volcker gave no hint of whether the Fed had tightened credit or intended to do so in the future, saying that he expected recent bursts in the money supply to slow down in the months ahead. Due to natural market corrections, he said, the Central Bank had continued its policy of putting less emphasis on growth in the M1 money supply but added that prolonged vigorous growth in this key indicator would be cause for concern. Mr Volcker also stated strong opposition to Congressional efforts to influence the policies of the Central Bank by requiring a specific target for its employment and growth objectives on a year-by-year basis.

GKN launches £77m rights issue

Guest Keen & Nettelfolds, against the West German Deutschemark Shareholders will be given details of the increase in borrowings since preliminary results for 1982 were announced last month, in a letter to be sent out tomorrow explaining the reasons for the rights issue. GKN said yesterday that up to £30m of the increase in borrowings could be explained by a cyclical fluctuation in the amount of funds borrowed at any one time. A further £14m is accounted for by the currency changes which affect GKN's British businesses alone. In the City the announcement of the rights issue knocked 16p from the GKN share price, that gives the company a market capitalization of £267m. Analysts were concerned that Mr Trevor declined to produce a profit forecast for the year. Shareholders have been referred instead to his comments in the GKN 1982 annual report. In the forward, Sir Trevor said that there was evidence to support the view that the world recession has reached the bottom. But he warned that although GKN is well placed to increase profits when market conditions improve, the rebuilding process may be slow. The GKN balance sheet has taken a beating over the past three years, after heavy rationalization which has seen the number of employees cut by 32,000 at the end of 1979 to 37,000 today. This has meant £178m in extraordinary costs over the period, on top of the £100m a year invested on plant and equipment. Pressure on GKN to arrange a fresh injection of funding has intensified over the last three months, when borrowings have soared by £50m largely because of the weakening of the pound.

NEI profit leaps to £39m

Northern Engineering Industries, the Newcastle-based engineering contractor for power stations and other heavy capital projects, has announced a 20 per cent rise in 1982 pretax profits at £39.5m. Net orders in hand now total a record £1,485m, against £1,100m this time last year. The one piece of bad news in the figures for the year is the £4.1m loss at Ertel Corporation which, has suffered from deregulation in the United States telecommunications business. But staff there has since been cut by 40 per cent, and the company is about to launch a new range of communication terminals and message switching devices, which it hopes will lead to a trading improvement in the second half of 1983. Capital spending last year was £39m and is likely to be nearer £30m this year. Investors' notebook, page 14

Sir Jeremy Morse's radical plan to change financial system Bank chairman seeks greater role for IMF and World Bank

By Peter Wilson-Smith, Banking Correspondent Sir Jeremy Morse, chairman of Lloyd's Bank and an internationally respected banker, has drawn up a five-point programme for a new world economic order in advance of the Williamsburg summit next month. Sir Jeremy said at the Institute of Fiscal Studies in London, last night that it was both possible and desirable to improve the pattern of world finance, but gave a warning that attempts to return to a more structured system would be abortive and damaging. He called for radical but gradual changes in the system to foster worldwide economic growth and promote free trade through greater international cooperation. "There should be a bigger role for official international agencies such as the International Monetary Fund and World Bank in channelling international capital flows, with commercial banks playing a smaller role and private investment stepped up." He said that the IMF should borrow on the Euro market and the World Bank should provide guarantees and political risk insurance for poorer countries to allow them to raise bond issues. However, he rejected proposals for a wholesale restructuring of the existing debt burden with some new government agency taking the debt of banks' books. There should be a gradual move towards fixed exchange rates either by merging currencies into blocks such as the European Monetary System or by general adoption of target zones. A return to a system of par values would have to be taken slowly because of the huge flows of hot money. It would be helped by closer coordination of interest rate and economic policies and the United States would have to take a lead. Special drawing rights should be extended to gradually take the place of currency reserves and other reserve assets in order to bring greater control and management to international liquidity and help prevent inflation recurring. The IMF Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Bank for International Settlements, the World Bank and development banks should cooperate more closely, without losing their incentives. This would be easier than forming a new institution to act as world monetary authority, which would be needed to lend authority and discipline at the core of the system. There should be changes in

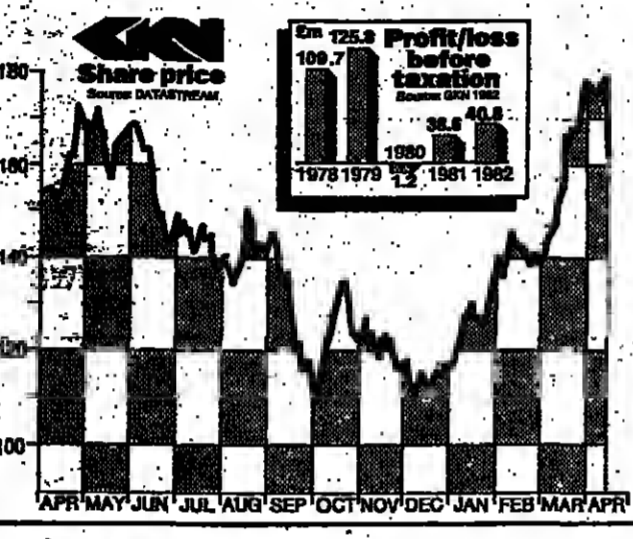


Morse: five-point plan for economic growth. Sir Jeremy was addressing the issues of whether a new Bretton Woods conference was needed to help solve the world economic crisis. He stressed that his proposals did not mean trying to recreate the Bretton Woods system, which was born out of a wartime economic environment. Nor would any restructuring on the scale of Bretton Woods be possible unless the battle against inflation was won. Sir Jeremy said it was premature to claim the battle against inflation was over, but said: "There is a respectable chance that, after a pause in 1983 and 1984 to allow debtors and creditors to catch their breath, inflation might be pushed down again even further to the point where it no longer accelerates, where governments would still have to watch it as a man watches his weight, but where the great inflation of the late twentieth century would be over." The universal framework of Bretton Woods should be retained but it would be good to bring in the Socialist countries as members of the monetary institutions, providing acceptable voting shares could be worked out. Most are already members of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

City Comment

Ransoming Reagan's good works

Political horse-trading is rarely an edifying sight, but at the moment the United States Congress, where the art had appeared to have reached its highest state, is surpassing even itself. The Senate banking committee is blatantly ransoming its endorsement of increased American International Monetary Fund quotas for support by the Administration for tighter regulation of foreign lending by American banks. This is an unprincipled tactic. It is important that the Administration has already given its agreement as the biggest shareholder in the IMF, goes through as soon as possible. The faster national legislatures ratify the quota increase agreed in February, under the chairmanship of Sir Geoffrey Howe, the better equipped the IMF will be to prevent the debt crisis erupting again, with all the attendant risk of suffering. What makes the Senate's behaviour especially distasteful is that the \$8,500m (£5,666m) American quota increase is no charge on the budget. A quota is a credit line, not a cash commitment. It costs the sensitive American taxpayer nothing to reduce the risk of international financial crisis. It does not follow that there is no case for more control over banks' foreign lending. By putting up their own proposals, federal banking regulators appear to have accepted the need, or at least the political necessity for a tougher regime. But IMF quotas are not bargaining counters.



Talbot making operating profit

Talbot UK, the car manufacturer owned by Peugeot of France but once part of Chrysler and before that the Rootes Group, has started this year to make a net profit for the first time in almost a decade. Mr George Turnbull, the chairman and a former BL managing director, said yesterday that the company made an operating profit of £4.9m in the second half of last year, compared with an operating loss of £30.5m in the first six months. "This progress has been maintained in the first quarter of 1983 when we have continued to trade profitably and, because of the buoyancy of the domestic market, have recorded a small net profit."

Profit back at Brook Street

Brook Street Bureau, the largest British private employment agency, should be back in profit this year after two years of recession-induced losses. The second half of last year saw losses reduced to £173,000, compared with the first half's loss of £633,000, to give a full-year figure of £207,000 against £1.5m the previous year. The loss includes costs of £160,000 for branch closures, offset by Australian property sales which raised £157,000. The dividend for the year is again a nominal 0.1p. Following last year's closures - there are no more to come, - the company is trading from 95 British branches and should be making a trading profit with two or three months. There are no borrowing and cash is £160,000 higher than a year ago. Australia, where the recession is running six to nine months behind Britain, is still trading from two branches with one mothballed, compared with with a peak of 25. The upturn in the American economy, with one office in New York, should start to show in group results in six months. SWISS SETBACK: Swiss banking emerging from a year of record and near-record profits, is less profitable than it may seem, the Swiss Banking Commission said.

UDS board favours Bassishaw

A cliff-hanging finale is in prospect for the battle for UDS after the board of the retailing conglomerate decided yesterday to recommend the cash bid from the Bassishaw consortium, even though it is lower than the offer from Hanson Trust. The UDS board made it clear that it had much more faith in the written assurances given by Mr Gerald Ronson, Bassishaw's chairman, than those Hanson Trust made when it first bid. The decision, however, again split the board. Sir Robert Clark, the chairman, and Mr David Jessel opposed the Bassishaw recommendation. The other six directors favoured Bassishaw. There had been hopes of a unanimous decision. The UDS board said that after two meetings with Hanson Trust it could get no further assurances. It also said that the assurances were similar to those Hanson gave in bidding for Berec; however, after Hanson took over Berec, a programme of disposals and closures was carried out. The board believed that UDS, under Bassishaw, would continue as a leading British retail group. There were "specific and positive assurances" about the future of the business and employment. Bassishaw's cash offer of 130p is 3 1/2p lower than Hanson's cash alternative - "a relatively small amount." Hanson has a higher share offer on the table, but UDS shareholders have shown a greater performance for cash. Sir Robert and Mr Jessel said that Hanson's assurances were satisfactory and recognised the rights of employees.

RETAIL MOVE: A new organization, the British Retailers Association, representing the interests of the United Kingdom department stores and multiple retailers has been formed as a result of the merger of the British Multiple Retailers Association and the Association of Retail Distributors.

REFUGE ASSURANCE GROUP RESULTS 1982 TOTAL PREMIUM INCOME £91.5 millions (1981-£87.9 millions) IMPROVED LIFE BRANCH BONUSES The surplus for the year allocated to policyholders was £43.4 millions (1981-£37.1 millions) ASSETS INCREASED At December 31st 1982 the total assets were valued at £916 millions (1981-£720 millions) Refuge ASSURANCE GROUP Chief Office: Oxford Street, Manchester M60 7HA Telephone: 061-236 9432 Registered Number 1364 England

Company's fight for independence could be undermined

Americans own more than 50pc of Sotheby

Most than 50 per cent of the shares of Sotheby's, the London-based art auctioneer, are owned by a 250m takeover battle is now believed to be an American hands. The presence of several sizeable American shareholders in the company's bank of directors is likely to undermine the company's fight for independence since the bid for a 52pc share stake by Mr Marshall Cogan and Mr Stephen Swid, two New York financiers and art collectors, has been bid at a price of 250p per share. Sotheby's directors have been advised to resign if control passes into their hands. However, over the last six months an increasing number of shares have found their way into the hands of American investors, many looking for a fast return as speculation increased about an imminent takeover bid. In addition to the 14 per cent stake held by the business interests of Messrs Cogan and Swid and the 6 per cent owned by Mr David Murdoch, a City businessman, five purposes. But Warner Morgan Company, the New York bank, is now acting as agent for more than 30 per cent of the shares. These shares are being held mainly on behalf of American arbitrageurs who have bought into the company for speculative purposes. But Warner Morgan Company, the New York bank, is now acting as agent for more than 30 per cent of the shares. In addition, Shaik Nassar al-Sabah, of Kuwait, who also owns a 6 per cent interest in Christie's International, Sotheby's smaller but most important rival, is said to own nearly 5 per cent of the shares. The Sotheby directors have made clear that they regard Messrs Swid and Cogan as unsuitable for association with the company. But the presence of the speculative Morgan Guaranty shareholding would suggest they would be unwise to rely on the argument as the basis of their defence. With several substantial sales lined up for the next two months, including the Haverly collection of impressionist paintings in New York, Sotheby is saying that this is one of the most impressive January-July seasons it has had. City investment analysts believe that although figures for the half year to the end of February are likely to show considerable losses before tax, full-year figures to the end of August could well reveal a recovery to profits of more than £2m. On the stock market yesterday, Sotheby shares rose 2p to 532p as dealers speculated on the possibility of Sotheby finding a rival bidder it finds more suitable.

Granville & Co Limited. (Formerly M. J. H. Nightingale & Co. Limited) 27/28 Lovat Lane, London EC3R 8EB Telephone 01-621 1212 The Over-the-Counter Market

Table with columns: 1982/83, High, Low, Company, Price, Change, Gross Dividend, Yield %, Actual, P/E, Fully Paid. Lists various stocks and their performance.



# Lower profits dent Smiths share price

**Smiths Industries**  
 Half-year to 29.1.83  
 Pretax profit £9.5 (£11.2m)  
 Turnover £183m (£187m)  
 Net interim 4p (same)  
 Share price 411p down 11p Yield 3.8%  
 Dividend payable 13.5.83

A combination of pretax profits down from £11.2m to £9.5m and at the lower end of market forecasts and an unchanged interim dividend has depressed Smith's share price. The City also believes that results for the full year could be slightly down because of the dependence on North America profits.

The combined results from North America, contributed more than 25 per cent of trading profits, and a slow recovery from recession could help 1984 rather than this year.

The distributive side, although better, is still depressed although margins are improving. Automotive was weak because of the fall in volume, but most of that is going into a joint company with Lucas, of which Smiths will own about 20 per cent.

Aerospace made £6.1m against £6.4m, and is expected to show little improvement compared with last year's second half. Marine turned round from a £125,000 loss to £341,000 and should now be on an upward trend. The medical companies showed a rise from £3.3m to £4.3m, with good sales in Britain and the United States, and further growth is expected.

In the industrial companies, there was a fall from £2.7m to £1.8m at the trading level and there seems little chance of improved volumes.

The Australian and South African companies had a sharp setback, with sales slightly lower at £29m, and profits down from £2m to £42,000. The drop reflected recession in both countries, but although those economies are still in the doldrums, Smiths reports improvements in trading, although it believes results will be substantially lower for the year as a whole.

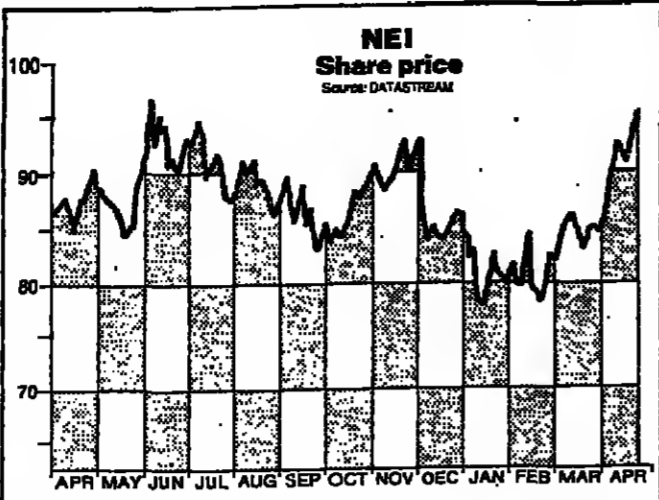
Smiths says that apart from aerospace, medical and Australia and South Africa the rest of the business will find trading difficult for the rest of this year. Forecasts of £26m or slightly less for 1983 make the prospective price earnings ratio of over 16 times earnings look expensive.

**Northern Engineering**

**Northern Engineering Industries**  
 Year to 31.12.82  
 Pretax profit £29.5m (£33.0m)  
 Stated earnings 11.25p (10.34p)  
 Turnover £867m (£721m)  
 Nat final dividend 3.25p mkg 4.75p (4.125p)  
 Share price 96p + 3p Yield 7%

NEI's workload has been good throughout last year, with work for both the Heysham II and Torness nuclear power stations.

There have been rises, too, in



Reyrolle and Peebles electrical businesses which have seen a marked turn round over the last two years. As a result the British businesses have accounted for a higher proportion of pretax profits.

Operations in Britain accounted for £30m of profit but 48 per cent of orders were for export. The South African subsidiary reported a 36 per cent rise in profits, and has a record order book.

NEI is going into 1983 with a record order book, and a positive cash flow - bank balances and deposits exceeded total borrowings by £33m.

On this basis the company has increased the dividend, and at the rate of progress shown over the last four years should be able to continue to do so.

another £3m to reduce debt further.

Plans for five new Comfort Inns are well advanced and will cost Comfort only £1m; its quoted but unnamed property partner will put up the balance of £9m.

Occupancy rates last year were better than in 1981, with bookings indicating that 1983

**Comfort Hotels International**  
 Year to 31.12.82  
 Pretax profit £1.3m (£274,000)  
 Stated earnings 1.84p (0.1p)  
 Turnover £28.5m (24.1p)  
 Nat dividend 0.65p (0.6p)  
 Share price 32p Yield 2.9%

could see an improvement of perhaps 5 per cent, only six months after a similar rise.

The return of tourists to London should benefit the hotels, Strikes restaurants and the Dayvilles ice cream parlours. Strikes is at least to get a quote on the Unlisted Securities Market.

Overseas, the losses from the Netherlands have been much reduced and profits are expected this year.

## Comfort Hotels International

The years figures for Comfort Hotels International are out

unreasonable, given the state of the industry, but the company gearing that is warranted.

However, the sale and lease-back arrangements with Routesone have already brought in £3m, reducing borrowings to £16m. Completion of outstanding deals will soon bring on

Considering Bowthorpe Holdings' disappointing interim figures, the profit for the year of £12.4m against £11.4m could have been worse. But it looks as though the electrical engineering company is still waiting for more recovery in Germany, Australia and South Africa and further improvement in the US. A stronger world economy could take profits to more than £14m this year, helped by the rights issue cash.

## Annual Report 1982.

# In a difficult year, our figures only tell you half the story.

### HALF THE STORY.

EM	1982	1981
Premium Income	1,358	1,157
Underwriting Losses	153.8	52.9
Investment Income	195.5	156.9
Pre-Tax Profit	44.5	104.9
Tax	(9.1)	31.7
Attributable Profit	53.6	73.2
Earnings per Share	31.3p	43.7p

### THE OTHER HALF.

#### RESERVES

Exchange rate movements added to the sterling measure of our net assets overseas and, together with favourable developments in investment values, combined to produce total surplus funds of £923 million and a world-wide solvency margin of 75% - a clear demonstration of the strength of our financial resources and the security this gives to all our policyholders.

#### DIVIDEND

The Board are recommending a final dividend of 9.5p per share, making a total of 17p per share, an increase of 4.6%. Despite the earnings decline, the Board consider some small dividend progression justified by a cover of 1.8 times.

#### CLAIMS

Our exceptional underwriting losses in the UK highlighted the extent of the insurance protection we provided for our policyholders, both private and commercial, during perhaps the worst winter in living memory. But we believe it is to give just this kind of support that we are in business.

#### LIFE ASSURANCE

I am pleased to record outstanding results for new individual business in 1982, with increases in both sums assured and premiums well above market average. The figures were boosted by more attractive premium rates for non-smokers, a new bonus series and the first Plain-English life policy in the UK.

#### MANAGEMENT

As I travel both at home and overseas, I am encouraged to see the skill and dedication of a new generation of management moving into positions of leadership within the Corporation. It is in their hands that our future prosperity will lie.

#### NEW TECHNOLOGY

Investment in new technology proceeds and although the full benefits remain to be reaped in future years we are already seeing welcome returns in several areas of our operations.

#### THE WAY AHEAD

I take most comfort from the indications of an incipient economic recovery in the United States. If this is encouraged to gather pace and leads to an end to the long recession elsewhere, then we can begin to hope for an increase in the demand for insurance and some easing of competitive pressures induced by over-capacity.

In the meantime we must resolve that our share of a market still contracting is not defended at any cost.

From the Annual Statement by the Chairman, Mr. Gordon R. Simpson.



**General Accident Fire & Life Assurance Corporation plc.**

World Headquarters, General Buildings, Perth, Scotland PH1 5TP.

The complete story of how we did in 1982 is included in our Annual Report for the year. A copy can be obtained by writing to the Secretary at the address above.

## COMMODITIES

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE		INTERNATIONAL	
Prices in pounds per metric ton		Prices in dollars per metric ton	
Commodity	Price	Commodity	Price
High grade copper	1082.10	Aluminium	240.00
Three months	1112.00	Lead	200.00
Cash	1082.10	Zinc	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Nickel	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Platinum	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Palladium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Rhodium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Rubidium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Selenium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Tellurium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Vanadium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Yttrium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Zirconium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Antimony	200.00
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Three months	1082.10	Bismuth	200.00
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Three months	1082.10	Praseodymium	200.00
Three months	1082.10	Samarium	200.00
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Three months	1082.10	Tin	200.00
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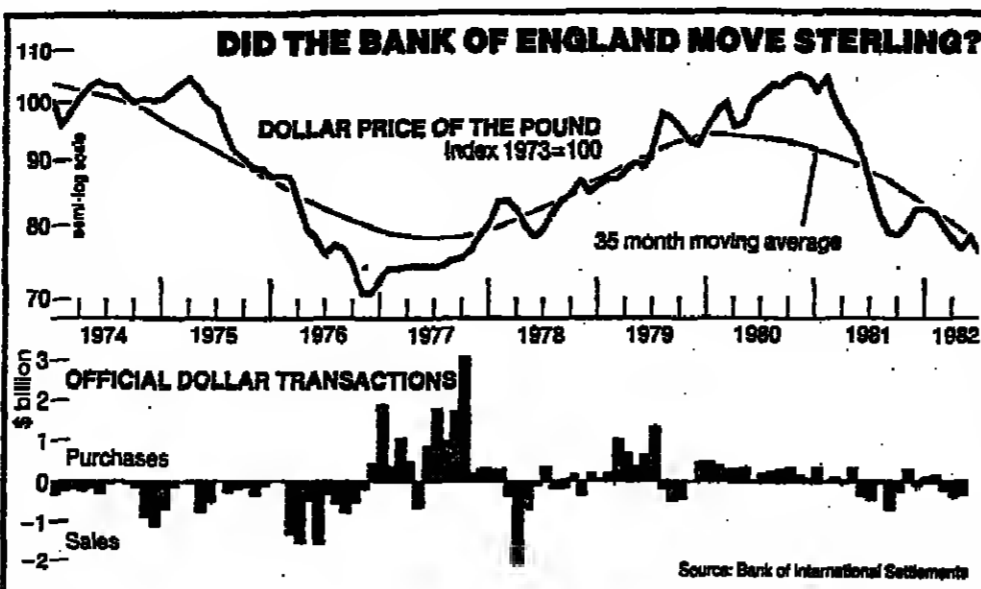


APPOINTMENTS

New joint chief at Aitken Hume

Mr M. C. Scory has been appointed joint chief executive with Mr M. Aikens of the Aitken Hume Group. Dr G. Hetherington has become deputy chairman of TSL Thermal Syndicate. Mr David Kern is the new manager and chief economist, market intelligence department, of National Westminster Bank. Mr Michael Fletcher has been appointed managing director of Planned Savings Group. Mr B. S. Sheppard becomes a director of Olympic (Redacre). Mr C. J. M. Parker has been elected chairman of A. Caird & Sons. Mr Abel Hadden has been appointed director of Good Relations Group and chief executive of Good Relations, the consumer public relations subsidiary. Mr W. M. Alder is the new manager of National Westminster Bank's Bahrain branch. Mr J. M. Chapman has been appointed finance director of Erskine House Investments. Mr John P. Clark has been elected to the board of Wigham Poland Pension Consultants. Mr Colin E. Brown has been appointed a director of Wigham Poland Nnn Marine. Mr W. J. Fox is joining the board of LCP Holdings. Mr John Earl has been made managing director of Haden Dryeys International, the industrial finishing and mechanical handling division of Haden. Mr J. A. Griffiths has joined the board of Initial, in the newly-created position of finance director. Mr J.W. Muffat has been appointed a managing director of Marley Floors. Mr W.D.H. Gregson has become a non-executive director of H. Brammer. Mr G.J.A. Jamieson, a director of Robert Fleming Holdings, has been elected chairman of The Charities Official Investment Fund. Mr Helmut Sothen has become a senior vice-chairman of World-Wide Shipping Agency, in Hongkong. Mr Stephen Y.K. Pao has been appointed as senior executive director of World-Wide Shipping Agency, and also as director of Marine Navigators, the group's affiliates in London.

None but the most steady of monetarists now believes that exchange rates are best left solely to market forces. The wild week-by-week movements of currencies in recent years have often borne little relation to real economic forces. European governments (with a brief post-election lapse by the Thatcher Government) have not hesitated to buy or sell their own currencies when they see fit from the "helpful hand on the tiller" advocated by the Bank of England governor to the all-out defence of the currency pursued - though without conspicuous success - by the French. But the Americans, whose currency still dominates the world financial scene, refuse to play ball. Their policy of "benign neglect", which has accompanied a soaring dollar, has Europeans claim, deepened the world recession and held back economic recovery by pushing up interest rates and inflation. Whether currency intervention, as distinct from more fundamental policy changes, would have made a great deal of difference is doubtful. But the technical intervention issue has become overlaid with more political passions. In microcosm, it represents the war being waged by Europe on American economic isolationism. A retreat from "benign neglect" would, the European camp hopes, pave the way for further modification of US policies to take account of their international repercussions, notably by action to curb rising budget deficits. In the Europeans' delight, the Americans have scored something of an own goal with their suggestion at last year's Versailles summit for a study on the efficacy of intervention. This successfully defused the issue for a while, as it was intended to do. But the report, due to be published shortly, before the Williamsburg summit next month, supports the European stance. Though it makes no recommendations, its technical analysis suggests that intervention does work in reducing currency fluctuations. The study, chaired by M Philippe Jurgensen, a senior French finance official, draws a distinction between "sterilized" and non-sterilized intervention, according to whether the authorities flow their foreign exchange operations to affect domestic money policy or not. Intervention, say, to support sterling automatically tightens money conditions at home because the Bank of England is buying pounds and taking them out of circulation. This puts upward pressure on interest



Growing call for US currency intervention

rates unless the effect is counteracted or "sterilized". Clearly, sterilized intervention is likely to be less effective than if the authorities had allowed money conditions to tighten. Reinforcing action by governments, to squeeze money policy further, will have an even greater impact on the currency. American intervention has become overlaid with political passions. Further support for the European position comes in another paper published last month by the Bank for International Settlements, the central bankers' club based in Basle. This concludes, from a study of foreign exchange operations by Britain, Germany and Japan, that official intervention is predominantly stabilizing. "These findings would appear to put the burden of proof on those who argue that the official role in the exchange markets has been primarily unhelpful and will continue to be so in the future", the study says, in an unmistakable aside to the United States. The paper's authors, whose views broadly reflect those of the BIS, reject the use of a

profitability criterion. This is the most widely used measure of the effectiveness of currency intervention and the one, albeit surrounded by caveats, on which the Jurgensen study was based. Instead they looked at whether intervention pushed the exchange rate towards or away from its long run equilibrium rate as measured by a 35-month moving average. Where the exchange rate was close to its equilibrium level they judged that intervention was helpful if it pushed the currency back towards its last observed level - on the grounds that the authorities may not know precisely where equilibrium lies and may wish to prevent movements going too far. On the first criterion alone stabilizing interventions outnumbered destabilizing interventions between 1974 and 1982 by 2 1/2 to 1 in Germany, and 4 to 1 in Japan. In Britain the balance was roughly equal. Using both tests together the

There are signs that the US may be willing to budge. Mr Anthony Solomon, president of the New York Fed, which carries out US official intervention, said a few days ago that the outlines of an understanding on limited intervention could be reached at Williamsburg. Finally, the Americans are beginning to talk openly about the need for changes in the international monetary order. Such calls will meet with cynicism in Europe unless the United States shows itself willing to make concessions. However, even if agreement on currency intervention is reached, this will do little to ease the more fundamental problem of long run swings in exchange rates which bear little relation to economic performance. The fixed exchange rate system imposed economic convergence between countries through the discipline of balancing their trade. Now governments are arguing that convergence is a precondition of more stable exchange rates. It will take more than a couple of academic studies to produce agreement here. Frances Williams

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Industrial notebook Aircraft that should be left grounded

Britain's struggling aerospace industry is becoming more strident in its calls on the Government to commit vast sums on Europe's latest, decidedly dubious aircraft ventures. The object of official intervention, the study suggests, should be to give the currency markets a clearer idea of where the long-run equilibrium level of the exchange rate ought to be. "The prime purpose of official intervention should not be to 'outguess the market' but, in conjunction with other policy actions, to create a more stable and predictable environment", the authors say. There are growing signs that the United States may be willing to budge. The American authorities have recently ventured, on the odd occasion, tiny sums in exchange operations. In policy terms that represents a defeat for the hardliners, though its impact on the currency will have been negligible. Mr Anthony Solomon, president of the New York Fed, which carries out US official intervention, said a few days ago that the outlines of an understanding on limited intervention could be reached at Williamsburg. Finally, the Americans are beginning to talk openly about the need for changes in the international monetary order. Such calls will meet with cynicism in Europe unless the United States shows itself willing to make concessions. However, even if agreement on currency intervention is reached, this will do little to ease the more fundamental problem of long run swings in exchange rates which bear little relation to economic performance. The fixed exchange rate system imposed economic convergence between countries through the discipline of balancing their trade. Now governments are arguing that convergence is a precondition of more stable exchange rates. It will take more than a couple of academic studies to produce agreement here. Frances Williams

Table with multiple columns containing financial data, including 'Authorized Units & Insurance Funds' and 'Insurance Bonds and Funds'. The table lists various financial instruments, their values, and other relevant details.

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BELL'S SCOTCH WHISKY BELL'S

Shares of Debenhams, the department store chain, continued to scale new heights yesterday on hopes of a bid once the UDS battle has been decided.

The price rose 7p to a new high of 125p as more than 1 million shares changed hands after hours alone. At this level the group with 67 department stores is valued at £167m. Favourite candidate to make a bid is Mr Gerald Ronson's Hero Group, currently tied up in the Bassishaw consortium bidding for UDS.

Last month National Insurance Guarantee, a subsidiary of Heron, bought more than 1 million shares at around the 118p level. But last night Heron denied it had been buying more shares. On behalf of Mr Ronson, Mr Cyril Spencer, chief executive of Bassishaw, said: "We have definitely not been dealing in Debenhams, and have no intention of making a bid."

However, with a net asset value of 226.3p a share, the temptation to make a bid for the company remains great. Debenhams had no comment to make.

Debenhams at record 125p

ACCOUNT DAY: Dealings began, Monday, Dealings end, April 22, Contango Day, April 25, Settlement Day, May 3.

Meanwhile, the rest of the equity market showed no signs of running out of steam. Blue chips led the way higher on hopes of an imminent cut in bank base rates with the FT Index closing another 3.8 up to a new peak of 687.7 - for a two-day rise of 12.7.

Shares of Inasun Leisure Group, the holiday tour operators, held steady at 131p despite a large seller of 4.5 million shares - 9% of the equity. The seller is thought to have been a member who sold below the market price.

Even the surprise £77.2m cash offer from GKN, Britain's biggest engineering group, failed to dampen enthusiasm as the price tumbled 16p to 162p. TI Group lost 2p to 162p after 158p, in sympathy.

GIIS continued to reflect growing optimism of a cut in base rates and the pound's continued recovery on the

foreign exchange, where it ended up 1.45 cents at \$1.5415. But earlier gains of more than £1 were pared by profit-taking as investors raised cash for application in the new tap, where dealings start tomorrow. In longs, prices ended the day 1.5c lower, while shorts were 2 1/2c lower.

But speculation continued to help Debenhams, the troubled tyre giant, which ended the day 3p higher at 58p. On Monday, Pegi Multi-Purpose announced it had bought a further 6.5 million shares, taking its stake to 26.1 per cent and leading to renewed speculation that the Singapore-based group may soon be making a bid for control of the group.

One of the best movers of the day among the FT constituents was ICI, one of the biggest British industrial companies, jumping 14p to a high of 416p after 420p. The group is due to report first quarter figures on April 28, with the market

looking for pretax profits of around £90m against £62m for the corresponding period last year. Despite recent American support, most of yesterday's support came from British investors hoping for further signs of a recovery.

Expect details this week of BET's minority bid for Rediffusion. The merchant bank is putting the finishing touches to the deal, whereby BET will buy the remaining 36.1 per cent of the shares. Meanwhile, Mr Hugh Dundas, chairman of BET, has again denied the company was itself the target of a bid as the shares added another 10p to 245p yesterday. "There is no one breathing down our necks," he said.

C. H. Beazer has won control of Second City Properties by the skin of its teeth. Acceptances for its 77p a share bid, valuing the Birmingham-based property group at £18.1m, amounted to

54 per cent of the shares. The offer has now gone unconditional. Meanwhile, Michael Ashcroft's, Keen & Scott, has also won its battle for control of furniture manufacturer, Alpine Holdings, with the offer now going unconditional. Acceptances totalled 7.3 million shares, including 679,000 shares in respect of the separate cash offer, which accounts for 77 per cent of the company.

Unigroup has placed 1.2 million shares at 50p to raise £570,000. The money will be used to sell its air-based refillable aerosol system. On the unlisted Securities Market, shares of Fitch & Co were unchanged at 125p despite Monday's figures showing the group easily exceeding profits forecasts. The group weighed in with pretax profits of £875,000 compared with the earlier figure of £825,000.

Millard Deeks rallied after Monday's shake-out with the price closing 25p dearer at 75p, still reflecting the recent cash-raising proposals. Earlier this year, the shares were traded at around 150p amid hopes of a long-awaited bid.

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BELL'S SCOTCH WHISKY BELL'S

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Large advertisement for BELL'S SCOTCH WHISKY with a bottle image and text.







# Peacetime camp prepared for victory march

By Michael Phillips, Racing Correspondent

Peacetime, Ivano, Be My Native and Count Pahlen stood their ground overnight, so the group three Earl of Sefton Stakes promises to be the most interesting race at Newmarket today... no matter what some may say about the European Free Handicap, which is being sponsored by Ladbrokes for the first time.

Peacetime, Ivano and Count Pahlen all won classic trials last spring. Be My Native was not far behind the best of his age, as was borne out by his excellent effort towards the end of August at Arlington Park, near Chicago where he was runner-up to Ferrault in the Budweiser Million.

My best news concerns Peacetime, who is said to be going to the United States to be trained by Jerry Tice, whose early forays this spring have already met with considerable success. Peacetime is also the form horse in today's select field of seven.

When he won the Guardian Classic Trial at Sandown towards the end of last April, Peacetime beat Be My Native by two lengths, what was more, he should manage again. A victory at Goodwood much later in the season proved beyond doubt that the operation that he had in July to improve his breathing was a complete success.

For the record Peacetime also beat Ivano by a length when they clashed in the Predominate Stakes at Goodwood in May. Prior to that Ivano had won both the Derby Stakes at Chester and the Gerry Feilden Memorial Stakes over today's course and distance at this meeting.

The Irish Challenger, Stannera, would be a fly in the ointment at today's weight if she were to run as well as she did against Tim Charter here in the autumn. However, Peacetime is preferred in the belief that he has come to himself already this spring in spite of the vile weather, just as he did at much the same time last year.

Peacetime is a confident selection. The field for this year's Free Handicap is the smallest since it began in 1929. Having come up with the best of his age, he is thanks to a herculean effort on the part of Lester Piggott on Match-winner, Henry Cecil is hot on the trail of success again, this time with Salieri, whose only defeat was at York in August when he was



Muscatie leads the challenge of Spanish Place in Newmarket's Craven Stakes

# Danzatore's extra tour of duty

By Michael Seely

Danzatore, the 6-4 favourite for the 2,000 Guineas, runs in the McCairn's Trial Stakes at Phoenix Park on Saturday. The well-thought-of O'Brien's unbeaten Northern Dancer colt tired when winning over nine furlongs at the first meeting on the Dublin course and is thought likely to be sent to some other race before Newmarket.

Other news on the Guineas front at Newmarket yesterday came from Henry Cecil. The champion trainer is still hopeful that Danzatore will be in the line-up for the first of the colts' classics. "Disias was stiff when let out of his box this morning, but he warmed up after 10 minutes and worked beautifully," Cecil said.

A better field overall will do battle at Haydock for the Field Marshal Stakes. Twelve months ago this prize was won by Chelliston Park, who gave another of her typical game performances at the Royal Ascot later in the season when she was runner-up to Fearless Lad in the King's Stand Stakes. They are in opposition again this afternoon, along with Taitful, who ended last season with a victory in the Cornwallis Stakes at Ascot where the ground was every bit as soft as it is likely to be this afternoon.

Highlighted first time: Haydock, Nov. 1982. Danzatore, 6-4 favourite for the 2,000 Guineas, runs in the McCairn's Trial Stakes at Phoenix Park on Saturday. The well-thought-of O'Brien's unbeaten Northern Dancer colt tired when winning over nine furlongs at the first meeting on the Dublin course and is thought likely to be sent to some other race before Newmarket.

# Gaselee to fly high on Another Breeze

By Dick Hinder

select field which includes Lord Leighton, Young Ducky and Solid Rock. Gaselee's non-neighbour, Nicky Henderson, will be hoping Amara can complete a treble in the three-mile Alpine Meadow Handicap-Hurdle, but the Irish-trained You're Welcome, who belied his odds of 25-1 with a promising second to Sandalwood in the last Ascot meeting, is preferred.

All the runners in the Royal Free Handicap have been placed over fences this season, without winning as a condition of entry. Marmbrage, who just failed to hold Henry Green with a long, late run at Cheltenham, has a sporting chance to break his duck.

Fred Winter's Acca Wild, after a lengthy absence, competes in a handicap company for the first time in the Trillium Handicap Hurdle and is well following Mr Mellors can recover winning form in the Mahonia Hunters' Chase.

# POINT-TO-POINT

## No holding Nostradamus

By Ian Reid

The Hoythrop's traditional four-mile race for the Lord Ashburton of Eyde Cup, run over four lengths ahead at Dunthorpe Farm, near Chipping Norton, yesterday was won impressively by John Sumner's Nostradamus, confidently ridden by Ian Mackie, Altonham, who was second and More Culture, who had beaten Nostradamus at Lookings on Easter Monday, third.

The three miles and a half ladies' open produced an exciting finish between outsiders in the field of 14. The grey Starry, ridden by Elsie Mitchell, led almost from the start and held off the best-finishing Inyanbairn by half a length. Seize, the disappointing favourite, was eight lengths away third.

The riders were delighted by the new course. Mrs Mitchell said it was the best she had ever ridden over. "More like a racecourse," she said. Jenny Fildgen's sequence of eight winners was brought to an end when Zarafin was beaten by Casket in the RA Ladies open at Larkhill last Saturday. Zarafin, a grey mare, was a scorching gallop on the grey mare. Zarafin got to within a length of her at the third last, where he made a mistake and never threatened thereafter. Casket won in eight lengths in the fast time of 10sec.

Irish Shamrock, the hot favourite, and Mr Ratnax soon had the men's open to themselves. Carrying 7lb penalty, Irish Shamrock led from five out and was four lengths ahead at the last when his rider, Alan Walter, lost an iron. Taking full advantage of his rival's inability to ride a finish, Gray Louisa made a valiant effort to catch the grey on Mr Ratnax, but was still a length adrift at the post.

Windfall Penny, ridden by David Dando and backed down from 5-1 to 2-1, landed the female handicap in the 15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779-1780-1781-1782-1783-1784-1785-1786-1787-1788-1789-1790-1791-1792-1793-1794-1795-1796-1797-1798-1799-1800-1801-1802-1803-1804-1805-1806-1807-1808-1809-1810-1811-1812-1813-1814-1815-1816-1817-1818-1819-1820-1821-1822-1823-1824-1825-1826-1827-1828-1829-1830-1831-1832-1833-1834-1835-1836-1837-1838-1839-1840-1841-1842-1843-1844-1845-1846-1847-1848-1849-1850-1851-1852-1853-1854-1855-1856-1857-1858-1859-1860-1861-1862-1863-1864-1865-1866-1867-1868-1869-1870-1871-1872-1873-1874-1875-1876-1877-1878-1879-1880-1881-1882-1883-1884-1885-1886-1887-1888-1889-1890-1891-1892-1893-1894-1895-1896-1897-1898-1899-1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906-1907-1908-1909-1910-1911-1912-1913-1914-1915-1916-1917-1918-1919-1920-1921-1922-1923-1924-1925-1926-1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932-1933-1934-1935-1936-1937-1938-1939-1940-1941-1942-1943-1944-1945-1946-1947-1948-1949-1950-1951-1952-1953-1954-1955-1956-1957-1958-1959-1960-1961-1962-1963-1964-1965-1966-1967-1968-1969-1970-1971-1972-1973-1974-1975-1976-1977-1978-1979-1980-1981-1982-1983-1984-1985-1986-1987-1988-1989-1990-1991-1992-1993-1994-1995-1996-1997-1998-1999-2000-2001-2002-2003-2004-2005-2006-2007-2008-2009-2010-2011-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016-2017-2018-2019-2020-2021-2022-2023-2024-2025-2026-2027-2028-2029-2030-2031-2032-2033-2034-2035-2036-2037-2038-2039-2040-2041-2042-2043-2044-2045-2046-2047-2048-2049-2050-2051-2052-2053-2054-2055-2056-2057-2058-2059-2060-2061-2062-2063-2064-2065-2066-2067-2068-2069-2070-2071-2072-2073-2074-2075-2076-2077-2078-2079-2080-2081-2082-2083-2084-2085-2086-2087-2088-2089-2090-2091-2092-2093-2094-2095-2096-2097-2098-2099-2100-2101-2102-2103-2104-2105-2106-2107-2108-2109-2110-2111-2112-2113-2114-2115-2116-2117-2118-2119-2120-2121-2122-2123-2124-2125-2126-2127-2128-2129-2130-2131-2132-2133-2134-2135-2136-2137-2138-2139-2140-2141-2142-2143-2144-2145-2146-2147-2148-2149-2150-2151-2152-2153-2154-2155-2156-2157-2158-2159-2160-2161-2162-2163-2164-2165-2166-2167-2168-2169-2170-2171-2172-2173-2174-2175-2176-2177-2178-2179-2180-21



GOLF: BALLESTEROS THE MASTER

Spaniard tames himself as well as the course

From A Special Correspondent Augusta, Georgia

Severiano Ballesteros won his second Masters in three years with a disciplined performance here that belied his reputation as a wild hitter.



Ballesteros embraces his caddy and his second Masters

After narrowly missing a birdie putt at the next hole he struck a two-iron 100-yards just two feet from the flag at the short fourth for another birdie.

Ballesteros seized the initiative from his closest rivals, who included three other former champions, with a birdie on the opening hole to pull away from the lead.

Although no serious challenge came Ballesteros played uncharacteristically down the homeward stretch and then delighted the gallery by

chipping into the hole at the 18th to save par in a final flourish. He missed only one fairway all day, at the 13th, where he tried to manage to save par, giving credence to his statement earlier in the week that his reputation as a wild hitter was exaggerated.

Final scores from Augusta

Table with columns for player names and scores. Includes names like S Ballesteros, S Crenshaw, T Watson, etc.

Eventing: Badminton's youngest competitor

Ambitious contender who has Mrs Green in her sights

Karen Straker, the reigning European junior champion, is the youngest competitor to enter this year's Badminton Horse Trials.



Miss Straker and Running Bear on winning trail at Rotherfield

The youngest of five children (the other are all boys), Miss Straker comes from a family where anyone who showed an interest in horses was considered to have a special talent.

Unluckily Barcity went over backwards in the yard and crushed his withers so badly that he had to be put down. She continued with Peppercorn, representing Britain on him as a junior in Belgium in 1981 when the team was second at the European junior championships in 1980.

The college broke up only three weeks ago. During the term she could do no more in preparation for Badminton than travel back to Yorkshire each weekend to ride Running Bear. During the week Mrs Straker goes to Running Bear's fitness, squash rackets and swimming sec to Karen's. Miss Straker admits that she is lucky to have a resident trainer in her mother.

Miss Straker fully intends not to lose sight of the fun side of the sport, but she knows she would not be in it without a keen sight on winning. They say you need a lot of good luck and good management for success. Of the latter she is assured. Given a fair measure of the former, her neat figure and fair hair could become as familiar as Mrs Green's.

Jenny MacArthur

WOMEN'S HOCKEY: MORE PROGRESS IN WORLD EVENTS England drop second group point

From Joyce Whitehead, Kuala Lumpur

England, though still unbeaten in the World Cup tournament for women, dropped their second point here yesterday in a 1-1 draw with Argentina and must be worried about their qualification from Group B for a place in the semi-final round.

too few attackers to achieve the desired result. After half-time Ruth Hine, who was brought on in place of Jane Swinnerton, soon equalized for England; it was a reward for persistence. England forced seven short corners in this period but the Argentine defence refused to yield. Ireland are playing better and better, and yesterday they beat Austria 4-1 in the Intercontinental Cup. Austria's goal was from a penalty stroke, and then came four goals to Ireland. Joanne McNown equalized before half-time, Margaret Gieghorn with a solo run from the 25-yard line Gwen Paul, (two), and Eilish Macken from a penalty stroke completed the scoring. Ireland's teamwork, even with three substitu-

La crème de la crème

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Applicants should forward a full CV, listing separately those companies to whom their details should not be sent and quoting ref. 1613 on their envelope. All letters will be sent directly to our client.

Charles Barker

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Syon Park - London

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Excellent secretarial skills are essential and applicants should be well organised and highly motivated to deal with this challenging position.

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Mrs M Deam Enoxy Chemical Limited John Bush House 277 London Road Isleworth, Middlesex

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Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.



# La crème de la crème

## Elizabeth Hunt

**NO SHORTHAND** £7,500  
This important Mayfair company with world-wide business interests seeks a well organized Secretary with fast audio skills. Twice yearly salary reviews.

**ON THE RADIO** £3,000  
Our client the Managing Director of an organization closely connected to the world of broadcasting seeks a PA/Secretary/Administrator. Good audio essential, shorthand an asset.

**W1 OIL** £7,500  
An International American Oil Company seeks a PA/Secretary to a Senior Executive. Handle your own correspondence. Good audio ability and rusty shorthand needed.

**MARKET RESEARCH** £6,500  
A career opportunity with a W1 Market Research Company for a Secretary/Administrator. Learn the business and eventually become a Research Executive. You should be well educated with fast audio skills. Age irrelevant but previous office experience essential.

**Elizabeth Hunt Recruitment Consultants**  
18 Grosvenor Street London W1 Telephone 01-499 8070

## INSTITUTE OF DIRECTORS Conference Organiser

The Institute of Directors is a professional body for business leaders. Its expanding programme of conferences plays a vital part in supporting the Institute's objectives.

We seek an experienced organiser who will be capable of handling conference and seminar arrangements from planning and budgeting through to successful presentation of the event. The successful candidate, who will have already spent some time in the conference business, will have established typing and shorthand skills and is unlikely to be under 25 years of age.

Reporting to the Director of External Relations, the conference organiser will enjoy an advantageous position of benefits. Salary range up to £3,000 p.a. according to age and experience.

Please apply in writing to The Personnel Officer, Institute of Directors, 118 Pall Mall, London SW1Y 5ED.

## EXECUTIVE SECRETARY PERSONAL ASSISTANT

Our Chairman is looking for a new secretary. An articulate, confident organiser with good shorthand and some understanding of a public company is sought. The ability to work from one's own initiative is essential. There will be a certain amount of personal work for the Chairman too. We are a fast growing public company, specialising in advertising contractors, and we are offering a highly competitive remuneration package.

Write, in confidence, to:-  
Mary Douglas,  
London and Continental Advertising Holdings plc  
Bremer House  
27 Sale Place  
London W2 1PT

## DIRECTOR'S SECRETARY/ ADMINISTRATOR

**c. £9,000 p.a. London, W.1**

Overseas Technical Services is a rapidly growing group of companies serving the global industry world wide. An expansion of two years experience in a professional role. Qualifications include a minimum of two years experience in a professional role. At least three of which have been at a senior management/director level. First class secretarial skills are essential, in addition, a proven ability to handle office management and a range of other duties. A proven ability to handle office management and a range of other duties. A proven ability to handle office management and a range of other duties.

**JENNY ADLINGTON**  
Overseas Technical Services Ltd  
21 Cork Street, London, W1

## PUBLISHING - W1 SALARY £7,500 NEG

Successful small company involved in publishing requires 2 Directors' Secretaries to work for the Chief Executive and Financial Director. Minimum speeds 120/60 wpm. Applicants must be well organised, numerate, self-motivated and aged between 25 and 50.

**RING CHRIS SALMON - 629 6575**  
**BEAVERS LTD, 411 OXFORD ST, W1.**  
(Rec. Cons)

## TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SECRETARIES WE NEED YOU!

We have lots of temporary work in all areas for accomplished s/h, d/typists and o/typists. Long and short-term bookings. Great rates! If you would like to work in ADVERTISING and are an attractive, skilled s/h sec. capable of earning an excellent salary £25,000+, an exciting career awaits you.

Please ring now  
**JUST JOBS LTD ON 938 1977**  
(219 Kensington High St. W8)

## Graduate Appointments Temporary Secretaries

The onset of Spring means that the temporary season has started and we urgently need to recruit additional staff to work with us through the coming months. In return for your hard work and flexibility, we offer excellent rates and interesting assignments. If you are an experienced secretary with skills of 110/60 or a fast accurate typist/audio, telephone:

**Karin Parnaby 629-7262 West End**  
**Ginny Ling 621-4566 City**

**Temporary Division**  
A Division of Graduate Appointments Ltd

## SEE A SPECIALIST IN ADVERTISING, MARKETING AND PR

**LEADING AD AGENCY - Secretary - second job for account group - £6,000 + perks**  
**TOP MEDIA BUYING SHOW - needs Sec/PA for Partner & founder company - £7,500**  
**LARGE AD AGENCY - Sec/PA - Blue Chip Accounts, board level - £8,500**  
**AD AGENCY, W1 - Sec/Typist - no shorthand - for young, dynamic - £6,500**

We have a variety of long and short-term assignments in Advertising, Marketing and PR.

**Call CAROLINE PRICE or JANE CAPON on 493 6456**

**adpower communications**  
8 Blenheim Street London W1

## PA/Secretary London WC1

The Director of a well-established insurance broking company, with branches throughout the UK, requires a Personal Assistant with previous secretarial experience at the London Head Office. Age 20-30, you will be responsible for secretarial work - including shorthand, typing and word processing - in addition to assisting the Director's business, liaising with staff and a variety of administrative functions.

This opportunity has the potential to become a very interesting and challenging job.

Write with full CV, to:  
Michael Haddock, PER, 4-5  
Greenwich Place London  
SW12 7SD.

## TOURNAMENT SECRETARY

Applications required for post of Tournament Secretary and Chief Administrative Officer. The applicant must have at least two years' experience in the day-to-day running and promotion of major golfing events together with overseas experience of a similar nature and must be capable of working unsupervised as part of a small specialised team. Salary subject to negotiation.

Applications should be addressed to: Box 8956H The Times, together with full details of work experience and references.

## HAVE YOU GOT WHAT IT TAKES!

Yes, to minimum of 3 -  
1. Ability to be office administrator and look after office staff plus pc duties.  
2. Previous background enabling understanding of work environment.  
3. French speaking, to work in Paris, minimum twice a year.  
4. Shorthand facility, although barely used.  
5. Aged 24-32, confident and self motivated and worth excellent salary, above £9,500, international Co. WC2.

**Then please ring Grade One**  
**734 5266**  
(Rec. Cons)

## SECRETARY TO CHAIRMAN OF BOOK PUBLISHERS COVENT GARDEN

To assist with all publishing activities. There may also be an opportunity for some editorial involvement. Publishing experience most desirable; shorthand essential. The working conditions are pleasant; Salary by negotiation. Full CV and salary history to:

**THE COMPANY SECRETARY,**  
36, Bow Street, London, WC2E 7AN

## Administration Secretary £8000

An excellent opportunity has arisen within a large, well-established company for a capable secretary with good skills and a flair for administration. A sound educational and career background will assist you to develop this position to its full potential. Age 25+ Skills 90/50.

**Telephone Deborah on 405-7201**  
01 London Staff, 5 Great Ocean Street, London WC2B 9QG

## BI-LINGUAL SECRETARY

Managing Director of international trading company requires a first class bi-lingual secretary. English/French with excellent secretarial skills, local experience and ability to cope under pressure. French is an essential requirement plus the confidence and ability to liaise at all levels.

Salary £7,000 negotiable, to start immediately.

Apply in writing to:  
**J.V.L. D.C.**  
86 Hatton Garden  
London, E.C.1.

## EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR JUNIOR SECRETARY

Aged 19-22 years, of smart appearance with confident, well-spoken telephone manner. Above all else, the successful candidate will be chosen for their flexibility and personality. They will live in the central London area and be used to working with a small number of people. A good salary, with fringe benefits, is offered with this position. Please reply with CV to Box 05094 The Times.

## FLOAT SECRETARY £7,500

A major international organization requires an adaptable, flexible Secretary who is capable of giving a PA and Secretarial back-up to visiting "The Right Honorable" Ministers. This position will report to those applicants who enjoy variety and working under pressure. Skills including audio must be good. This is an excellent opportunity for a young secretary to gain invaluable senior level experience. Excellent fringe benefits including overtime payments.

**499 9175**  
**MacBlain MASH**  
Recruitment Consultants  
16 Hanover Square, London, W1

## ACCOUNTS ASST/ COMPUTER OP £7,500

Min 5 'O' levels including Maths. Must have worked in an accounts office before and have a working knowledge of double entry bookkeeping. Experience in Apple based systems an asset. Sales and purchase ledgers and routine accounting duties. 4 weeks holiday, LVA, BUPA. Please ring Mrs Jones on 437 3103 for an appointment.

**International Secretaries**  
A job to find better!

## Flexible and Experienced Audio Secretary

required (aged 25-45) working with another Secretary for a small friendly team (managing director and 3 executives) located in superb West End, Marble Arch, building of a public property company. £7,700 pa + bonus, 4 weeks' holiday and BUPA. Please telephone: Mr Ronald Gerrard, 01-629 6831.

## RECEPTIONIST/ SECRETARY £7,000

An experienced switchboard operator/shorthand typist required by a leading international organization. The successful candidate will be a confident, personable and efficient secretary with excellent shorthand skills. In addition to providing telephone and switchboard services, the successful candidate will be responsible for the general administration of the office. Excellent salary, LVA, BUPA and 3 weeks' holiday. Please ring Mr Bernard Gordon on 01-486 1252.

## MALE SECRETARY SAUDI ARABIA £11,500 Tax free + bonus

The American based of a Saudi Arabian firm needs a Secretary with good shorthand and typing to assist him with his administrative work. He will be working in Saudi Arabia. You'll join a small team in Riyadh initially on a year's contract (probably renewable). Please ring 01 491 7180

## EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

MD of the European organization of a Canadian investment group requires a Secretary with experience at this level who will be responsible for the efficient organization of the office. No shorthand, knowledge of German a distinct advantage. Pleasant office in St James's. Salary £20,000. Elected Secretary £9,999 6672 for further details.

## CHAIRMAN'S SEC/PA £8,000 NEG

Experience at Director Level with shorthand at 100wpm although not a deal breaker, accuracy, typing, pleasant personality and telephone manner. Own office, excellent benefits plus a charming train to work for. City area, well known established company.

Please call Roy Stockton on 01-242 8334 or send your C.V. to him at Personnel Resources, 75 Gray's Inn Road, WC1.

## TEMPORARY STAFF VICTORIA

Due to the high demand for top calibre temporary staff, we are in urgent need of the following people:

Secretaries 110/60 - £3,800+  
Word processor operators - 1yr exp - £4,200+  
Audiotyping typists - 50+ wpm - £3,200+

Candidates must have a minimum of 2 years working exp. plus a bright, flexible attitude towards temporary work.

Contact Mrs McWhirter on 828 8754  
King's Cross, Cons.

## COMMODITIES £9,000+

This opportunity will appeal to an ambitious and flexible individual seeking a career in a fast moving environment. As Sec/Asst to the three directors of this prestigious City firm you will need to be a self-starter, able to think on your feet and have at least 3 years exp. experience in Finance related 'A' levels preferred. Age 25-35.

**RING 588 3535**  
**Crone Corkill**  
Recruitment Consultants

## PA/SECRETARY (Shorthand/Audio)

required to work for partner of leading estate agents. He requires flexible and capable person willing to work on own initiative and must have experience at partner level. Friendly people, new company, excellent salary, LVA, BUPA and 3 weeks' holiday. Please ring Mr Bernard Gordon on 01-486 1252.

## SAVOIR FAIRE? Salary £6,000

As one of a team of 4 within this prestigious recruitment consultancy your responsibilities will include client liaison at the highest level, a variety of internal liaison tasks and ensuring the recruiting area is kept in excellent condition. If you have a level education, excellent verbal and written skills plus one year's experience and all the social graces then contact: Mrs Jones on 821 1925.

**Price Jameson**  
8 The Pines, 111

## TELEPHONE SALES WEST LONDON

Seeking to expand their international sales organization the telephone sales division of a leading international company is recruiting a minimum of 2 years exp. The successful candidate will be a self-starter with a proven track record in sales and a minimum of 2 years exp. in a similar position. Salary £6,000 plus commission. Contact Mrs Jones on 821 1925.

## PA/SECRETARY WITH FRENCH

If you have a level education, excellent verbal and written skills plus one year's experience and all the social graces then contact: Mrs Jones on 821 1925.

## CHARTERED SURVEYORS

City Chartered Surveyors require receptionist/typist/copy typist. Busy office with good fringe benefits. Flexible working hours. Salary circa £7,000.

Apply with CV to:  
**Richard Saunders & Partners**  
27-32 Old Jewry  
London EC2R 8JQ  
Ref J18

## CHAIRMAN'S SECRETARY £8,000 + Mortgage

As one of a Secretary working for this well-known public company of Prestigious City Northbank Bank, you will need excellent interpersonal skills, naturally excellent shorthand skills, naturally excellent typing skills, preferably in banking - but not essential. You will be working at the "top" in this field. Age 24 to 35.

**APPOINTMENTS 84 LTD.**  
Miss Stevenson, 242 2242  
(Rec. Cons)

## ADMIN PA/SEC

Required for small prestigious advertising agency in Covent Garden. Pleasant personality and a willing attitude together with good presentation and sense of humour are essential ingredients as well as first class secretarial experience. Age 25+ Skills 90/50.

Contact Mrs Patricia Lewis on 240 3805.

## CAREER OPPORTUNITY c £10,000

To join the Managing Director of this top class established Advertising Agency, this is a responsible PA position needing a very capable confident person with excellent verbal skills, (typical) into a solid work history.

**Elizabeth Hunt**  
RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS  
18 Grosvenor Street London W1  
Telephone 01-499 8070

## EXCEPTIONAL RECEPTIONIST

required by up-market Advertising Agency. Excellent appearance and excellent verbal and written skills. Previous advertising experience preferred. Age 25-30. Salary negotiable. Please telephone: Mrs Patricia Lewis on 240 3805.

## Secretary

An interesting opportunity has arisen for a presentable young secretary to work for the Marketing team of the F.T. Conference Organisation.

Applicants should have good shorthand/typing skills (100/60 wpm), the ability to work under pressure and a sense of humour. Word processing experience would be useful.

Salary £8,148 p.a. (increase pending)  
5 weeks holiday after one year

If you are interested please write to:  
**Jennifer Davies, Personnel Officer**  
**Financial Times Business Enterprises**  
**Greystoke Place, Fetter Lane, EC4A 1ND**  
or telephone her on 405 6969 for an application form.

## TRI-LINGUAL PA £9,000

A major City financial bank requires a high-calibre PA/Secretary to work on a confidential "top-secret" basis with the Executive Director of their Mergers and Acquisitions Dept. Excellent fringe benefits including a pension plan. This is a very much a PA position where the ability to work under pressure and a sense of humour are essential. Salary £9,000 plus 5% increase after one year.

**WEST END**  
An interesting career oriented PA/Secretarial position (£10,000) to work for a well-known international marketing executive in a major international public company. Excellent fringe benefits including a pension plan and a sense of humour are essential. Salary £10,000 plus 5% increase after one year.

**COLLEGE LEAVERS**  
We have three vacancies for college leavers to work under supervision at salary levels of £5,500 - £6,000 working in a company in the West End and Central London.

**499 9175**  
**MacBlain MASH**  
Recruitment Consultants  
16 Hanover Square London W1

## Another quick-thinking, unflappable, hard-working, experienced Secretary/PA is required for a very busy, fast- growing Company in the field of Applied Biotechnology.

The essential qualifications are perfect audio-typing, spelling and grammar, eye for detail, initiative, numeracy, discretion and sense of humour.

Book-keeping, PAYE, VAT and some technical jargon will be taught to a quick learner, if necessary.

Apply with full CV to:  
**Mary Thomsson**  
**InterBio (UK) Ltd.**  
11 Gloucester Road  
London SW7 4PP.

A member of the  
**InterBio International**  
Biotechnology Group.

## YOUNG PA's ADVERTISING £6,000

As PA to the Director of this large and well-known advertising agency, you will be responsible for a variety of administrative and secretarial duties. Excellent fringe benefits including a pension plan. Salary £6,000 plus 5% increase after one year.

**MANAGEMENT c£6,000**  
This international management consultancy is looking for a young secretary to work for a young charming Solicitor in a well-known West-End International Publishers. Interesting work, challenge, and a sense of humour are essential. Salary £6,000 plus 5% increase after one year.

**COSMETICS £5,000**  
A college leaver or young secretary with a sense of humour and a willingness to learn is sought for a well-known cosmetics company. Excellent fringe benefits including a pension plan. Salary £5,000 plus 5% increase after one year.

**SYNERGY**  
The recruitment consultancy  
01-637 9533

## SECRETARY Harrow on the Hill

We are a small recruitment Unit within an offshore engineering company and require a competent, enthusiastic and hardworking secretary. The successful applicant will undertake general secretarial duties, record keeping and a small amount of filing. On occasions there will be a vast amount of telephone work and applicants must therefore be able to communicate easily with people at all levels. Applicants should possess excellent typing skills, a sense of humour and a willingness to work unsupervised. Work pressure training will be given if necessary.

Please apply in writing to:  
**ANNE MBEAD**  
**CAREERS & CO. LTD.**  
118-122 Colindale Avenue,  
Harrow Middlesex

## LEGAL SEC PUBLISHING CO

An excellent opportunity for a young Audio Secretary, with about a years Legal experience, to work for a young charming Solicitor in a well-known West-End International Publishers. Interesting work, challenge, and a sense of humour are essential. Salary £6,000 plus 5% increase after one year.

**SYNERGY**  
The recruitment consultancy  
01-637 9533

## PA/SECRETARY FOR MANAGING DIRECTOR - HENDON

This is a job for a bright, experienced and non-smoking PA/Secretary with initiative and good sense who has experience at Director level and excellent secretarial skills. A knowledge of German/French is useful. The company is a family firm with multiple interests and branches in the USA and Germany. Would best suit single person, around 30. Starting date should be no later than June 1st. Excellent salary offered.

Please write to:  
**MR K. G. HEYDEN**  
Managing Director & Son Ltd.,  
Spectrum House, Hillview Gardens London, NW4 2JQ

## ASA LAW SECS

ASA Law Secs  
282 Bishopsgate,  
London EC2M 4NS.

## SENIOR ADMIN SEC COVENT GARDEN

We're a fast moving marketing company based in Covent Garden who need a senior secretary with audio skills. French would also be an asset for dealing with foreign clients. Small but super office with challenging, busy environment. Please don't apply unless you want to be involved and have a pride in what you do. Salary neg.

**Tel: CHRISTINE ROBINSON on 836 0299**  
(No Agencies)

## IBM 8100/3730 ANALYST

Must have in-depth knowledge of IBM WP equip. and must be confident, well-grounded and articulate. City Co will pay top salary to career minded applicant aged 25+.

For details of this and other top WP positions, both permanent and temporary call 481 4194

**CWPC (Rec. Cons)**

## C £7,000

International Import Company requires a young secretary seeking to advance her career. She will be reporting to her Director on fashion swimwear. Good shorthand/typing skills and a willingness to work as a team.

**Personnel Limited**  
18 Wigmore Street  
London W1  
Tel 01-637 3522

## EXPERIENCED SECRETARY PA

Probably aged 25+ required for busy American financial consulting company. Work involving extensive research. Knowledge of Anglo 1 programs preferred. Salary up to £7,500.

Please send resume to Project Finance  
100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765,



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Properties South of Thames

**DULWICH ALLEYN ROAD**  
Superb 1933 detached Georgian style residence. 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, new luxury fitted kitchen, south facing 1000 rear garden.  
**£150,000**  
Tel. 01-870 0863 or 0959 82266

**WIMBLEDON COMMON**  
Semi-detached house with 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
**01-785 6403**

**RIVERSIDE RESIDENCE**  
Thames bank, Mortlake - excellent Georgian style residence. 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
**RODNEY SCOTT & Co.**  
Tel: 01-876 0182

**WIMBLEDON COMMON**  
2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
**01-946 6938**

**LONDON FLATS**  
43 LANCASTER GARDENS, W.P.C. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
**01-734 2666**

Residential property/Baron Phillips

Buying a piece of the past

Owning a period home is the cherished dream of many. But for most people it remains very much a dream. The harsh reality of buying very old houses and cottages can simply be too daunting for most of us to contemplate.

For those prepared to put up with the many problems of owning a piece of our architectural heritage, help is at hand from two recently launched services. One aims to help you find the property of your dreams and the other gives a comprehensive service in the restoration and maintenance of the house once you have bought it.

Everything from a thatched cottage to an historic Scottish border castle can be found in *The Period Property Register*, which has been compiled by The Historic Buildings Company in Chobham, Surrey.

Period Projects, based in Hadleigh, Suffolk, set out to guide the prospective purchaser through the pitfalls and hazards of buying an historic home, whether it is a 150-year-old barn or a Tudor manor house.

The second issue of the property register has been released and within its bulky 142 pages are around 500 houses and flats ranging in price from £6,000 to £1m. It is the brainchild of Mr Brian Leadson, a consulting engineer with many years' experience of dating, valuing, surveying and restoring of older buildings.

Last autumn it was Mr Leadson's company that was trying to find a buyer for an Elizabethan manor house which had been taken apart, beam by beam, and was waiting to be rebuilt on another site.

The Register is published every six weeks and there is a fortnightly supplement listing the latest property to come on to the market.

Mr Leadson said this week: "The register's contents are becoming more varied with each issue. We believe it gives people the most comprehensive and regular guide to older property ever published. We are covering almost every area of the country as well as the widest possible price and age range."

Properties are classified by period, starting with medieval and ending with Victorian. Although the sections are clear (Georgian, Tudor, seventeenth century, etc), a property's inclusion in each category sometimes appears a little arbitrary. For example, in the Tudor section I found a few gems dating from 1450, a "Tudor Manor House" dating from Saxon times and a thatched cottage dated about 1680.

Apart from these minor historic aberrations, the register is an extremely useful guide. Although there are few photographs of properties there is a brief description of each, giving its location, asking price and the name and telephone number of the main agents handling the sale.

At the back of the guide there is a selection of homes which do not easily fit into the historic categories. This issue included a converted malthouse, an island house in Co. Galway, Ireland, and a converted church in Suffolk.

For someone who is looking for a house with grand connotations but cannot afford a stately home, there is a small section of apartments in various county estates starting at £33,500 leasehold.

And for those who already own an old house the Register offers various lordships of the manor which entitle the buyer to call himself, or herself, Lord or Lady of the Manor. In some cases these titles give ownership of and sporting rights over various commons and greens.

Owning a thatched cottage or a Tudor manor house can sometimes be nothing but a pile of trouble and expense. On a fine summer's day these homes can look breathtaking in their rural setting, but in the middle of winter they can be cold and miserable.

Over the last five years Period Projects has specialized in solving the many problems inherent in old and ancient homes. The company has it perfected a technique for dismantling and then rebuilding old timber-framed houses and cottages.

But Period Projects does allow you to acquire a character home with all modern comforts, including a standard of insulation 50 per cent higher than current standards laid down by the building industry.

The company offers a full service including planning, design, styling and finance as well as a full maintenance service. The company appears to specialize in the restoration of old timber-framed barns.

It is impossible to quote prices as they depend on each individual property, its location, age and condition. For further information the company should be contacted direct. Period Projects Ltd., 1 Market Place, Hadleigh, Suffolk IP7 5DL. Tel. 0473 827881.

According to many country agents the market for older properties in recent months has been extremely strong. Demand for these homes increases with the improved weather, and if you are in the market for a manor house or Tudor cottage then *The Period Property Register* may be the best way of narrowing down your search. For further information and a copy of the Register contact The Historic Buildings Company, Chobham Park House, Chobham, Surrey GU24 8PQ. Tel. 09905 7983. Annual subscription to the register and supplements is £15.

Offers of around £160,000 are being sought for this Grade 2 listed mill house in East Sussex, near Wadhurst. Believed to date from the sixteenth century, the Norfolk Road thatched property has many period features including inglenook fireplaces, exposed beams and leaded windows. Standing in 23 acres, the house has two reception rooms, four bedrooms and three bathrooms. Bernard Thorpe & Partners are the agents.



Country Properties

**WILTSHIRE CASTLE COMBE**  
A new detached country residence. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
**01-295 5555**

**SOUTHWELL**  
Extremely well located in a village. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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**WEST SUSSEX**  
A superb 17th century house. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
**01-876 0182**

**A CHANCE TO LIVE IN GODALMING**  
Special family home in prime residential position. One bedroom, two bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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**WYKE VALLEY**  
Cottage for improvement, adjoining stone barn, 2 acres, 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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**WALLINGTON, NR. BALDOCK**  
Who will be buying or selling? 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
**01-876 0182**

**BUCKINGHAMSHIRE**  
Large 4 bedroom modern country house. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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**CHEVELEY**  
A superb 17th century house. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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Country Properties

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**Court Barton, South Devon**  
Between Salcombe and Thurlestone

For 24 years you can experience the happiness and enjoyment of holidays in a luxurious cottage in beautiful countryside near the sea when you invest in the Court Barton Property P.L.C. development. Prices are from £1,500 to £7,250.

Without the worry and full expense of owning and maintaining that cottage.

The beautifully converted period buildings with the benefit of private swimming pool, restaurant and bar, stables, sauna/solarium and tennis court are all maintained for you by the resident management company.

That's why this small imaginative timeshare development in Devon has won acceptance by numerous professional people who appreciate the benefit of a long term holiday investment in a U.K. company which owns the freehold.

Of course, you may want a change from the sailing, riding, swimming, fly fishing, tennis, golf, shooting and walking at Court Barton. In which case you may exchange your holiday time for say, skiing in Europe, or sailing in the West Indies through membership of the RYCA exchange system.

Inspections available: a one day helicopter visit OR an overnight or weekend stay in the cottage of your choice. Please advise convenient dates for inspection when applying for the prospectus.

For a copy of the prospectus, on the basis of which alone applications will be accepted, apply at any time to:

**Court Barton Developments Limited,**  
South Huis, Nr. Kingsbridge, Devon TQ7 3EH.  
Telephone: (0548) 561919-0 Telex: 42792

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**ESSEX**  
Within 2 miles of Epping Green 40 minutes. Charming 11 miles SPAUCHON PERIOD HOUSE occupying a most attractive village situation. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**NORFOLK**  
Stunning 17th century detached house in traditional Norfolk style. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**SURREY**  
Charming 17th century detached house in traditional Surrey style. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**ARGYLL STRONE**  
6000 sq ft of stone. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**Ayat St Lawrence**  
Impressive 17th century detached house in traditional Ayat style. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**ISLE OF MAN, RAMSEY**  
Luxury detached 4 bedroom house. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**FITTOUR CASTLE**  
Stunning 17th century detached house in traditional Fittour style. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**SURREY**  
Charming 17th century detached house in traditional Surrey style. 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms, 4 double bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4 reception rooms.  
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**GLOS. HARTSFIELD**  
A superb 17th century house. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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A superb 17th century house. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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**SOUTH WILTSHIRE**  
A superb 17th century house. 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms, 2 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 2 reception rooms.  
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**Humberts**

Humberts have opened a new office at Lewes in Sussex with John Husband FRICS as the local partner for all residential, commercial and agricultural property with the full services of the London Office through John Wallis FRICS (National Farm Sales) and Jeremy Blanchard FRICS (Country Houses) 23 High Street, Lewes, Sussex BN7 2LU Telephone (07916) 78828

**Sussex 125 acres**  
Hasocks, Near Brighton. A spacious Victorian farmhouse and agricultural estate in a delightful rural setting. 2 reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, cloakroom, kitchen/breakfast room, oil central heating. Garaging. Comprehensive outbuildings. Stabling for 5 horses. Outdoor riding school. Cottage. Extensive farm buildings including covered yard and dairy complex. 5 further looseboxes and 6 stables. Planning consent for further cottage. £350,000 Freehold with about 125 acres. Joint Agents: Mansell McTaggart, Burgess Hill Tel: (04448) 5665 and Humberts, 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828

**Mid Sussex 34 1/2 acres**  
Scaynes Hill, near Haywards Heath. (Victoria/London Bridge) (45 minutes) A charming period house and small estate on the edge of an attractive village. Entrance hall, 3 reception rooms, 6 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, cloakroom, kitchen/breakfast room, nursery, oil central heating. Garaging. Outbuildings. 4 loose boxes. Fine heated swimming pool complex. Hard tennis court. Cottage. Beautiful gardens and grounds. Woodland. Paddock. For sale Freehold with about 34 1/2 acres. Details: 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828 and London Office Tel: 01-242 3121/0998

**East Sussex/Kent 4 1/2 acres**  
Cousley Wood, Wadhurst 1 1/2 miles. Timberidge Walls 4 1/2 miles. A fine country house in delightfully secluded mature gardens. 4 reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, cloakroom, kitchen/breakfast room, central heating, Garaging. Outbuildings. Stabling. Garden. Grounds. Woodland. For sale £110,000 Freehold with about 4 1/2 acres. Details: 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828

**East Sussex**  
Lewes 4 miles. Brighton 9 miles. London 48 miles. An attractive Tudor period house in an area of outstanding natural beauty. 5 reception rooms, 6 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, cloakroom, farmhouse kitchen/breakfast room, Domestic offices, oil central heating. Garaging. Outbuildings. Walled garden. Paddock. Self contained annexe. Studio and stores. For sale Freehold with about 2 acres. Details: 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828 and London Office Tel: 01-242 3121/0998

**East Sussex**  
Chelwood Gate, Near Forest Row. A delightful period cottage in a village on the edge of the Ashdown Forest. 3 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, cloakroom, kitchen/breakfast room, oil central heating. Double garaging. Garden. Outside studio/playroom. For sale £130,000 Freehold with about 3/4 acre. Joint agents: Powell and Partners, Forest Row Tel: (034282) 2261 and Humberts, 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828 and London Office Tel: 01-242 3121/0998

**Mid Sussex**  
Horsfield Keynes, Haywards Heath 4 miles. (Victoria 45 minutes) A detached cottage of great character in an attractive village. 2 reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, cloakroom, kitchen/breakfast room, oil central heating. Integral garaging. Large secluded garden. For sale £26,500 Freehold. Details: 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828

**East Sussex**  
Burrwash, near Heathfield. London 42 miles. A substantial country house at present a residential school with planning consent for a variety of alternative uses in a delightful rural situation. 5 reception rooms, 9 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 6 showers, large kitchen and comprehensive domestic offices. Warden's flat. Oil central heating. Garden. Grounds. For sale Freehold with about 2 acres. Details: 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828

**Sussex Brighton**  
Brunswick Square and Terrace 10 superb modernised flats in renowned Regency buildings in central position overlooking the sea front. Wilbury Road 6 further modernised flats close to Cricket Ground and centre of Hove. Accommodation ranges from 1 reception room and 1 bedroom to 2 reception rooms and 3 bedrooms. 59 year leases. For sale £18,000-£50,000. Details: 23 High Street, Lewes Tel: (07916) 78828

**Hertfordshire 10 acres**  
St Albans 3 miles. An exceptional period house listed Grade II dating back to the 14th Century in a rural location, but within easy access of London and local towns. 5 reception rooms, 11 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, cloakroom, kitchen/breakfast room, oil central heating, Garaging. Outbuildings. Stabling. Garden. Grounds. Paddock. Offers in the region of £175,000 Freehold with about 10 acres. Joint agents: Messrs Faulkner, Kings Langley Tel: (05277) 68168 and Humberts, 4 Romford Hill, St Albans Tel: (0727) 61738

**South Wiltshire 8 1/2 acres**  
Wyke Valley, Salisbury 6 miles. A superbly situated Georgian country house. 4 reception rooms, 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, cloakroom, kitchen/breakfast room, oil central heating, Garaging for 4 cars. Outbuildings. Stabling for 3 horses. Garden. Grounds. Paddock. Offers invited for the Freehold with about 8 1/2 acres. Details: 49 Castle Street, Salisbury Tel: (0727) 24422

**6 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London WC2A 3DB**  
Telephone: 01-242 3121/0998 Telex 27444







Today's television and radio programmes

Edited by Peter Dear

BBC 1
6.00 Ceefax AM. News headlines, weather, sport and traffic reports. Also available to those with a television set without the Teletext facility.
6.30 Breakfast Time with Frank Bough and Selma Woodhead. At 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00 and 8.30 with headlines on the quarter hours; regional news, weather and traffic at 6.45, 7.15, 7.45 and 8.15. This morning's guest is Tracey Ullman. Closedown at 9.00.
12.30 News After Noon. 12.57 Regional news (London and SE only). Financial report followed by news headlines with subtitles. 1.00 Pebble Mit at One includes film of the judging of the National Fashion Awards; a conversation with Anton Dolin; and a song from Britain's Eurovision Song Contest representatives. Sweet Dreams. 1.45 The Flumps. 2.00 Lord Byron Lived Here. Peter Porter visits Newstead.
2.15 Racing from Ascot introduced by Richard Patten. Live coverage of the Royal Fern Novices Steeplechase (2.30); the Pearce Duff Novices Hurdle (3.05); the Albion Meadow Hurdle (3.40). The commentators are Peter D. Sullivan and John Hamner. 3.53 Regional news (not London).
3.55 Play School. For the under fives (shown earlier on BBC2) 4.20 Cartoon: Boss Cat. 4.45 Take Hart. 5.05 Newsworld. 5.10 The Story of the Treasure Seekers. Part two.
5.40 News 6.00 South East at Six.
6.25 Nationwide includes the first or four reports on Our National Health. The reporter is John Hichins.
6.50 Triangle. Episode four.
7.15 Wildlife on One: Shipwreck. The film that won the award for the Outstanding Short Film at the 1982 International Wildlife Film Festival. The film shows the amazing marine life that is living in and around the wreck of the American Liberty ship, James Egan Lane, which sank in 1945 just off Whitesand Bay in Cornwall.
7.40 Open All Hours. Arkwright decides that he can increase his profits if he cuts out the middle man. What he needs is a product that he can make at home and have a daily demand. Granville is deputised to find this elusive product.
8.10 Dallas. Bobby, who naively thought that his struggle with JR for control of Ewing Oil was over, has his illusions shattered when he discovers a box of Cuban cigars.
9.00 A Party Political Broadcast on behalf of the Conservative Party.
9.05 News.
9.30 Q.E.D.: Faster than the Sun. A trip in Concorde timed from the flight deck, the passenger cabin and on the ground. But what is the future for the fabulous plane? Q.E.D. talks to Sir Stanley Hooker, Pierre Young and Brian Trubshaw.
10.00 Sportnight introduced by Harry Carpenter. Boxing and Yachting are featured tonight. Desmond Lyncham is in the premonition for the A.B.A. semifinals and Tony Gubba reports on Britain's latest bid to win the America's Cup. Britain's hopes rest on the 12 metre yacht, Victory, the product of a multi-million pound campaign to produce a challenger.
10.58 News headlines.
11.00 Chicago Story: Subterranean Blues. Detective Wojasni tries to infiltrate a gang run by a ruthless hoodlum. Starring Vincent D'Onofrio.
12.10 Weather.

TV-am
6.00 Daybreak presented by Gavin Scott followed at 6.30 by Good Morning Britain with Arma Ford and Nick Owen. News at 6.00, 6.20, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00; city news at 6.15; morning paper review at 6.33 and 6.53; pop video at 6.50; television reviewed and previewed at 7.50; Robert Stevens of the National Theatre interviewed at 6.40; behind a celebrity's front door at 8.50; Closedown at 9.15.
ITV/LONDON
9.30 Sesame Street. Learning made fun with the Muppets. 10.30 Science International, narrated by Michael Bentine. 10.35 Database. A look at what is on offer at the National Computer Centre (r) 11.00 The Wild, Wild World of Animals. A film about the sharks that breed and feed off Florida's western coast 11.30 Film Fun. Comedy and cartoons presented by Derek Griffiths (r) 12.00 Rod, Jane and Freddy with a story about the characters in Wizzard comic. 12.10 Rainbow. Learning with puppets. 12.30 Play It Again. Ray Alan is Tony Biblow's guest and he talks about his career and chooses clips from his favourite films. 1.00 News 1.20 Thames news with Robin Houston. 1.30 Crown Court. Continuing the case of the nightclub owner and manager who are accused of manslaughter following a fire on the premises which killed 17 people (r) 2.00 A Plus 2.30 Racing from Newmarket. Live coverage of the Earl of Seaton Stakes (2.35); the Ladbrokes European Free Handicap (3.10); and the Abernethy Stakes (3.40) Introduced by Brough Scott.
4.00 Rod, Jane and Freddy. A repeat of the programme shown at noon 4.15 Dangerous. Episode three and the professor has a monster problem 4.20 The Show Show. A new series featuring Matthew Corbett and a cast of 4.30 Cartoon. Roadrunner in Highway Runners 4.45 Murphy's Mob. Part 11 of the drama about a fourth division football club 5.15 Mr and Mrs. Three married couples in a quiz to see how much they know about their respective spouse 5.45 News 6.00 Thames news 6.25 Help presented by Nancy Robertson
6.35 Crossroads. Oliver Banks and his daughter, Panny, have a distressing scene in public 7.00 Carry On Laughing. A compilation of some of the more funny moments from the successful series of Carry On films
7.30 Coronation Street. A public protest meeting against the proposed site for a new shopping centre is organised by Ken Barlow
8.00 This is Your Life. Eamonn Andrews and his red book surprises another stunned celebrity
9.00 Widows. Episode live and the ladies have completed the preparations for the raid on the security van
10.00 A Party Political Broadcast on behalf of the Conservative Party
10.05 News followed by Thames News headlines
10.35 Thames Sport Special. Derek Thompson introduces five-a-side football from Wembley Arena where 14 teams are competing for the Standard trophy.
11.35 Mannix. When he investigates the theft of a famous diamond collection Mannix meets Hamilton Starr, a ruthless villain who is also blind.
12.30 Close with Brian Blessed



David Schofield as Ernest Shackleton: BBC-2 9.30pm

Tonight sees the start of a four-part drama documentary SHACKLETON (BBC-2 9.30pm), an account by the explorer who sailed to Antarctica by the explorer who sailed to Antarctica by the South Pole. The series begins with the background to why there was so much antagonism between Shackleton and his great rival, Robert Falcon Scott. Filmed in the harsh, snowy, wastelands of East Greenland, the drama captures the harsh realities of early exploration with Shackleton being blamed by Scott for the comparative failure of the 1902 British National Antarctic Expedition because of frail health. This antipathy deepens later on when Shackleton decides to mount an expedition of his own to Antarctica much to Scott's chagrin as he regarded the area as his own personal fiefdom for exploration. David Schofield plays the down-

CHOICE
earth, egotistical, Shackleton with Neil Stacy as the aloof, aloof, Scott.
The work behind putting on an opera is the subject of a new six-part series STAGING AN OPERA (Channel 4 6.30pm) Producing Beethoven's Fidelio for Kent Opera is Jonathan Miller in possibly his last production following his announcement that he intends to resume his medical career. This week Norman Pan, the artistic director, explains his role as well as the history of the company. An entertaining format that should appeal to lovers of opera and the non-committed alike.
The most persuasive interview series for many a moon reviews the accolade of a quick repeat beginning tonight. IN THE

PSYCHIATRIST'S CHAIR (Radio 4 8.45pm) is a personal triumph for Dr Anthony Clark whose persuasive probing elicited hitherto unknown depths of feeling from his interviewees. None more so than tonight's participant, the controversial historian David Irving who talks about himself and those people and events that were a major influence in both his private and professional life.
Robert Lindsey, that versatile actor last seen on television as Edmund in Oliver's King Lear and before that as the Tooting freedom fighter in Citizen Smith, stars with Pat Coombs in the next live comedy series ALBERT AND ME (Radio 2 10.05 pm) about a single, unemployed man with a baby. An unlikely mixture for laughs but scriptwriter Jim Eldridge has managed to make the combination very witty.

ENGLAND: VHF with above except 1.55-2.00m Weather: Travel. 1.55-2.00m Listening Corner. 11.00 Study on 4: Get by in Greek. 11.30-12.10 Open University. 12.00-12.10 The Science of Man. 11.50 The Urban Demographer.
Radio 3
6.55 Weather.
7.00 News.
7.05 Your Midweek Choice: Johann Stamitz, S. S. Wesley, Schubert, Hindemith.
8.00 News.
8.05 Your Midweek Choice (continued): Leigh Coates, Saint-Saens, Sibelius.
9.00 News.
9.05 This Week's Composers: The Spanish Golden Age. Luis Milan, Diego Ortiz, Mateo Flecha the elder, Alonso Lobo, Juan Esquivel, Rodrigo Cabello.
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